### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF POWER

# LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.3641 TO BE ANSWERED ON 23.03.2017

#### **ASSISTANCE UNDER DDUGJY**

#### 3641. SHRI GAURAV GOGOI:

Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

- (a) whether any assistance is provided by the Government for new lines and substations in rural areas under Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Gram Jyoti Yojana (DDUGJY);
- (b) if so, the details thereof;
- (c) whether power is transferred to rural households and agriculture in the villages electrified under DDUGJY and if so, the details thereof; and
- (d) the quantum of AT & C losses during the last one year, State/UT-wise and the corrective steps being taken thereon?

#### ANSWER

### THE MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) FOR POWER, COAL, NEW & RENEWABLE ENERGY AND MINES

#### (SHRI PIYUSH GOYAL)

- (a) & (b): Government of India (GoI) has launched Deendayal Upadhyaya Gram Jyoti Yojana (DDUGJY) in the country in December, 2014 with an outlay of Rs.43,033 crore. Under the scheme, Rs.9601.87 crore has been sanctioned for system strengthening in rural areas, which includes installation of new lines and sub-stations.
- (c): Gol helps in developing infrastructure for supply of power to households and agriculture. However, supply of power is the responsibility of State/DISCOMs.
- (d): As per Power Finance Corporation (PFC) Ltd. 'Report on Performance of State Power Utilities', overall Aggregate Technical & Commercial (AT&C) losses for utilities selling power directly to consumers for the year 2014-15 is 24.62%. The statewise details of AT&C loss of States are given in Annexure.

Further, GoI has launched UDAY (Ujwal DISCOM Assurance Yojana) on 20<sup>th</sup> November, 2015 to improve financial and operational efficiencies of Power Distribution Companies (DISCOMs). The Scheme aims to bring AT&C losses to 15% by FY 2018-19.

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## ANNEX REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PART (d) OF UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 3641 TO BE ANSWERED IN THE LOK SABHA ON 23.03.2017.

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### AT&C loss of States (in %)

State	2014-15
Bihar	43.99
Jharkhand	47.01
Sikkim	42.37
West Bengal	35.35
Odisha	39.28
Arunachal Pradesh	67.83
Assam	26.00
Manipur	49.62
Meghalaya	34.69
Mizoram	33.51
Nagaland	78.48
Tripura	38.02
Delhi	12.90
Haryana	32.52
Himachal Pradesh	15.21
Jammu & Kashmir	59.04
Punjab	17.56
Rajasthan	29.28
Uttar Pradesh	33.82
Uttarakhand	18.82
Andhra Pradesh	10.55
Karnataka	18.71
Kerala	17.64
Puducherry	16.64
Tamil Nadu	24.74
Telangana	13.23
Chhattisgarh	27.84
Goa	13.31
Gujarat	16.06
Madhya Pradesh	30.26
Maharashtra	19.75
National Level	24.62

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