ORIGINAL IN HINDI

Government of India Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution Department of Consumer Affairs

LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 3331 TO BE ANSWERED ON 6.12.2016

STOCK OF ESSENTIAL COMMODITIES

3331. SHRI RAMESH BIDHURI: (**OIH**) SHRI J.J.T. NATTERJEE:

Will the Minister of CONSUMER AFFAIRS, FOOD AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION उपभोक्ता मामले, खाद्य और सार्वजनिक वितरण मंत्री be pleased to state:

- (a) whether there exist guidelines to minimize or limit stocking of essential commodities by farmers, companies and traders and if so, the details thereof including the manner in which the Government fixes stock limit of essential commodities;
- (b) whether the Government is planning to remove the stock limit guidelines to allow traders to buy from farmers and if so, the details thereof;
- (c) whether the Government is planning to establish a mechanism to address the issues concerning violation of stock limit and to remove/review stock limit guidelines and if so, the details thereof;
- (d) whether some traders have taken advantage of the lack of proper rules/ guidelines in stocking of essential commodities by hoarding and creating artificial scarcity and if so, the details thereof along with action taken plan by the Government to address the issue; and
- (e) whether the Government proposes to strengthen strategies to check hoarding and also the present law of checking hoarding to ensure availability of essential commodities and if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

उपभोक्ता मामले, खाद्य और सार्वजनिक वितरण राज्य मंत्री (श्री सी. आर. चौधरी)

THE MINISTER OF STATE CONSUMER AFFAIRS, FOOD AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION (SHRI C. R. CHAUDHARY)

(a) to (d) The Essential Commodities Act, 1955 empowers the Government to control distribution, supply and prices of essential commodities including food items. Vide Order No.G.S.R.800 dated 09.06.1978, these powers have been delegated to the States/UTs. Whenever they feel that there is an abnormal price rise or scarcity in the market in an essential commodity due to hoarding, they can impose limits on storage of the specific essential commodity after concurrence of the Central Government. The decision on the specific stock limits to be applied remains with the States/UTs.

The States & UTs are enforcement agencies to take action against violation of stock limits, speculators creating artificial scarcity etc. under the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 and the Prevention of Black Marketing and Maintenance of Supplies of Essential Commodities Act, 1980. Action taken by States during the current calendar year is annexed.

(e) The Essential Commodities Act, 1955 and the PBMMSEC Act, 1980 are adequate to check hoarding and to ensure adequate availability of essential commodities in the open market.

STATEMENT REFERRED IN REPLY TO PARTS (a) to (d) OF LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.3331 FOR 06.12.2016 REGARDING STOCK OF ESSENTIAL COMMODITIES.

ACTION TAKEN UNDER THE ESSENTIAL COMMODITIES ACT, 1955 DURING 2016

(Relating to offences under EC Act- for violation of stock control orders)

Updated as on 02.12.2016

		No. of Raids	No. of Persons			Value of goods	Detentions	Reported upto
Sl.	STATES/UTs	Conducted	Arrested	Prosecuted	Convicted	Confiscated	Ordered	
No.	2					(Rs. In Lakhs)		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1.	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	July
2.	ASSAM	77	Nil	8	Nil	8.50	Nil	May (Except 01/2016)
3.	BIHAR	54	0	0	0	0	Not Reported	*
4.	CHHATTISGARH	81	0	0	0	12.24	Not Reported	April to August
								July
5.	DELHI	79	1	-	-	-	3	(Except
								2/3/4/5/2016)
6.	GOA	23	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Not Reported	October
7.	GUJARAT	8208	13	14	-	122.37	12	October
8.	HARYANA	58	46	5	-	81.79	Nil	August (Except 03/2016)
9.	HIMACHAL PRADESH	20226	-	-	-	20.81	Not Reported	August
10.	KARNATAKA	3266	137	14	0	41.57	Nil	September
11.	KERALA	5380	38	26	8	4.11	Nil	August
12.	LAKSHADWEEP	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Not Reported	June
13.	MADHYA PRADESH	107	-	_	-	-	Not Reported	June

14.	MAHARASHTRA	389	577	275	0	295.61	1	October
15.	MANIPUR	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	August (Except 4/2016)
16.	MIZORAM	44	-	-	-	-	Nil	September (Except 2/2016)
17.	MEGHALAYA	2	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	August
							,	
18.	NAGALAND	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Not Reported	January
19.	PUNJAB	923	-	-	-	-	Not Reported	June
20.	RAJASTHAN	44	8	8	9	1.51	Nil	August & September
21.	SIKKIM	71	-	-	-	-	Nil	August (Except 03/2016)
22.	TAMILNADU	15821	4482	3121	118	84.38	117	September
23.	TELANGANA	1395	177	5	5	804.6	7	August
24.	TRIPURA	351	0	0	0	3.07	Not Reported	August (Except 1/2/2016)
25.	UTTARAKHAND	596	23	4	-	0.8	4	July
26.	UTTAR PRADESH	11700	110	154	74	264.4	Nil	September (Except 06/2016)
27.	WEST BENGAL	504	163	30	2	10898.88	Nil	October
28.	A & N ISLANDS	81	-	_	_	-	Nil	September
29.	CHANDIGARH	Nil	Nil	3	1	Nil	Nil	September
30.	D&N HAVELI	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Not Reported	June
31.	PUDUCHERRY	677	2	8	-	93.72	Nil	October
	TOTAL	70157	5777	3675	217	12738.36	144	

Note: Other States have not submitted report so far.