

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE**

**LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2951
TO BE ANSWERED ON 2ND DECEMBER, 2016**

MORTALITY RATE

**2951. PROF. CHINTAMANI MALVIYA:
SHRI SHER SINGH GHUBAYA:
DR. BHARATIBEN D. SHYAL:**

Will the Minister of **HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of the disease having highest mortality rate in the country;
- (b) the steps being taken by the Government to reduce the mortality rate due to such diseases along with the details thereof; and
- (c) the number of people died due to such diseases in the country during each of the last three years and the current year?

ANSWER

**THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND
FAMILY WELFARE
(SHRI FAGGAN SINGH KULASTE)**

(a): As per World Health Organisation (WHO)'s "Non-Communicable Diseases (NCD) Country Profiles 2014", NCDs are estimated to account for 60 per cent of total deaths in India which includes deaths due to Cardiovascular Diseases (26%), Cancer (7%), Chronic Respiratory Diseases (13%), Diabetes (2%) and other NCDs (12%).

(b): Public Health being a State subject, it is primarily the responsibility of the State Governments to provide health care to the people. However, financial and technical assistance is being provided to the States/UTs under the National Health Mission (NHM) for strengthening existing healthcare facilities including setting up of infrastructure, training of doctors and para medical staff, etc. as per State specific Programme Implementation Plans (PIPs).

Government of India is implementing National Programme for Prevention and Control of Cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases and Stroke (NPCDCS) under NHM to supplement the efforts of the State Governments for the interventions up to District level. The objective of the programme includes setting up of NCD Clinics at District and Community Health Centres (CHCs), Cardiac Care Units, Day Care Centres, awareness generation for behaviour and life-style changes, screening and early diagnosis of persons with high level of risk factors and their treatment and referral (if required) to higher facilities for appropriate management for Non-communicable Diseases. A Statement showing State/UT-wise list of NCD clinics and Cardiac Care Units (CCUs) established under NPCDCS is at Annexure-I.

Under Tertiary Care Cancer Centre (TCCC) Scheme, Government of India is assisting States to set up / establish State Cancer Institute (SCI) and TCCC in different parts of the country.

(c): State/UT wise data on deaths due to Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs) is not maintained centrally.

However, State/UT wise estimates of death due to cancer, as furnished by Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR), for last three years and current year is at Annexure -II.

National Programme for Prevention and Control of Cancer, Diabetes,
Cardiovascular Diseases and Stroke (NPCDCS)

Infrastructure Details (As on 30th September 2016)

S. No.	States/UTs	State NCD Cell	District NCD Cell	District NCD Clinic	CCU	CHC NCD Clinic	Day Care Center
1	Andhra Pradesh	1	9	9	7	62	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	1	17	17	0	20	0
3	Assam	1	14	14	5	43	5
4	Bihar	1	6	6	3	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	1	9	9	1	53	2
6	Goa	1	1	1	1	2	0
7	Gujarat	1	19	19	5	68	2
8	Haryana	1	9	9	4	2	6
9	Himachal Pradesh	1	12	12	2	140	0
10	Jammu	1	2	2	2	5	2
	Kashmir		10	10	4	19	4
11	Jharkhand	1	12	12	1	56	0
12	Karnataka	1	15	15	5	48	5
13	Kerala	1	5	5	4	85	4
14	Madhya Pradesh	1	15	15	5	46	15
15	Maharashtra	1	17	17	10	127	5
16	Manipur	1	9	8	0	5	1
17	Meghalaya	1	3	3	1	6	2
18	Mizoram	1	6	6	2	10	2
19	Nagaland	1	11	11	1	0	2
20	Odisha	1	19	17	5	62	1
21	Punjab	1	22	22	2	192	3
22	Rajasthan	1	24	24	7	75	8
23	Sikkim	1	2	2	2	0	1
24	Tamil Nadu	1	32	32	15	621	0
25	Telangana	1	2	2	0	0	0
26	Tripura	1	2	2	0	0	0
27	Uttar Pradesh	1	38	38	0	77	0
28	Uttarakhand	1	2	2	0	8	0
29	West Bengal	1	10	10	8	38	1
30	Andaman & Nicobar	1	0	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	1	0	1	0	0	0
32	Dadar & Nagar Haveli	1	0	1	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	1	0	0	0	0	0
34	Lakshadweep	1	0	0	0	0	0
35	Delhi	1	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	1	2	3	1	1	0

Estimated Mortality of cancer cases in India by different State/UT - All sites - (2013 to 2016)* - Both sexes				
States/UTs	2013	2014	2015	2016
Jammu & Kashmir	6782	7144	7525	7925
Himachal Pradesh	3598	3742	3893	4048
Punjab	14580	15171	15784	16423
Chandigarh	563	590	618	646
Uttaranchal	5399	5667	5949	6245
Haryana	13505	14135	14797	15491
Delhi	8897	9290	9699	10127
Rajasthan	36495	38202	39985	41848
Uttar Pradesh	107170	112514	118115	123985
Bihar	56372	59431	62651	66040
Sikkim	234	236	240	242
Arunachal Pradesh	619	628	638	649
Nagaland	659	662	665	667
Manipur	1381	1419	1460	1500
Mizoram	791	808	824	841
Tripura	1079	1094	1109	1125
Meghalaya	1612	1644	1676	1710
Assam	15677	15853	16029	16206
West Bengal	48075	50110	52231	54443
Jharkhand	17760	18683	19653	20671
Odisha	22105	23043	24019	25035
Chhattisgarh	13751	14472	15231	16030
Madhya Pradesh	38962	40917	42964	45110
Gujarat	32275	33832	35466	37182
Daman & Diu	154	176	200	229
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	198	215	233	254
Maharashtra	59231	61732	64332	67035
Telangana	18573	19385	20235	21126
Andhra Pradesh	25904	26970	28082	29244
Karnataka	32401	33881	35430	37052
Goa	767	799	834	870
Lakshadweep	36	39	42	45
Kerala	17858	18827	19892	21062
Tamil Nadu	37118	38310	39537	40796
Pondicherry	678	717	759	802
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	196	203	210	217
Total	641455	670541	701007	732921
Ref: Three-year Report of the Population Based Cancer Registries (PBCRs): 2012-2014, Bengaluru, 2016.				
*Projected mortality cases for India were computed by applying Mumbai Mortality/Incidence (MI) ratio to the projected incidence cancer cases.				