

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF AYUSH
RAJYA SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.2730
TO BE ANSWERED ON 17th MARCH, 2026

“Improvement of AYUSH through grid project, A-HMIS & e-Aushdhi”

2730: Dr. Dharmasthala Veerendra Heggade

Will the Minister of *Ayush* be pleased to state:

- (a) the manner in which the AYUSH Grid project, Ayush Health Management Information System (A-HMIS) and e-Aushadhi have improved efficiency and transparency since their applications;
- (b) the outcomes achieved through AYUSH Telemedicine and e-Sanjeevani integration in expanding healthcare access in remote and deprived areas; and
- (c) the steps being taken by the Ministry to ensure Quality Control and standardisation of AYUSH drugs through laboratories and testing protocols?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE (IC) OF THE MINISTRY OF AYUSH
(SHRI PRATAPRAO JADHAV)

- (a) The Ayush Grid project, launched by the Ministry of Ayush, serves as a comprehensive digital backbone for the Ayush sector, with the objective of strengthening service delivery across healthcare, research and development, education and awareness, drug administration, capacity building and medicinal plants. Under this initiative, multiple digital platforms including Ayush Hospital Management Information System (A-HMIS) and e-Aushadhi have been developed. The A-HMIS has been adopted by Ayush facilities to enhance patient care, improve operational efficiency and support data-driven decision-making. It standardises diagnostics, treatment workflows and service delivery, thereby improving institutional accountability and transparency.

e-Aushadhi is an IT enabled online portal to grant license to and/or renew the license of the manufacturers to manufacture Ayurveda, Siddha, Sowa-Rigpa, Unani and Homoeopathy medicines by their respective State (Ayush) Licensing Authorities, as per the provisions of Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 and Drugs Rules, 1945. The portal helps in facilitating paperless processing and tracking of the applications.

- (b) Ayush telemedicine services, delivered through eSanjeevani have expanded healthcare access in remote and underserved areas by operationalising Ayush OPDs

and implementing the hub-and-spoke model under eSanjeevani AB–AAM. These initiatives have improved access to consultations without long travel, strengthened last-mile service delivery, and enabled efficient utilisation of Ayush specialists.

- (c) The steps being taken by the Ministry to ensure Quality Control and standardisation of AYUSH drugs through laboratories and testing protocols are as follows:

The Drugs & Cosmetics Act, 1940 and Drugs Rules, 1945 have exclusive regulatory provisions for Ayurvedic, Siddha, Sowa-Rigpa, Unani and Homoeopathy drugs. Provisions relating to Ayurveda, Siddha, Sowa-Rigpa and Unani Drugs are contained in Chapter IVA and Schedule- I of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 and in Rules 151 to 169, Schedules E(I), T & TA of the Drugs Rules, 1945. Further, second schedule (4A) of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 provides standards for Homoeopathic drugs and Rules 2dd, 30AA, 67 (C-H), 85 (A to I), 106-A, Schedule K, Schedule M-I of the Drugs Rules, 1945 pertain to Homoeopathic drugs. It is mandatory for the manufacturers to adhere to the prescribed requirements for licensing of manufacturing units & medicines including proof of safety & effectiveness, compliance with the Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP) as per Schedule T & Schedule M-I of Drugs Rules, 1945 and quality standards of drugs given in the respective pharmacopoeia.

Pharmacopoeia Commission for Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy (PCIM&H), subordinate organization under Ministry of Ayush, lays down the formulary specifications and pharmacopoeial standards for Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani and Homoeopathy (ASU&H) drugs which serves as official compendia for ascertaining the quality (identity, purity and strength) of the ASU&H drugs. As per the Drugs & Cosmetics Act, 1940 and rules there under, the compliance to this quality standards are mandatory for manufacturing of ASU&H drugs.

PCIM&H also acts as the Appellate Drugs Testing Laboratory for testing or analysis of ASU&H Drugs. In addition, it conducts capacity-building trainings at regular intervals for the standardization, quality control, and testing or analysis of ASU&H drugs for Drug Regulatory Authorities, Drug Analysts, and other relevant stakeholders, with a focus on laboratory techniques and methodologies essential for ensuring the quality of ASU&H drugs.

Rule 160 A to J of the Drugs Rules, 1945 provides the regulatory guidelines for approval of Drug Testing Laboratory for carrying out such tests of identity, purity, quality and strength of Ayurvedic, Siddha and Unani drugs as may be required under the provisions of these rules, on behalf of licensee for manufacture of Ayurvedic, Siddha and Unani drugs. As on date, 34 State Drug Testing Laboratories have been supported for strengthening their infrastructural and functional capacity. Further, 108 laboratories are approved or licensed under the provisions of Drugs Rules, 1945 for quality testing of Ayurvedic, Siddha and Unani drugs and raw materials.

Ministry of Ayush has established an Ayush vertical in the Central Drugs Standard Control Organisation (CDSCO), which includes posts of 1 Deputy Drugs Controller, 4 Assistant Drugs Controllers, and 4 Drugs Inspectors. Drugs Inspectors posted in Ayush vertical, inspect various manufacturing units in coordination with the

licensing authorities/drugs inspectors of respective States/Union Territories for ensuring safety and quality of Ayush medicines.
