

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI
DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER AND SANITATION
RAJYA SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. – 1058
ANSWERED ON 09/02/2026

JAL JEEVAN MISSION IN ANDHRA PRADESH

1058. SHRI MEDA RAGHUNADHA REDDY
SHRI AYODHYA RAMI REDDY ALLA

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

- (a) Whether the Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) central dashboard shows any blocks/mandals in the State of Andhra Pradesh where household tap-connection targets remain unachieved as on date and the reasons for gaps (forest permissions/land acquisition/quality);
- (b) If so, the number of households still without functional taps and the Central funds released to Andhra Pradesh for JJM projects during the last two years;
- (c) If not, the reasons therefor;
- (d) The central technical assistance (water quality labs, fluoride mitigation technologies) that has been offered specifically for the State of Andhra Pradesh is high-Fluoride habitations;
- (e) If so, the details thereof; and
- (f) If not, the reasons thereof?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI
(SHRI V. SOMANNA)

(a) to (c) The Government of India, in partnership with States/UTs, implements the Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) to provide functional tap water connections to every rural household (at 55 lpcd, BIS:10500 standard). As drinking water is a State subject, the primary responsibility for planning, implementation, operation, and maintenance of these schemes lies with the respective State/UT Governments. The Central Government offers essential technical and financial assistance to support the states in this mission.

As reported by State Govt. of Andhra Pradesh, at the beginning of Jal Jeevan Mission in August 2019, only 30,74,310 (32.18%) rural households were reported to have tap water connection. Around 40,78,016 (62.94%) additional rural households have been provided with tap water connections under Mission. As on 06.02.2026 total 71,52,326 (74.87%) out of 95,53,169 rural households have been provided with tap water connection in the State of Andhra Pradesh.

To bring transparency and effective monitoring, an online 'JJM dashboard' has been created, which provides State/ UT-wise and district-wise progress as well as status of provision of tap water supply to rural areas, which can be accessed through the following link:

https://ejalshakti.gov.in/JJM/JJMReports/Physical/JJMRep_HouseholdTapWaterConnection.aspx

The detail of funds allocated and released to state of Andhra Pradesh are given below:

Rs. in Crore

S. No.	Year	Central share				
		Opening Balance	Fund allocated	Fund Drawn	Available fund	Expenditure
1	2019-20	25.74	372.64	372.64	398.38	121.62
2	2020-21	276.76	790.48	297.62	574.38	419.30
3	2021-22	155.09	3,182.88	791.06	946.15	234.02
4	2022-23	712.13	3,458.20	-	712.13	304.71
5	2023-24	407.42	6,530.49	793.57	1,200.99	861.11
6	2024-25	339.88	2,520.97	70.00	409.88	375.65
7	2025-26	34.24	-	-	34.24	0.01
Total			16,855.66	2,324.89	2,350.63	2,316.42

Source: JJM-IMIS

Further, considering the progress achieved so far and ongoing works, Hon'ble Finance Minister has announced extension of Jal Jeevan Mission till December 2028 with enhanced total outlay through budget announcements 2025-26.

(d) to (f) Under JJM, while planning water supply schemes to provide tap water supply to households, priority is given to habitations affected by chemical contaminants including Fluoride. States/ UTs have been advised to plan and implement piped water supply schemes based on alternative safe water sources for the villages with water quality issues.

Further, States/ UTs have been advised to install community water purification plants (CWPPs) especially in Arsenic and Fluoride affected habitations to provide potable water to every household to meet their drinking and cooking requirements (to the tune of 8-10 litres per capita per day) till the commissioning of piped water supply schemes compliant to JJM standards

The Department of Drinking Water & Sanitation has also launched the "Handbook on Drinking Water Treatment Technologies" which was published in March 2023, followed by a "Concise Handbook for Monitoring Water Quality of Piped Drinking Water Supply to Rural Households" in December 2024. These handbooks are designed to provide practical guidance for field practitioners, ensuring effective management of safe water supply systems
