GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, RIVER DEVELOPMENT & GANGA REJUVENATION

RAJYA SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 97

ANSWERED ON 01.12.2025

ATAL BHUJAL YOJANA IN THE STATE OF KARNATAKA

97. SHRI LAHAR SINGH SIROYA:

Will the Minister of Jal Shakti be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of districts in the State of Karnataka covered under the Atal Bhujal Yojana;
- (b) whether the programme has led to improvement in groundwater management through community participation; and
- (c) the measures taken by Government to scale up this successful model across other water-stressed regions of the country?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI

(SHRI RAJ BHUSHAN CHOUDHARY)

- (a) Atal Bhujal Yojana was a pilot scheme for participatory groundwater management, implemented in priority water stressed areas across seven States. In Karnataka, the scheme was implemented in 1199 Gram Panchayats of 14 districts, namely: Bagalkot, Belagavi, Bengaluru Rural, Chamarajanagar, Chikkaballapur, Chikkamagaluru, Chitradurga, Davanagere, Gadag, Hassan, Kolar, Ramanagara, Tumakuru and Vijayanagar.
- (b) Yes, the programme has demonstrably improved groundwater management through active community participation. Formation of Participatory Groundwater Management Committee (PGMC), preparation of participatory Water Security Plans, adoption of water efficient practices, community-led monitoring, and implementation of recharge structures have collectively contributed to better governance and sustainable use of groundwater resources. During the Scheme period, more than 25,000 water conservation/ harvesting structures were constructed in the scheme implementation area of Karnataka and more than 2.1 lakh hectare of land was brought under efficient irrigation practices.
- (c) Atal Bhujal Yojana was conceived as a pilot scheme for participatory ground water management with a fixed duration & outlay. However, this Ministry has requested all states to take necessary steps to integrate key outcomes of the scheme into their groundwater management plans.
