GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF EDUCATION DEPARTMENT OF HIGHER EDUCATION

RAJYA SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO-1149 ANSWERED ON-10/12/2025

Rural education

1149 Shri Chandrakant Damodar Handore:

Will the Minister of EDUCATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of funds allocated and utilised for rural education initiatives;
- (b) the impact of digital learning programs and other schemes on rural education outcomes;
- (c) the measures to bridge the urban-rural education divide and strengthen rural education; and
- (d) if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION (DR. SUKANTA MAJUMDAR)

(a) to (d) The Government of India has framed and approved the National Education Policy (NEP) 2020 to transform the education landscape into a learner-centric ecosystem. It emphasises on building & augmenting physical infrastructure, digital infrastructure & integration of ICT based tools, and inclusivity measures as critical thrust areas for expanding access to quality education, particularly in rural regions. The details of various initiatives aimed at these key areas are as follows:

NEP 2020 accords priority to strengthen the physical infrastructure, particularly in rural and remote areas, through the construction of new buildings, addition of classrooms, and upgradation of facilities. Initiatives such as *Samagra Shiksha*, *PM-SHRI*, and *PM-USHA* are contributing to building safe and inclusive infrastructure and learning environments, thereby enhancing access, enrolment, retention, and overall educational outcomes. The details of the initiatives are as follows:

• Samagra Shiksha: Samagra Shiksha is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme which aims to ensure that all children, from pre-school to class 12, have access to quality education. Under the scheme financial assistance is provided to the States and UTs for opening/strengthening of schools till senior secondary level, construction of school buildings & additional classrooms, development/strengthening of school infrastructure in northern border areas, setting up of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose Avasiya Vidyalayas, construction of hostels for PVTGs under PM-JANMAN, construction of hostels under Dharti Aaba Janjatiya Gram Utkarsh Abhiyan for unsaturated ST population etc. In the last financial year (2024-25) more than Rs 34,000 crore has been released as the central share under this scheme.

- **PM–SHRI:** Pradhan Mantri Schools for Rising India (PM-SHRI) is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme, in which existing schools managed by Central/State/UT Government and local bodies are strengthened and upgraded. A total of 13,076 PM SHRI schools have been selected from 33 States/UTs along with Kendriya Vidyalaya (KVS) and Navodaya Vidyalaya (NVS) through transparent challenge process out of which *9,373 PM SHRI schools are in rural areas* of the country. In the last financial year (2024-25) more than Rs 3500 crore were released as the central share under this scheme.
- **PM-USHA:** Pradhan Mantri Uchchatar Shiksha Abhiyan (PM-USHA) is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme aimed at funding specific State government universities and colleges, so as to improve their infrastructure and quality by ensuring their conformity to prescribed norms and standards. Under PM-USHA, priority is given to districts based on Gross Enrolment Ratio, Aspirational/ Border areas, gender parity and the proportion of disadvantaged categories such as Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, and Other Backward Classes. The government has launched its third phase for the period 2023-24 to 2025-26 with an outlay of Rs. 12926.10 crore to cater to the needs of educationally underserved and rural areas. Since the inception of the scheme, an amount of Rs.8,117.13 crore has been released to various States/UTs under different components of the scheme till date.

The NEP 2020 also emphasises on digital infrastructure, connectivity and integration of ICT-based tools to expand access to quality education. Under *Samagra Shiksha*, ICT laboratories, smart classrooms, and digital boards are being established in rural schools. The *National Knowledge Network (NKN)* initiative provides high speed internet to educational institutions. The Union Budget 2025 includes a provision under the *BharatNet project* to extend broadband connectivity to government secondary schools in rural areas in a phased manner. Initiatives such as *PM eVIDYA*, *DIKSHA*, *SWAYAM*, *SWAYAM Prabha*, *National Digital Library of India (NDLI)*, and *Rashtriya e-Pustakalaya* provide multi-lingual e-content for students and teachers, promoting blended and remote learning. The details are as follows:

- Samagra Shiksha: Under the scheme financial assistance is also provided for establishing ICT Labs and Smart Classrooms in schools. The non- recurring/recurring grant under 'ICT and Digital Initiatives' is available to the States and UTs. As per PRABANDH portal, till date 1,79,153 ICT Labs and 1,76,738 Smart Classrooms have been sanctioned to State/UT Governments under this element of Samagra Shiksha.
- NKN Connectivity: The National Knowledge Network (NKN), initiated by the Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology (MeitY), is a secure and high-speed digital backbone that empowers research, educational institutions and government organizations across India to share data and resources. The project has been extended till 31st March 2026 with a financial outlay of Rs. 7188 crores. Under the connectivity component of National Mission on Education through Information and Communication Technology (NMEICT) Scheme of Ministry of Education (MoE), funds are released to Bharat Sanchar Nigam Limited (BSNL) and Mahanagar Telephone Nigam Limited (MTNL) to provide 1 Gbps bandwidth NKN connectivity to various Higher Education Institutions across India. So far more than 1800 institutions have been provided connectivity under the project including from funds under NMEICT.
- PM eVIDYA: The Government of India has launched PM eVIDYA as a comprehensive initiative to unify all efforts related to digital/online/on-air education to enable multi-mode access to school education across the country. Under the program 200 PM eVidya DTH TV

- Channels and 400 Radio channels to enable all States/UTs to provide supplementary education in various Indian languages including for classes 1-12.
- **DIKSHA:** Digital Infrastructure for Knowledge Sharing (DIKSHA) is the Nation's One Nation, One Digital platform for providing quality e-content for school education in States/UTs along with QR coded Energised Textbooks (ETBs) for all grades. As a participant in DIKSHA, States/UTs/ABs have generated and contributed over 3.7 lakh content in local/regional languages enabling multilingualism. Overall, 565.28 crore learning sessions have been completed on DIKSHA by students, teachers and other stakeholders. The stakeholders have access to more than 450 Virtual Labs and 100 Virtual skill labson DIKSHA.
- **SWAYAM:** Ministry of Education in collaboration with IIT Madras has launched Study Webs of Active-Learning for Young Aspiring Minds (SWAYAM) platform. The platform hosts content curated by premier Institutions and is available free of cost with the approach of "Anyone, Anywhere, Anytime" Learning. As on date, more than 4400 unique courses have been delivered. These courses have witnessed cumulative enrolments of more than 5.64 Crores.
- **SWAYAM Prabha:** SWAYAM Prabha is an initiative of the Government of India that provides high-quality educational content through a network of 48 DTH television channels, aimed at ensuring uninterrupted learning for students across the country, particularly those in remote and rural areas. As on date, educational video lectures with a total time more than 94,000 hours is on the web platform.
- **NDLI** has been launched in collaboration with Indian Institute of Technology, Kharagpur (IIT-KGP). NDLI provides free access to a vast online repository of educational resources, including textbooks, research papers, journals, archived newspapers and multimedia content, etc to all learners across the nation including in rural areas. The platform has more than 13 crore e-resources and more than 99 lakh registered users.
- Rashtriya e-Pustakalaya: The Rashtriya e-Pustakalaya provides quality books to children and adolescents, ensuring accessibility across diverse geographies, languages, genres, and educational levels. The platform offers content in 23 languages and is supported by over 200 publishers, making a wide range of resources available to users. The platform currently hosts over 5500 curated titles in 23 Indian languages and benefits more than 3.02 lakh registered users leading to 19.44 Lakh reading sessions.

Further, NEP 2020 promotes equitable access to quality education for socio-economically disadvantaged groups (SEDGs), including girls, children with special needs, and learners from rural, tribal, and marginalised communities. *Inclusivity measures* such as *PM-Poshan, PM-Vidyalaxmi, PM-USP*, and *National Means-cum-Merit Scholarship Scheme (NMMSS)* provide nutrition and financial assistance to students to access education and aim to ensure retention. The details are as follows:

• PM – POSHAN: Pradhan Mantri Poshan Shakti Nirman (PM POSHAN) Scheme is one of the foremost rights-based Centrally Sponsored Scheme implemented in partnership with the States and UTs for providing one hot cooked and nutritious meal to all children studying in Bal Vatika and classes I to VIII of Government and Government-aided schools. The aim of the scheme is to provide nutrition to students and ensure their retention in the education system. The Scheme benefits more than 11 crore children in more than 10.35 lakh schools in all the States/ UTs. For FY 2025-26, budget allocation for the PM Poshan Scheme is Rs. 12,500 crore by Government of India and the State/ UT share as per the sharing pattern is around Rs. 7,500 crore.

- PM Vidyalaxmi: It is a central sector scheme that has been launched on 6th November 2024. The main objective of the scheme is to ensure that no student is denied the opportunity to pursue higher education due to financial constraints. Under the scheme, collateral-free and guarantor-free education loan is provided to all the students, including students from minority communities who get merit-based admission in top Quality Higher Education Institutions (QHEIs). Further, for students with annual family income up to ₹ 8 lakh, the scheme provides 3% interest subvention on education loans up to ₹ 10 lakhs.
- PM USP-CSIS: Ministry of Education is also implementing the Pradhan Mantri Uchchatar Shiksha Protsahan Central Sector Interest Subsidy Scheme (PM USP-CSIS). Under this Scheme, full interest subvention is provided to all students who are pursuing technical/professional courses from approved NAAC accredited HEIs/NBA accredited courses and whose annual family income is up to ₹ 4.5 lakhs for loans up to Rs. 10 lakhs, during the moratorium period. There is no upper limit on number of student beneficiaries for this Scheme.
- **PM-USP CGFSEL:** Under the Pradhan Mantri Uchchatar Shiksha Protsahan Credit Guarantee Fund Scheme for Education Loans (PM-USP CGFSEL) of the Central Government, credit guarantee is provided for education loans sanctioned up to ₹ 7.5 lakhs. The guarantee cover is up to 75% of outstanding default. Further, under the model education loan scheme of the Indian Banks' Association, the repayment period for education loan is up to 15 years after moratorium period (course year plus one year).
- NMMSS: National Means-cum-Merit Scholarship Scheme (NMMSS) has been implemented to award scholarships to meritorious students of economically weaker sections to encourage them to continue their education at secondary stage. One lakh fresh scholarships are awarded to selected students of class IX every year and their continuation/renewal in classes X to XII for study in State Government, Government-aided and Local body schools under the scheme. In the last financial year (2024-25) more than Rs 300 crore were released for more than 2.70 lakh scholarships.

The concerted efforts by the Government of India to improve access to education has resulted in significant gains across the education ecosystem. As per UDISE+ report, Electricity availability has jumped from 83.4% to 91.8% of schools in the period 2019-20 to 2023-24. Library facilities in schools expanded from 76.4% to 89%; access to computers improved from 38.5% to 57.2% of schools; and internet facilities rose from 22.3% to 53.9% during the same period. As per UDISE+ 2023-24 report, 4,76,669 schools have functional Desktops/PCs; 2,56,392 schools have functional laptops/notebooks; 2,75,857 schools have functional tablets and 3,59,457 schools have functional Smart Classrooms used for teaching with Digital Boards/ Smart Boards/ Virtual Classrooms/ Smart TVs; and 7,92,992 Schools have internet facilities across India.

Similarly, India's higher education system has witnessed improvement in access, inclusivity, and equity. As per AISHE report, enrolment has increased by 26.5% i.e. from 3.42 Cr in 2014-15 to 4.33 crore in 2021-22. The Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER) in higher education has improved from 23.7% (2014-15) to 28.4% (2021-22), with female GER at 28.5.