

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS**

**RAJYA SABHA
STARRED QUESTION NO. *189**

**TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 17TH DECEMBER, 2025/ AGRAHAYANA 26, 1947
(SAKA)**

MULTIPURPOSE CYCLONE SHELTERS IN ANDHRA PRADESH

***189 SHRI SANA SATHISH BABU:**

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the total funds allocated, released and utilized for Multipurpose Cyclone Shelters in the State of Andhra Pradesh including construction, maintenance and retrofitting, district-wise, over the last three years;

(b) the number of shelters present in each coastal district and their status, especially in Kakinada, Konaseema, Bapatla, Srikakulam, Visakhapatnam and Nellore, district-wise;

(c) the facilities available in these shelters, including accessibility features for Persons with Disabilities (PwDs);

(d) the details of capacity building measures undertaken in above mentioned district for shelter management; and

(e) the structural measures or guidelines undertaken to ensure these shelters are disasterproof?

ANSWER

**MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS
(SHRI NITYANAND RAI)**

(a) to (e): A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT IN REPLY TO PARTS (a) to (e) OF THE RAJYA SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. *189 TO BE ANSWERED ON 17.12.2025.

(a) & (b): The Central Government implemented a Centrally sponsored Scheme “National Cyclone Risk Mitigation Project (NCRMP) Phase-I” in Andhra Pradesh and Odisha. As NCRMP Phase-I stands completed as on December, 2018, no funds were released in last three years. As per information provided by the State Government Rs. 354.84 Crore was utilized for construction of Multipurpose Cyclone Shelters (MPCSs) in Andhra Pradesh under NCRMP.

A total of 219 MPCS were constructed in the State of Andhra Pradesh under NCRMP Phase-I. District-wise details of MPCS constructed, under NCRMP Phase-I is at Annexure.

As per provisions in NCRMP setting up of Cyclone Shelter Maintenance & Management Committees (CSMMC) has been envisaged as registered Society for operational sustainability for MPCSs. The States were requested to release one-time corpus to CSMMC for routine maintenance and earmark requisite funds in the State Budget for Long term maintenances. Therefore, the responsibility for maintenance and sustainability of physical infrastructure created under NCRMP rests with the State Governments.

(c): The rationale behind setting up MPCS was to facilitate early evacuation of vulnerable coastal communities during cyclones or other hydro meteorological hazards. The shelters have been built to ensure physical safety of people and can accommodate large sections of the vulnerable population. The shelters are built to safeguard basic assets needed by people and to provide facility for basic medical relief during and after disaster. The shelters have facilities for all civic amenities as well as facility for specially-abled friendly accessibility.

(d) & (e): Under NCRMP, Capacity Building Training and Shelter Level training has been imparted to Government officials from various priority sectors viz. Health, Education, Panchayati Raj Institutions, Urban Local Bodies and Rural Development.

A long-term training and capacity building strategy was developed by the National Institute of Disaster Management (NIDM) based on an institutional SWOT analysis and survey of community members from across Andhra Pradesh.

A Composite Risk Atlas, providing details regarding cyclone risk status, historical details, exposure distribution risk, population distribution details and the associated risk, and expected loss etc., has been launched.

MPCS, constructed under NCRMP Phase-I have been designed with adequate disaster resistant features.

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Annexure**R.S.S.Q.NO. 189 FOR 17.12.2025**

Annexure referred in reply to part (a) and (b) of the Rajya Sabha Starred Question No. 189 due for answer on 17.12.2025.

S. No.	District	MPCS(Nos.)
1	Anakapalli	28
2	Bapatla	20
3	Kakinada	9
4	Konaseema	20
5	Krishna	17
6	Prakasam	12
7	Srikakulam	41
8	Sri Potti Sri Ramulu Nellore	44
9	Tirupathi	8
10	Visakhapatnam	1
11	Vizianagaram	7
12	West Godavari	12
Total		219
