GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

RAJYA SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO 2655 TO BE ANSWERED ON 12.08.2025

PERFORMANCE OF ABDM

2655 # SMT. RAMILABEN BECHARBHAI BARA: SHRI KESRIDEVSINH JHALA: SHRI MITHLESH KUMAR: DR. ANIL SUKHDEORAO BONDE: DR. MEDHA VISHRAM KULKARNI: SHRI BABURAM NISHAD:

Will the Minister of **HEALTH and FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Ministry has evaluated Scheme Performance of Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission in enhancing benefits for the underprivileged in rural and remote areas;
- (b) the reasons for the voluntary nature of Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission (ABDM) and lack of mandatory digital medical record maintenance by Government hospitals and bodies;
- (c) the details of the purpose and key achievements of the Ayushman Bharat Health Account (ABHA) program; and
- (d) the strategies Gujarat has adopted to monitor ABDM's effectiveness in improving healthcare access in tribal and remote districts?

ANSWER THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI PRATAPRAO JADHAV)

- (a) The Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission (ABDM) supports creation of digital health ecosystem that enables continuity of care across primary, secondary and tertiary healthcare in a seamless manner. It aids availability of health care services particularly in remote and rural areas through technology interventions like telemedicine. A public dashboard is available for National Health Authority (NHA), the implementing body of ABDM, and the states/union territories to assess the different indicators reflecting the progress of the scheme.
- (b) Under ABDM health records are shared with explicit and informed consent, ensuring privacy and control over personal data. ABDM is built keeping in mind the aspects of citizen centricity and privacy. This approach empowers citizens to access the benefits of a secure digital health ecosystem. (c) ABHA aims to provide a unique health identity for citizens in the healthcare ecosystem. It
- (c) ABHA aims to provide a unique health identity for citizens in the healthcare ecosystem. It allows citizens to safely view and share their medical records with healthcare providers. As on 5th August 2025, a total of 79,91,18,072 (~79.91 Cr) Ayushman Bharat Health Accounts (ABHAs) have been created; 4,18,964 (~4.18 Lac) health facilities have been registered on HFR; 6,79,692 (~6.79 Lac) healthcare professionals have been registered on HPR, and 67,19,65,690 (~67.19 Cr) health records have been linked with ABHA.
- (d) Monitoring of implementation of ABDM initiatives is done at the centre as well as the state level. In Gujarat, the ABDM scheme implementation is monitored through various means including regular state-level reviews, daily progress reporting, and decentralized oversight at the regional level.
