GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF NEW AND RENEWABLE ENERGY RAJYA SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 3491

ANSWERED ON 01.04.2025

INSTALLED CAPACITY OF RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES IN THE COUNTRY

3491. SHRI SATNAM SINGH SANDHU

Will the Minister of *New and Renewable Energy* be pleased to state:

- (a) the total installed capacity of renewable energy sources in the country as of the latest date, the details thereof, source-wise and State/UT-wise;
- (b) the targets set by Government for renewable energy capacity expansion by 2030 and the roadmap to achieve them;
- (c) the total funds allocated and utilized for renewable energy projects under various Government schemes in the last five years; and
- (d) whether Government is providing any incentives or policy support for private sector participation in renewable energy generation, if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR NEW & RENEWABLE ENERGY AND POWER

(SHRI SHRIPAD YESSO NAIK)

- (a) As on 28.02.2025, a total of 214.68 GW renewable energy (RE) capacity has been installed in the country which includes 102.57 GW solar power, 48.59 GW wind power, 11.45 GW bio-power and 52.07 GW hydro power. Source-wise and State-wise details are given at **Annexure-I.**
- (b) In line with Hon'ble Prime Minister's announcement at COP26, Ministry of New and Renewable Energy is working towards achieving 500 GW of installed electricity capacity from non-fossil sources by 2030. As on 28.02.2025, a total of 222.86 GW non-fossil power capacity has been installed in the country. Further, projects of about 183.19 GW are under implementation and projects of 77.21 GW have been tendered.
- (c) The details of the total funds allocated and utilized for renewable energy schemes/ programmes of the Ministry of New & Renewable Energy during the last five years are given below:

(In Rs. Crore)

Financial Year	Allocation	Utilized	
2019-20	3515.24	3193.17	
2020-21	3123.03	2666.34	
2021-22	4810.05	3968.41	
2022-23	6624.68	5364.62	
2023-24	7462.44	6119.18	

(d) Presently, most of renewable energy projects are set up by private sector developers. The Government of India has taken several steps and initiatives, including launch of various schemes/programmes with provision of Central Financial Assistance (CFA), to promote and accelerate renewable energy capacity in the country to realize the target of 500 GW non-fossil power capacity by 2030, as given at **Annexure-II**. The provision of the CFA under major ongoing schemes/programmes of the Ministry are given at **Annexure-III**.

Annexure-I referred to in reply of part (a) of the Rajya Sabha Unstarred Question No. 3491 to be answered on 01.04.2025

Source-wise and State-wise details of installed renewable energy capacity in the country as on 28.02.2025

S. No.	STATES / UTs	Small Hydro Power	Wind Power	Bio Power	Solar Power	Large Hydro	Total
		(MW)	(MW)	(MW)	(MW)	(MW)	(MW)
1	Andhra Pradesh	163.31	4096.65	574.39	5179.23	1610.00	11623.58
2	Arunachal Pradesh	140.61		0.00	14.85	1115.00	1270.46
3	Assam	34.11		2.00	192.34	350.00	578.45
4	Bihar	70.70		140.22	319.44		530.36
5	Chhattisgarh	76.00		277.09	1340.54	120.00	1813.63
6	Goa	0.05		1.94	55.44		57.43
7	Gujarat	106.64	12583.88	118.10	18125.41	1990.00	32924.03
8	Haryana	73.50		292.62	2025.18		2391.30
9	Himachal Pradesh	1000.71		10.20	170.26	10281.02	11462.19
10	Jammu & Kashmir	189.93		0.00	74.49	3360.00	3624.42
11	Jharkhand	4.05		20.14	199.87	210.00	434.06
12	Karnataka	1284.73	6878.30	1909.95	9312.71	3689.20	23074.89
13	Kerala	276.52	63.50	2.50	1482.14	1904.15	3728.81
14	Madhya Pradesh	123.71	2844.29	150.88	5012.88	2235.00	10366.76
15	Maharashtra	384.28	5279.08	2992.57	9881.37	3047.00	21584.30
16	Manipur	5.45		0.00	13.79	105.00	124.24
17	Meghalaya	55.03		13.80	4.28	322.00	395.11
18	Mizoram	45.47		0.00	30.39	60.00	135.86
19	Nagaland	32.67		0.00	3.17	75.00	110.84
20	Odisha	115.63		60.05	621.84	2154.55	2952.07
21	Punjab	176.10		568.25	1421.43	1096.30	3262.08
22	Rajasthan	23.85	5195.82	200.56	27636.75	411.00	33467.98
23	Sikkim	55.11		0.00	7.56	2282.00	2344.67
24	Tamil Nadu	123.05	11514.64	1045.45	9723.95	2178.20	24585.29
25	Telangana	90.87	128.10	221.67	4842.10	2405.60	7688.34
26	Tripura	16.01		0.00	21.24		37.25
27	Uttar Pradesh	49.10		2273.67	3357.51	501.60	6181.88
28	Uttarakhand	233.82		142.24	593.07	4035.35	5004.48
29	West Bengal	98.50		348.36	320.62	1341.20	2108.68
	Andaman & Nicobar						
30	Islands	5.25		0.00	29.91		35.16
31	Chandigarh			0.00	78.85		78.85
	Dadra & Nagar Haveli						
32	and Daman & Diu			3.75	48.12		51.87
33	Delhi			84.00	313.40		397.40
34	Ladakh	45.79		0.00	7.80	89.00	142.59
35	Lakshadweep			0.00	4.97		4.97
36	Puducherry			0.00	54.11		54.11
37	Others		4.30	0.00	45.01		49.31
	Total (MW)	5100.55	48588.56	11454.40	102566.02	46968.17	214677.70

Annexure-II referred to in reply of part (d) of the Rajya Sabha Unstarred Question No. 3491 to be answered on 01.04.2025

The Government of India has taken several steps and initiatives to promote and accelerate renewable energy capacity in the country to realize the commitment of 500 GW non-fossil energy capacity by 2030. These include, inter-alia, the following:

- Ministry of New & Renewable Energy (MNRE) has issued Bidding Trajectory for issuance of RE power procurement bids of 50 GW/annum by Renewable Energy Implementing Agencies (REIAs) [REIAs: Solar Energy Corporation of India Limited (SECI), NTPC Limited, NHPC Limited, SJVN Limited] from FY 2023-24 to FY 2027-28.
- Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) has been permitted up to 100 percent under the automatic route.
- Inter State Transmission System (ISTS) charges have been waived for inter-state sale of solar and wind power for projects to be commissioned by 30th June 2025, for Green Hydrogen Projects till December 2030 and for offshore wind projects till December 2032.
- To boost RE consumption, Renewable Purchase Obligation (RPO) followed by Renewable Consumption Obligation (RCO) trajectory has been notified till 2029-30. The RCO which is applicable to all designated consumers under the Energy Conservation Act 2001 will attract penalties on non-compliance. RCO also includes specified quantum of consumption from Decentralized Renewable Energy sources.
- Project Development Cell for attracting and facilitating investments has been set up.
- Standard Bidding Guidelines for tariff based competitive bidding process for procurement of Power from Grid Connected Solar, Wind, Wind-Solar Hybrid and Firm & Dispatchable RE (FDRE) projects have been issued.
- Schemes such as Pradhan Mantri Kisan Urja Suraksha evam Utthaan Mahabhiyan (PM-KUSUM), PM Surya Ghar Muft Bijli Yojana, National Programme on High Efficiency Solar PV Modules, New Solar Power Scheme (for Tribal and PVTG Habitations/Villages) under Pradhan Mantri Janjati Adivasi Nyaya Maha Abhiyan (PM JANMAN) and Dharti Aabha Janjatiya Gram Utkarsh Abhiyan (DA JGUA), National Green Hydrogen Mission, Viability Gap Funding (VGF) Scheme for Offshore Wind Energy Projects have been launched.
- Scheme for setting up of Solar Parks and Ultra Mega Solar Power projects is being implemented to provide land and transmission to RE developers for installation of RE projects at large scale.
- Laying of new transmission lines and creating new sub-station capacity has been funded under the Green Energy Corridor Scheme for evacuation of renewable power.

- Electricity (Rights of Consumers) Rules, 2020 has been issued for net-metering up to five hundred Kilowatt or up to the electrical sanctioned load, whichever is lower.
- "National Repowering and Life Extension Policy for Wind Power Projects, 2023" has been issued.
- "Strategy for Establishments of Offshore Wind Energy Projects" has been issued indicating a bidding trajectory of 37 GW by 2030 and various business models for project development.
- The Offshore Wind Energy Lease Rules, 2023 have been notified vide Ministry of External Affairs notification dated 19th December 2023, to regulate the grant of lease of offshore areas for development of offshore wind energy projects.
- Standard & Labelling (S&L) programs for Solar Photovoltaic modules and Grid-connected Solar Inverters have been launched.
- To augment transmission infrastructure needed for steep RE trajectory, transmission plan has been prepared till 2030.
- "The Electricity (Late Payment Surcharge and related matters) Rules (LPS rules) have been notified.
- Electricity (Promoting Renewable Energy Through Green Energy Open Access) Rules, 2022, has been notified on 06th June 2022 with objective of ensuring access to affordable, reliable, and sustainable green energy for all. Green Energy Open Access is allowed to any consumer with contract demand of 100 kW or above through single or multiple single connection aggregating Hundred kW or more located in same electricity division of a distribution licensee.
- Green Term Ahead Market (GTAM) has been launched to facilitate sale of Renewable Energy Power through exchanges.
- Government has issued orders that power shall be dispatched against Letter of Credit (LC) or advance payment to ensure timely payment by distribution licensees to RE generators.

Annexure-III referred to in reply of part (d) of the Rajya Sabha Unstarred Question No. 3491 to be answered on 01.04.2025

Incentives being provided as Central Financial Assistance (CFA) for the implementation of major ongoing Renewable Energy Schemes/Programmes

Scheme/Programmes	Incentives presently available as per the Scheme				
a) PM Surya Ghar: Muft Bijli	1. Under the PMSG: MBY, the CFA for installation of Roofto Solar in the Residential Sector is given below:				
Yojana	S.No.	Type of Pesidential		CFA (Special Category States/UTs)	
	1	Residential Sector (first 2 kWp of Rooftop Solar (RTS) capacity or part thereof)	Rs.30,000/kWp	Rs.33,000/kWp	
	2	Residential Sector (with additional RTS capacity of 1 kWp or part thereof)	Rs.18,000/kWp	Rs.19,800/kWp	
	3	Residential Sector (additional RTS capacity beyond 3 kWp)	No additional CFA	No additional CFA	
	4	Group Housing Societies/ Residential Welfare Associations (GHS/RWA) etc. for common facilities including EV charging up to 500 kWp (@ 3 kWp per house)	Rs.18,000/kWp	Rs.19,800/kWp	
	 4. 	The PMSG: MBY sche to DISCOMs to motive create conducive regulachieve targets for implementation of applicable bench 10% and less than 15% applicable benchmark of installed base capaci. To push the deployment (RTS) and undertake MBY scheme also included undertake MBY scheme also included the properties of Residential segment in the CFA has been transferr Further, a fund of Rs developing a Model of country, with an assis Village under PMSG: Metales and provided the properties of the properties	ate and help them is atory and administ lementation. The in mark cost for capa- to of installed base of cost for capacity ac- ty. ent of residential re- local mobilization udes the provision ULBs) and Pancha s.1000 for every in the jurisdiction of Used to consumer. . 800 crore has be Solar Village in e- tance of Rs 1 crore	in activities such as crative mechanisms, centive is pegged at city achieved above apacity; 10% of the hieved beyond 15% coftop solar system efforts, the PMSG: for incentive to the yat Raj Institutions stallation of RTS in JLB/PRI, for which een provisioned for each district of the	

Scheme/Programmes	Incentives presently available as per the Scheme
b) Central Public Sector Undertaking (CPSU) Scheme Phase-II (Government Producer Scheme) for grid-connected Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Power Projects by the Government Producers	Viability Gap Funding (VGF) support up to Rs. 55 lakhs per MW to the CPSUs/Govt. Organizations entities selected through competitive bidding process.
c) PLI Scheme 'National Programme on High Efficiency Solar PV Modules'	The beneficiaries are eligible for Production Linked Incentive (PLI) on production and sale of solar PV modules. The quantum of PLI eligible for disbursal depends upon: (i) quantum of sales of solar PV modules; (ii) performance parameters (efficiency and temperature coefficient of maximum power) of solar PV modules sold; and (iii) percentage of local value addition in modules sold.
d) Solar Park Scheme	(a) Up to Rs. 25 lakhs per Solar Park, for preparation of Detailed Project Report (DPR).(b) Rs. 20 lakh per MW or 30% of the project cost, whichever is lower, for development of infrastructure.
e) PM-KUSUM scheme	Component A: Setting up of 10,000 MW of Decentralized Ground/Stilt Mounted Solar Power Plants Benefits available: Procurement Based Incentive (PBI) to the DISCOMs @ 40 paise/kWh or Rs.6.60 lakhs/MW/year, whichever is lower, for buying solar power under this scheme. The PBI is given to the DISCOMs for a period of five years from the Commercial Operation Date of the plant. Therefore, the total PBI payable to DISCOMs is up to Rs. 33 Lakh per MW. Component B: Installation of 14 Lakh Stand-alone Solar Pumps Benefits available: CFA of 30% of the benchmark cost or the tender cost, whichever is lower, of the stand-alone solar agriculture pump is provided. However, in North Eastern States, Sikkim, Jammu & Kashmir, Ladakh, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Lakshadweep and A&N Islands, CFA of 50% of the benchmark cost or the tender cost, whichever is lower, of the stand-alone solar pump is provided. Component B can also be implemented without State share of 30%. The Central Financial Assistance will continue to remain 30% and rest 70% will be borne by the farmer. Component C: Solarisation of 35 Lakh Grid Connected Agriculture Pumps including through Feeder Level Solarisation Benefits available: (a) Individual Pump Solarization (IPS): CFA of 30% of the benchmark cost or the tender cost, whichever is lower, of the solar PV component will be provided. However, in North Eastern States, Sikkim, Jammu & Kashmir, Ladakh, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Lakshadweep and A&N Islands, CFA of 50% of the benchmark cost or the tender cost, whichever is lower, of the solar PV component is provided. Component C (IPS) can also be implemented without State share of 30%. The Central Financial Assistance will continue to remain 30% and rest 70% will be borne by the farmer. (b) Feeder Level Solarization (FLS): Agriculture feeders can be solarized by the State Government in CAPEX or RESCO mode with CFA of Rs. 1.05 Crore per MW as provided by MNRE. However, in North Eastern States, Sikkim, Jammu & Kashmir, Ladakh, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarkhand,

Scheme/Programmes	Incentives presently available as per the Scheme		
f) Green Energy Corridor			
Scheme (for development of intra-state	cost whichever is lower. (b) CEC Phase II (Intra State): CEA of 23% of DDP cost or awarded		
and inter-state transmission	(b) GEC Phase-II (Intra-State): CFA of 33% of DPR cost or awarded cost whichever is lower.		
system for RE projects)	(c) GEC Phase-II (Inter-state): CFA of 40% of DPR cost or awarded		
	cost whichever is lower.		
g) Biomass Programme	(a) For Briquette manufacturing plants: Rs. 9 Lakhs/MTPH (metric ton/hour) [Maximum CFA- Rs. 45 Lakh per project]		
	(b) For Non-Bagasse Cogeneration Projects: Rs. 40 Lakhs/MW (on installed capacity) (Maximum CFA- Rs. 5 Crore per project)		
	(c) For pellet plants whose applications have been received before 16.07.2024 : Rs. 9 Lakhs/MTPH (metric ton/hour) [Maximum CFA-Rs. 45 Lakh per project]		
	(d) For pellet plants whose applications have been received on or after 16.07.2024 :		
	i. For Non-Torrefied Pellet manufacturing plant: Rs. 21 lakhs/MTPH production capacity or 30% of the capital cost considered for plant and machinery of 1 MTPH plant, whichever is lower (Maximum Rs. 105 lakhs per project)		
	ii. For Torrefied Pellet manufacturing plant: Rs. 42 lakhs/MTPH production capacity or 30% of the capital cost considered for plant and machinery of 1 MTPH plant, whichever is lower (Maximum Rs. 210 lakhs per project)		
h) Waste to Energy Programme	(a) For Biogas generation: Rs. 0.25 crore per 12000 cum/day (Maximum CFA- Rs.5 crore/project)		
	 (b) For BioCNG/Enriched Biogas/Compressed Biogas generation: (Maximum CFA- Rs.10 crore/project) (i) BioCNG generation from new Biogas plant – Rs. 4 Crore per 4800 Kg/day; (ii) BioCNG generation from existing Biogas plant - Rs 3 Crore per 4800 Kg/day; 		
	 (c) For Power generation based on Biogas (Maximum CFA - Rs. 5 crore/project): (i) Power generation from new biogas plant: Rs. 0.75 crore per MW (ii) Power generation from existing biogas plant: Rs. 0.5 crore per MW 		
	(d) For Power generation based on bio & agro-industrial waste (other than Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) through incineration process): Rs.0.40 crore/MW (Maximum CFA - Rs.5.00 Crore/Project)		
	(e) For Biomass Gasifier for electricity/ thermal applications:		
	i) Rs. 2,500 per kW_e with dual fuel engines for electrical application ii) Rs. 15,000 per kW_e with 100% gas engines for electrical application iii) Rs. 2 lakh per 300 kW_{th} for thermal applications.		
	Notes		
	Note:		

Scheme/Programmes	Incentives presently available as per the Scheme		
	• In case, the Waste to Energy plants are set up in Special Category States (NE Region, Sikkim, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand), Jammu & Kashmir, Ladakh, Lakshadweep and Andaman & Nicobar Islands, the eligible CFA would be 20% higher than Standard CFA pattern given above.		
	Biogas/BioCNG/Power (biogas based) generation plants based on cattle dung as main feedstock set up by Gaushalas independently or through joint ventures/partnerships will be eligible for 20% higher CFA than Standard CFA pattern given above. These Gaushalas (Shelters) should be registered with the respective State Government.		
i)Biogas Programme	(a) Rs. 9800/- to Rs. 70,400/- per plant based on size of the plant in cubic meter for small biogas plants (1-25 cubic meter/day plant capacity) (b) Rs. 35,000/- to Rs. 45,000/- per kilowatt for power generation and Rs. 17,500 /- to Rs. 22,500/- per kilowatt equivalent for thermal applications (25 - 2500 cubic meter/day plant capacity) The eligible CFA would be 20% higher than Standard CFA in for North Eastern Region (NER), Island, Registered Gaushalas and SC/ST beneficiaries.		
j) R&D programme	The Ministry encourages research and technology development proposals in collaboration with the industry and provides up to 100% financial support to Government/non-profit research organizations and up to 70% to Industry, Start-ups, Private Institutes, Entrepreneurs and Manufacturing units.		
k) National Green Hydrogen Mission	 SIGHT programme for Electrolyser manufacturing has an allocation of ₹4,440 Crores. The incentives start from ₹4,440 per kW in the first year and end at ₹1,480 per kW in the fifth year. SIGHT programme for Green Hydrogen production and its derivatives have an allocation of ₹13,050 Crores. For Green Hydrogen Production, incentives are capped at ₹50/kg, ₹40/kg and ₹30/kg for the first, second and third year respectively. For Green Ammonia production, incentives are ₹8.82/kg in the first year of production and supply, and ₹5.30/kg during the second year of production and supply, and ₹5.30/kg during the third year of production and supply. Pilot projects for projects in Transport Sector have an outlay of ₹496 Crores till FY 2025-26. Pilot projects in Shipping sector have an outlay of ₹115 Crores till FY 2025-26. Pilot projects in Steel sector have an outlay of ₹455 Crores till FY 2029-30. Hydrogen Hubs have an outlay of ₹200 Crores till FY 2025-26. The R&D program of the Mission has a budget of ₹400 Crores till FY 2025-26. Skill Development component of the Mission has an outlay of ₹35 Crores till FY 2029-30. The Testing component of the Mission has an outlay of ₹200 Crores till FY 2025-26. The New and Innovative Techniques and Applications for Green Hydrogen has an outlay of ₹200 Crores by FY 2025-26. 		

Scheme/Programmes	Incentives presently available as per the Scheme		
l) New Solar Power Scheme (for Tribal and PVTG Habitations/Villages) under Pradhan Mantri Janjati Adivasi Nyaya Maha Abhiyan (PM JANMAN) and Dharti Aabha Janjatiya Gram Utkarsh Abhiyan (DA JGUA)	Components Provision of 0.3 kW Solar offgrid system for 1 lakh Tribal and PVTG HHs Solar street lighting and provision of lighting in 1500 MPCs of PVTG areas (under PM JANMAN component only) Solarisation of 2000 public institutions through off-grid solar systems (under DA	Central Share (100%) Rs. 50,000 per HH or as per actual cost Rs. 1 lakh per MPC Rs 1 lakh per kW	
	JGUA component only)		