GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, RIVER DEVELOPMENT & GANGA REJUVENATION

RAJYA SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 85

ANSWERED ON 25.11.2024

DECREASING OF GROUNDWATER LEVEL IN RAJASTHAN

85. SHRI MADAN RATHORE

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

- (a) whether any policy has been made to check the rapidly decreasing water level in the country including Rajasthan, if so, the details thereof;
- (b) the works done by Government for conservation of groundwater during the last three years and status of groundwater, State-wise;
- (c) whether Government has conducted any recent research or survey regarding the groundwater situation of other States including Rajasthan for future preparation, if not, the reasons therefor; and
- (d) the schemes being implemented by Government to conserve water in the country?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI

(SHRI RAJ BHUSHAN CHOUDHARY)

- (a) Realizing the significance of holistic and sustainable development of water resources in the country, Ministry of Water Resources had formulated the National Water Policy (NWP) in 1987 itself which was subsequently reviewed and updated in 2002 and 2012. From the ground water perspective, the NWP, inter-alia, calls for rainwater harvesting and conservation of water, mapping the aquifers of the country, proper regulation of extraction by setting up regulatory authorities and integrated development of surface and ground water. Based on the NWP, this Ministry had drafted a Model 'Groundwater (Regulation and Control of Development and Management) Bill' 2005, providing a regulatory framework to curb indiscriminate extraction of ground water while also making provisions for rain water harvesting and artificial recharge. The Model Bill has been circulated to all States/UTs and so far 21 States/UTs have adopted it.
- **(b) to (d)** The Central Ground Water Board (CGWB) annually conducts Dynamic Ground Water Resources Assessment of the country in association with States/UTs. In 2023, the Stage of ground water Extraction (SoE) for the whole country is assessed at 59.26%. State-wise details of annual ground water recharge and extraction, as per the 2023 assessment, is provided at **Annexure –I.**

Water being a State subject, sustainable development and management of groundwater resources is primarily the responsibility of the State Governments. However, the Central Government facilitates the efforts of the State Governments by way of technical and financial assistance through its various schemes and projects. In this direction, the important steps taken by the Ministry of Jal Shakti and other central ministries for sustainable development of ground water resources in the country are given below:-

i. The Government is implementing Jal Shakti Abhiyan (JSA) in the country since 2019 which is a mission mode and time bound programme for harvesting the rainfall and taking up water conservation

activities. Currently, JSA 2024 is being implemented in the country with special focus on 151 water stressed districts of the country, including 10 such districts in Rajasthan. JSA is an umbrella campaign under which various ground water recharge and conservation related works are being taken up in convergence with various central and state schemes. As per the information under JSA, a total of around 98 lakhs water conservation and rain water harvesting structures have been constructed in the country in the last 3 years, with around 4.8 lakh structures in Rajasthan. State-wise details of all such water conservation works done in last 3 years is provided in **Annexure –II**.

- ii. CGWB has taken up National Aquifer Mapping and Management Programme (NAQUIM) with an aim to delineate aquifer disposition and their characterization. Entire mappable area of the country of around 25 lakh sq. km, including 3.34 lakh sq km of Rajasthan, has been mapped under the scheme and management plans have been shared with the respective State governments for implementation.
- iii. Master Plan for Artificial Recharge to Groundwater- 2020 has been prepared by the CGWB for the entire country, including Rajasthan and shared with States/UTs providing a broad outline for construction of around 1.42 crore rain water harvesting and artificial recharge structures in the country to harness 185 BCM (Billion cubic meter).
- iv. MoJS is implementing Atal Bhujal Yojana, which is a community led scheme for participatory ground water management focusing on demand side management of ground water in 80 water stressed districts in 7 States, Rajasthan being one among them.
- v. CGWB implements artificial recharge projects for demonstrative purposes and in select priority areas. In the last 3 years, CGWB has taken up the project on 'Groundwater augmentation through artificial recharge in identified water stressed areas of Rajasthan comprising Jodhpur, Jaisalmer & Sikar districts. The structures include earthen/gravity dams, check dams, anicuts and recharge shaft with ponds.
- vi. Department of Agriculture & Farmers' Welfare (DA & FW), GoI, is implementing Per Drop More Crop Scheme in the country, including Rajasthan, since 2015-16, which focuses on enhancing water use efficiency at farm level through Micro Irrigation and better on-farm water management practices to optimize the use of available water resources.
- vii. Mission Amrit Sarovar was launched by the Government of India which aimed at developing and rejuvenating at least 75 water bodies in each district of the country, including Rajasthan. As an outcome nearly 69,000 Amrit Sarovars have been constructed/rejuvenated in the country.
- viii. Details of several other significant initiatives of the Government of India for improvement of groundwater situation in the country can be seen through the link below-https://jalshakti-dowr.gov.in/document/steps-taken-by-the-central-government-to-control-water-depletion-and-promote-rain-water-harvesting-conservation/

In addition, a number of States have done notable work in the field of water

conservation/harvesting. Some of them can be mentioned as 'Mukhyamantri Jal Swavlamban Abhiyan' in Rajasthan, 'Jalyukt Shivar' in Maharashtra, 'Sujalam Sufalam Abhiyan' in Gujarat, 'Mission Kakatiya' in Telangana, Neeru Chettu' in Andhra Pradesh, Jal Jeevan Hariyali in Bihar, 'Jal Hi Jeevan' in Haryana, 'Kudimaramath' scheme in Tamil Nadu etc.

ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PART (b) to (d) OF UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 85 TO BE ANSWERED IN RAJYA SABHA ON 25.11.2024 REGARDING "DECREASING OF GROUNDWATER LEVEL IN RAJASTHAN".

STATE-WISE GROUND WATER RESOURCES OF INDIA, 2023 (in bcm)

S.No.	State	Total Annual Ground Water Recharge	Annual Extractable Ground Water		Stage of Ground Water Extraction (%)
1	Andhra Pradesh	27.83	26.45	7.48	28.3
2	Arunachal Pradesh	4.65	4.16	0.02	0.42
3	Assam	27.26	20.93	2.63	12.54
4	Bihar	33.96	30.72	13.75	44.76
5	Chhattisgarh	13.34	12.18	5.75	47.17
6	Delhi	0.38	0.34	0.34	99.13
7	Goa	0.396	0.317	0.068	21.37
8	Gujarat	27.35	25.41	13.13	51.68
9	Haryana	9.55	8.69	11.8	135.74
	Himachal Pradesh	1.11	1.01	0.35	34.95
11	Jharkhand	6.25	5.73	1.8	31.38
12	Karnataka	18.93	17.08	11.32	66.26
13	Kerala	5.53	5.01	2.73	54.55
14	Madhya Pradesh	35.47	32.85	19.3	58.75
	Maharashtra	32.76	30.95	16.66	53.83
16	Manipur	0.52	0.47	0.04	7.99
	Meghalaya	1.83	1.51	0.07	4.58
	Mizoram	0.22	0.2	0.01	3.70
19	Nagaland	0.6	0.54	0.02	3.76
	Odisha	17.35	15.94	7.39	46.33
21	Punjab	18.84	16.98	27.8	163.76
22	Rajasthan	12.45	11.25	16.74	148.77
23	Sikkim	0.243	0.219	0.012	5.54
24	Tamil Nadu	21.59	19.51	14.42	73.91
25	Telangana	23.14	20.92	8.09	38.65
26	Tripura	1.36	1.09	0.11	9.92
27	Uttar Pradesh	71.83	65.57	46.4	70.76
28	Uttarakhand	2.02	1.85	0.95	51.69
29	West Bengal	26.29	23.9	10.71	44.81
30	Andaman And Nicobar	0.618	0.557	0.008	1.37
31	Chandigarh	0.054	0.048	0.037	75.41
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0.09	0.08	0.11	131.53
	Daman & Diu	0.035	0.033	0.057	170.70
33	Jammu And Kashmir	4.94	4.46	1.08	24.20
	Ladakh	0.09	0.08	0.03	37.05
	Lakshadweep	0.014	0.005	0.003	61.723
	Puducherry	0.20	0.18	0.13	70.27
	Grand Total	449.08	407.21	241.34	59.26

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Water Conservation works done under Jal Shakti Abhiyan State-wise (Period: from March 2021 to October 2024)

Jal Shakti Abhiyan: Intervention-Wise Status Report									
	*Figures Showing No. of		s reflected in I	SA portal					
S.No.		*Water Conservation and Rain Water Harvesting	*Renovation of Traditional Water Bodies	*Reuse and	*Watershed Development				
1	ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLANDS	244	930	321	121				
2	ANDHRA PRADESH	280985	88001	8084	103429				
3	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	1683	171	335	684				
4	ASSAM	42255	5838	909	45730				
5	BIHAR	164330	24801	72705	78630				
6	CHANDIGARH	319	8	0	0				
7	CHHATTISGARH	192693	60007	41269	114873				
8	DADRA AND NAGAR HAVELI AND DAMAN AND DIU	246	1	0	0				
9	DELHI	113	36	0	0				
10	GOA	72	88	15	59				
11	GUJARAT	42570	25754	42907	93999				
12	HARYANA	68459	19266	45582	15352				
13	HIMACHAL PRADESH	37353	5527	2918	100586				
14	JAMMU AND KASHMIR	39191	9119	90952	104965				
15	JHARKHAND	77729	2026	32617	318761				
16	KARNATAKA	372998	52157	451540	568627				
17	KERALA	91987	41651	77446	270501				
18	LADAKH	3292	118	14128	3947				
19	LAKSHADWEEP	3	8	0	0				
20	MADHYA PRADESH	435577	23996	78303	256838				
21	MAHARASHTRA	38120	11167	71965	26385				
22	MANIPUR	7335	2329	49	2313				
23	MEGHALAYA	9800	1387	407	8214				
24	MIZORAM	22772	974	2056	12068				
25	NAGALAND	920	317	84	938				
26	ODISHA	164237	29594	31713	174795				
27	PUDUCHERRY	290	1718	0	21				
28	PUNJAB	5149	14503	3310	23963				
29	RAJASTHAN	309500	36790	11603	125305				
30	SIKKIM	6864	48	983	4114				
31	TAMIL NADU	385217	42793	534845	265720				
32	TELANGANA	28040	24738	105548	58361				
33	TRIPURA	66409	2017	5109	61759				
34	UTTAR PRADESH	218274	88394	101681	933967				
35	UTTARAKHAND	173388	10968	5427	96456				
36	WEST BENGAL	96602	44744	34964	54225				
	Total	3385016	671984	1869775	3925706				