

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, RIVER DEVELOPMENT & GANGA REJUVENATION

RAJYA SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2319

ANSWERED ON 16.12.2024

SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS (STPs) IN JAMMU AND SRINAGAR

2319. SHRI GULAM ALI

Will the Minister of **JAL SHAKTI** be pleased to state:

- (a) the current capacity of the Sewage Treatment Plants (STPs) in the cities of Jammu and Srinagar, and whether it is adequate to meet the sewage generation requirements of these cities; and
- (b) whether Government has any plans to establish new Sewage Treatment Facilities in these cities, if so, the timeline set for the completion of these facilities?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI

(SHRI RAJ BHUSHAN CHOUDHARY)

(a) & (b) As informed by Government of Jammu & Kashmir, installed treatment capacity of sewage treatment plants (STPs) in the cities of Jammu and Srinagar is 72.6 million litres per day (MLD) & 67 MLD against total estimated sewage generation of 77.8 MLD & 158.3 MLD respectively. In Srinagar, two STPs of capacity 60 MLD and 0.7 MLD are in different stages of implementation with completion period of 2-3 years.

It is the primary responsibility of States/Union Territories (UTs) and local bodies to ensure required treatment of sewage and industrial effluents, before discharging into recipient water bodies or land for prevention and control of pollution therein. For conservation of rivers in the country in non-Ganga Basin, this Ministry has been supplementing efforts of the States/UTs by providing financial and technical assistance under the Centrally Sponsored Scheme of National River Conservation Plan. Under this scheme, the project for conservation of Jhelum River, involving creation of sewage treatment capacity of 8 MLD in Srinagar, has been approved.

Besides, sewerage infrastructure is also created under the programs of Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation, and Smart Cities Mission of Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs.
