## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF COOPERATION

## **RAJYA SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 167** TO BE ANSWERED ON 27/11/2024

### **Digitalisation of Primary Agricultural Credit Societies (PACS)**

### 167. SHRI SANDOSH KUMAR P:

Will the Minister of COOPERATION be pleased to state:

(a) the status of digitalization in Primary Agricultural Credit Societies (PACS) as of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024, State-wise details thereof;

(b) the number of PACS in each State acting as Common Service Centres (CSC);

(c) the total fund allotted for digitalisation of PACS; and

(d) the impact of providing the e-services through PACS?

#### ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF COOPERATION (SHRI AMIT SHAH)

(a): The details on status of digitalization in Primary Agricultural Credit Societies (PACS) as of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024, State-wise are enclosed as Annexure-I.

(b): The State-wise status on number of PACS acting as Common Service Centres (CSC) as on 21.11.2024 is attached as Annexure-II.

(c): In order to strengthen PACS, project for Computerization of functional PACS with a total financial outlay of ₹2,516 Crore has been approved by the Government of India, which entails bringing all functional PACS in the Country onto a common ERP (Enterprise Resource Planning) based national software, linking them with NABARD through StCBs and DCCBs. Out of the total budget of Rs. 2,516 crore for the project, the shares of Government of India (GoI), State Governments and NABARD are Rs. 1528 crore, Rs. 736 crore and Rs. 252 crore, respectively.

(d): PACS have been enabled to function as Common Service Centres (CSCs), delivering more than 300 e-services to rural citizens, including banking, insurance, Aadhaar enrolment/updation, health services, legal services, etc. This initiative provides PACS with additional and stable sources of income, enhancing their economic viability and reducing dependency solely on credit activities. Moreover, by enabling PACS to diversify their services, this initiative paves way for expanding their market size and catering to a broader spectrum of rural needs, improving their role as comprehensive service providers at the village level.

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S. No	State/ UT	PACS selected for Computerization	Number of PACS where Hardware delivered	ERP Onboarded
1.	Maharashtra	12,000	7986	4,516
2.	Rajasthan	6,781	5492	2675
3.	Gujarat	5,754	0	2795
4.	Uttar Pradesh	5,686	3062	1539
5.	Karnataka	5,491	5491	13
6.	Madhya Pradesh	4,534	4534	4329
7.	Tamil Nadu	4,532	4532	45
8.	Bihar	4,495	0	2996
9.	West Bengal	4,167	1647	19
10.	Punjab	3,482	3418	122
11.	Andhra Pradesh	2,037	0	12
12.	Chhattisgarh	2,028	0	620
13.	Jharkhand	1,500	0	1275
14.	Himachal Pradesh	870	870	817
15.	Haryana	711	0	106
16.	Uttarakhand	670	0	670
17.	Assam	583	583	575
18.	J & K	537	533	526
19.	Tripura	268	268	205
20.	Manipur	232	0	0
21.	Nagaland	231	33	33
22.	Meghalaya	112	112	39
23.	Sikkim	107	107	107
24.	Goa	58	16	12
25.	ANI	46	46	46
26.	Puducherry	45	45	37
27.	Mizoram	25	0	24
28.	Arunachal Pradesh	14	44	14
29.	Ladakh	10	10	10
30.	DNH & DD	4	0	0
	Total	67,010	38,829	24,177

# <u>State-wise status on number of PACS acting as Common Service Centres (CSC) (As on</u> 21.11.2024)

SL.NO.	STATE	NO OF PACS FUNCTIONING AS CSC	
	Grand Total (A+B)	40214	
1	ANDHRA PRADESH	1866	
2	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	8	
3	ASSAM	620	
4	BIHAR	3089	
5	CHHATTISGARH	1798	
6	GOA	34	
7	GUJARAT	1918	
8	HARYANA	199	
9	HIMACHAL PRADESH	788	
10	JHARKHAND	1162	
11	KARNATAKA	1235	
12	KERALA	11	
13	MADHYA PRADESH	3376	
14	MAHARASHTRA	5860	
15	MANIPUR	71	
16	MEGHALAYA	75	
17	MIZORAM	14	
18	NAGALAND	7	
19	ODISHA	604	
20	PUNJAB	971	
21	RAJASTHAN	5070	
22	SIKKIM	47	
23	TAMIL NADU	4453	
24	TELANGANA	481	
25	TRIPURA	153	
26	UTTARAKHAND	625	
27	UTTAR PRADESH	5125	
28	WEST BENGAL	31	
Total (A)		39691	
SL.NO.	STATE	NO OF PACS FUNCTIONING AS CSC	
1	ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLANDS	3	
2	JAMMU AND KASHMIR	479	
3	LADAKH	7	
4	PUDUCHERRY	26	
5	DAMAN AND DIU & DNH	8	
5	Total (B)	523	