# GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF NEW AND RENEWABLE ENERGY RAJYA SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 158

ANSWERED ON 06/08/2024

#### PROMOTION OF RENEWABLE ENERGY IN JHARKHAND

\*158. SHRI DEEPAK PRAKASH

Will the Minister of NEW AND RENEWABLE ENERGY be pleased to state:

- (a) the new initiative of the Ministry regarding an enhanced promotion of new and renewable energy and adoption thereof by the people;
- (b) the targets that have been set, in this regard; and
- (c) the present status thereof in Jharkhand and the assistance being provided to the users through the schemes?

#### **ANSWER**

### THE MINISTER OF NEW & RENEWABLE ENERGY AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS, & FOOD AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION

(SHRI PRALHAD JOSHI)

(a) to (c) A Statement is laid on the Table of the House.

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#### **STATEMENT**

## STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO RAJYA SABHA STARRED QUESTION No. 158 for ANSWER ON 06.08.2024

(a) & (b) The power capacity from non-fossil sources in the country has increased from 81.16 GW (33% of total capacity) in 2014 to 203.19 GW (45.5% of total capacity) as on 30.06.2024. Government of India has targeted to achieve 50% of total installed electricity capacity in the country from non-fossil-based energy resources by 2030.

Government has undertaken several measures to promote development of renewable energy in the country and its adoption by the people, as given at **Annexure-I**. The details of the various schemes/programmes being implemented by the Ministry of New and Renewable Energy (MNRE) are given at **Annexure-II**.

(c) The details of Central Financial Assistance (CFA) being provided under the major ongoing schemes/programmes of MNRE are given at **Annexure-III**. In Jharkhand, the total non-fossil power installed capacity has been increased from 223.34 MW as on 31.03.2014 to 399.82 MW as on 30.06.2024 [i.e. an increase of 176.48 MW (79%)]. This includes 166.67 MW Solar power, 214.05 MW Hydro power, and 19.10 MW Bio Power.

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# Annexure-I referred to in reply of part (a) & (b) of the Rajya Sabha Starred Question No. 158 to be answered on 06.08.2024

The Government of India has taken several steps and initiatives to promote and accelerate renewable energy capacity in the country with the target to achieve 50% of installed electric capacity from non-fossil sources by 2030. These include, inter-alia, the following:

- Notification of trajectory for RE power bids of 50 GW/annum to be issued by Renewable Energy Implementation Agencies [REIAs: Solar Energy Corporation of India Limited (SECI), National Thermal Power Corporation (NTPC), National Hydroelectric Power Corporation (NHPC), Satluj Jal Vidyut Nigam (SJVN)] from FY 2023-24 to FY 2027-28.
- Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) permitted up to 100 percent under the automatic route.
- Waiver of Inter State Transmission System (ISTS) charges for inter-state sale of solar and wind power for projects to be commissioned by 30th June 2025, for Green Hydrogen Projects till December 2030 and for offshore wind projects till December 2032.
- To boost RE consumption, Renewable Purchase Obligation (RPO) trajectory has been announced till 2029-30 including separate RPO for Decentralized Renewable Energy.
- Project Development Cell for attracting and facilitating investments has been set up.
- Standard Bidding Guidelines for tariff based competitive bidding process for procurement of Power from Grid Connected Solar, Wind and Wind-Solar Projects have been issued.
- Schemes such as Pradhan Mantri Kisan Urja Suraksha evam Utthaan Mahabhiyan (PM-KUSUM), PM Surya Ghar Muft Bijli Yojana, National Programme on High Efficiency Solar PV Modules, National Green Hydrogen Mission, etc.
- Setting up of Ultra Mega Renewable Energy Parks to provide land and transmission to RE developers for installation of RE projects at large scale.
- Laying of new transmission lines and creating new sub-station capacity under the Green Energy Corridor Scheme for evacuation of renewable power.
- Electricity (Rights of Consumers) Rules, 2020 has been issued for net-metering up to five hundred Kilowatt or up to the electrical sanctioned load, whichever is lower.
- Cabinet approved the Viability Gap Funding (VGF) scheme for offshore wind energy projects for installation and commissioning of 1 GW of offshore wind energy projects (500 MW each off the coast of Gujarat and Tamil Nadu)
- "National Repowering and Life Extension Policy for Wind Power Projects, 2023" has been issued.

- "Strategy for Establishments of Offshore Wind Energy Projects" has been issued indicating a bidding trajectory of 37 GW by 2030 and various business models for project development.
- The Offshore Wind Energy Lease Rules, 2023 have been notified vide Ministry of External Affairs notification dated 19th December 2023, to regulate the grant of lease of offshore areas for development of offshore wind energy projects.
- Procedure for Uniform Renewable Energy Tariff (URET) has been issued.
- Standard & Labelling (S&L) programs for Solar Photovoltaic modules and Grid-connected Solar Inverters have been launched.
- To augment transmission infrastructure needed for steep RE trajectory, transmission plan has been prepared till 2030.
- Notification of "The Electricity (Late Payment Surcharge and related matters) Rules (LPS rules) issued.
- Notification of Promoting Renewable Energy through Green Energy Open Access Rules 2022 issued.
- Launched Green Term Ahead Market (GTAM) to facilitate sale of Renewable Energy Power through exchanges.
- Government has issued orders that power shall be dispatched against Letter of Credit (LC) or advance payment to ensure timely payment by distribution licensees to RE generators.

## Annexure-II referred to in reply of part (a) & (b) of the Rajya Sabha Starred Question No. 158 to be answered on 06.08.2024

#### Details of the major ongoing Renewable Energy Schemes/Programmes

- 1. Scheme for Development of Solar Parks and Ultra-mega Solar Power Projects with a target of setting up 40,000 MW capacity. Under the scheme, the infrastructure such as land, roads, power evacuation system water facilities are developed with all statutory clearances/approvals.
- 2. Central Public Sector Undertaking (CPSU) Scheme Phase-II (Government Producer Scheme) for setting up grid-connected Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Power Projects by Government Producers, using domestically manufactured solar PV cells and modules, with Viability Gap Funding (VGF) support, for self-use or use by Government/ Government entities, either directly or through Distribution Companies (DISCOMS).
- 3. Production Linked Incentive scheme 'National Programme on High Efficiency Solar PV Modules' for achieving manufacturing capacity of Giga Watt (GW) scale in High Efficiency Solar PV modules (Tranche I & II).
- 4. PM-KUSUM Scheme to promote small Grid Connected Solar Energy Power Plants, standalone solar powered agricultural pumps and solarization of existing grid connected agricultural pumps.
- 5. PM-Surya Ghar: Muft Bijli Yojana for installing rooftop solar for 1 crore households in the country.
- 6. Green Energy Corridors (GEC) Phase I and II: to create intra-state transmission system for renewable energy projects.
- 7. Bio-Energy Programme:
  - Waste to Energy Programme: Programme on Energy from Urban, industrial and Agricultural Wastes/Residues
  - Biomass Programme: Scheme to Support Manufacturing of Briquettes & Pellets and
     Promotion of Biomass (non-bagasse) based cogeneration in Industries.
  - Biogas Programme: for promotion of family type Biogas plants
- 8. Renewable Energy Research and Technology Development (RE-RTD) Programme.

- 9. Human Resource Development Scheme with components such as short-term trainings & skill development programmes, fellowships, internships, support to lab upgradation for RE and renewable energy chair.
- 10. National Green Hydrogen Mission launched with aim to make India a Global Hub for production, utilization and export of Green Hydrogen and its derivatives.

### Annexure III referred to in reply of part (c) of the Rajya Sabha Starred Question No. 158 to be answered on 06.08.2024

### Incentives being provided as Central Financial Assistance (CFA) for the implementation of major Renewable Energy Schemes/Programmes

Scheme/Programmes	I	ncentives presently a	vailable as per th	e Scheme
a) PM Surya Ghar: Muft Bijli Yojana	The details of the CFA pattern for the component "CFA to Residential Consumers" under this scheme are as follows:			
	S. No.	Type of Residential Segment	CFA	CFA (Special Category States/UTs)
	1	Residential Sector (first 2 kWp of Rooftop Solar (RTS) capacity or part thereof)	Rs.30,000/kWp	Rs.33,000/kWp
	2	Residential Sector (with additional RTS capacity of 1 kWp or part thereof)	Rs.18,000/kWp	Rs.19,800/kWp
	3	Residential Sector (additional RTS capacity beyond 3 kWp)	No additional CFA	No additional CFA
	4	Group Housing Societies/ Residential Welfare Associations (GHS/RWA) etc. for common facilities including EV charging up to 500 kWp (@ 3 kWp per house)	Rs.18,000/kWp	Rs.19,800/kWp
b) Central Public Sector Undertaking (CPSU) Scheme Phase-II (Government Producer Scheme) for grid-connected Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Power Projects by the Government Producers	to the	ity Gap Funding (VGF e CPSUs/Govt. Organ etitive bidding process.	nizations entities	
c) PLI Scheme 'National Programme on High Efficiency Solar PV Modules'	(PLI)	) performance para	of solar PV modu depends upon: of solar PV modu umeters (efficiency	lles. The quantum

Scheme/Programmes	Incentives presently available as per the Scheme
	(iii) percentage of local value addition in modules sold.
d) Solar Park Scheme	<ul><li>(a) Up to Rs. 25 lakhs per Solar Park, for preparation of Detailed Project Report (DPR).</li><li>(b) Rs. 20 lakh per MW or 30% of the project cost, whichever is</li></ul>
	lower, for development of infrastructure.
e) PM-KUSUM scheme	Component A: Setting up of 10,000 MW of Decentralized Ground/Stilt Mounted Solar Power Plants
	Benefits available: Procurement Based Incentive (PBI) to the DISCOMs @ 40 paise/kWh or Rs.6.60 lakhs/MW/year, whichever is lower, for buying solar power under this scheme. The PBI is given to the DISCOMs for a period of five years from the Commercial Operation Date of the plant. Therefore, the total PBI payable to DISCOMs is up to Rs. 33 Lakh per MW.
	Component B: Installation of 14 Lakh Stand-alone Solar Pumps
	Benefits available: CFA of 30% of the benchmark cost or the tender cost, whichever is lower, of the stand-alone solar agriculture pump is provided. However, in North Eastern States, Sikkim, Jammu & Kashmir, Ladakh, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Lakshadweep and A&N Islands, CFA of 50% of the benchmark cost or the tender cost, whichever is lower, of the stand-alone solar pump is provided. Component B can also be implemented without State share of 30%. The Central Financial Assistance will continue to remain 30% and rest 70% will be borne by the farmer.
	Component C: Solarisation of 35 Lakh Grid Connected Agriculture Pumps including through Feeder Level Solarisation
	Benefits available:
	(a) Individual Pump Solarization (IPS): CFA of 30% of the benchmark cost or the tender cost, whichever is lower, of the solar PV component will be provided. However, in North Eastern States, Sikkim, Jammu & Kashmir, Ladakh, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Lakshadweep and A&N Islands, CFA of 50% of the benchmark cost or the tender cost, whichever is lower, of the solar PV component is provided. Component C (IPS) can also be implemented without State share of 30%. The Central Financial Assistance will continue to remain 30% and rest 70% will be borne by the farmer.
	(b) Feeder Level Solarization (FLS): Agriculture feeders can be solarized by the State Government in CAPEX or RESCO mode with CFA of Rs. 1.05 Crore per MW as provided by MNRE. However, in North Eastern States, Sikkim, Jammu & Kashmir, Ladakh, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarkhand, Lakshadweep and Andaman & Nicobar Island, CFA of Rs. 1.75 crore per MW is provided.

Scheme/Programmes	Incentives presently available as per the Scheme
f) Green Energy Corridor Scheme	(a) GEC Phase-I: CFA of 40% of DPR cost or awarded cost whichever is lower.
(for development of intra- state transmission system for RE projects)	(b) GEC Phase-II: CFA of 33% of DPR cost or awarded cost whichever is lower.
g) Biomass Programme	(a) For Briquette manufacturing plants: Rs. 9 Lakhs/MTPH (metric ton/hour) [Maximum CFA- Rs. 45 Lakh per project]
	(b) For Non-Torrefied Pellet manufacturing plant: Rs. 21 lakhs/MTPH production capacity or 30% of the capital cost considered for plant and machinery of 1 MTPH plant, whichever is lower (Maximum Rs. 105 lakhs per project)
	(c) For Torrefied Pellet manufacturing plant: Rs. 42 lakhs/MTPH production capacity or 30% of the capital cost considered for plant and machinery of 1 MTPH plant, whichever is lower (Maximum Rs. 210 lakhs per project)
	(d) For Non-Bagasse Cogeneration Projects: Rs. 40 Lakhs/MW (Maximum CFA- Rs. 5 Crore per project)
h) Waste to Energy Programme	(a) For Biogas generation: Rs. 0.25 crore per 12000 cum/day (Maximum CFA- Rs.5 crore/project)
	(b) For BioCNG/Enriched Biogas/Compressed Biogas generation: (Maximum CFA- Rs.10 crore/project) (i) BioCNG generation from new Biogas plant – Rs. 4 Crore per 4800 Kg/day; (ii) BioCNG generation from existing Biogas plant - Rs 3 Crore per 4800 Kg/day;
	<ul> <li>(c) For Power generation based on Biogas (Maximum CFA - Rs. 5 crore/project):</li> <li>(i) Power generation from new biogas plant: Rs. 0.75 crore per MW</li> <li>(ii) Power generation from existing biogas plant: Rs. 0.5 crore per MW</li> </ul>
	(d) For Power generation based on bio & agro-industrial waste (other than Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) through incineration process): Rs.0.40 crore/MW (Maximum CFA - Rs.5.00 Crore/Project)
	(e) For Biomass Gasifier for electricity/ thermal applications:
	<ul> <li>i) Rs. 2,500 per kW<sub>e</sub> with dual fuel engines for electrical application</li> <li>ii) Rs. 15,000 per kW<sub>e</sub> with 100% gas engines for electrical application</li> <li>iii) Rs. 2 lakh per 300 kW<sub>th</sub> for thermal applications.</li> </ul>
	Note:

Scheme/Programmes	Incentives presently available as per the Scheme
	<ul> <li>In case, the Waste to Energy plants are set up in Special Category States (NE Region, Sikkim, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand), Jammu &amp; Kashmir, Ladakh, Lakshadweep and Andaman &amp; Nicobar Islands, the eligible CFA would be 20% higher than Standard CFA pattern given above.</li> <li>Biogas/BioCNG/Power (biogas based) generation plants based on cattle dung as main feedstock set up by Gaushalas independently or through joint ventures/partnerships will be eligible for 20% higher CFA than Standard CFA pattern given above. These Gaushalas (Shelters) should be registered with the respective State Government.</li> </ul>
i)Biogas Programme	(a) Rs. 9800/- to Rs. 70,400/- per plant based on size of the plant in cubic meter for small biogas plants (1-25 cubic meter/day plant capacity)
	(b) Rs. 35,000/- to Rs. 45,000/- per kilowatt for power generation and Rs. 17,500 /- to Rs. 22,500/- per kilowatt equivalent for thermal applications (25 - 2500 cubic meter/day plant capacity)
	The eligible CFA would be 20% higher than Standard CFA in for North Eastern Region (NER), Island, Registered Gaushalas and SC/ST beneficiaries
j) R&D programme	The Ministry encourages research and technology development proposals in collaboration with the industry and provides up to 100% financial support to Government/non-profit research organizations and up to 70% to Industry, Start-ups, Private Institutes, Entrepreneurs and Manufacturing units.
k) National Green Hydrogen Mission	The Strategic Interventions for Green Hydrogen Transition (SIGHT) Programme guidelines under the Mission have been notified for Electrolyser Manufacturing and Mode-1, Mode 2A and Mode 2B for Green Hydrogen Production.
	(a) SIGHT programme for Electrolyser manufacturing has an allocation of Rs. 4440 crore by 2029-30. The incentives start from Rs. 4440 per kW in the first year and end at Rs. 1480 per kW in the fifth year.
	SIGHT programme for Green Hydrogen production (Mode-1) provides incentives for Green Hydrogen production, which are capped at Rs. 50/kg, Rs. 40/kg and Rs. 30/kg for the first, second and third year respectively.

Scheme/Programmes	Incentives presently available as per the Scheme
	For Mode 2A and 2B, the incentives are fixed at Rs. 50/kg, Rs. 40/kg and Rs. 30/kg for the first, second and third year respectively.
	(b) Pilot projects for projects in Mobility sector have an outlay of Rs. 496 crore.
	(c) Pilot projects in Shipping sector have an outlay of Rs. 115 crore.
	(d) Pilot projects in Steel sector have an outlay of Rs. 455 crore.
	(e) Hydrogen hubs have been allocated an outlay of Rs. 200 crore.
	(f) The R&D program of the Mission has a budget of Rs. 400 crore.
	(g) Skill Development component of the Mission has an outlay of Rs. 35 crore.
	(h) The Testing component of the Mission has an outlay of Rs. 200 crore.