

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF AYUSH**

**RAJYA SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION No. 325
TO BE ANSWERED ON 06.02.2024**

**IMPLEMENTATION OF TRIBAL HEALTH CARE RESEARCH PROGRAMME IN
MAHARASHTRA**

325. Dr. Fauzia Khan:

Will the Minister of *Ayush* be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of the implementation of the Tribal Health Care Research Programme (THCRP) in the state of Maharashtra;
- (b) the tribal population covered and the number of tribal beneficiaries in the state of Maharashtra under THCRP in the last five years;
- (c) the total number of Local Health Traditions(LHTs) and Folklore Claims from Maharashtra that have been documented to date; and
- (d) the details of all the LHT and Folklore Claims from Maharashtra and by when Government plans to settle them?

**ANSWER
THE MINISTER OF AYUSH
(SHRI SARBANANDA SONOWAL)**

(a): The Central Council for Research in Ayurvedic Sciences (CCRAS) has implemented “Tribal Health Care Research Programme (THCRP)” under Tribal Sub Plan (TSP) for the welfare of the tribal people. Through this programme council is creating awareness about Health, Nutrition, and Hygiene among Scheduled Tribe (ST) community, providing health care services and incidental medical care, and documenting demographic trends through door to door survey. Local Health Traditions (LHT) and folklore practices among tribal population have also been documented in this programme. This programme is being executed through 14 CCRAS Institutes in identified ST dominant Villages/Blocks of 14 States including Maharashtra. Detailed State/UT-wise list is attached at **Annexure-I**.

(b): In Maharashtra state, Tribal Health Care Research Programme (THCRP) is being executed through Regional Ayurveda Research Institute (RARI), Nagpur. In the last five years, total 39,336 tribal population have been covered in 68 villages of the Nagpur, Chandrapur and Gadchiroli districts of Maharashtra. Health care services has been provided

to total 39,418 patients, among them 25,435 belong to Scheduled Tribe. Details are attached at **Annexure-II**.

(c) & (d): The Central Council for Research in Ayurvedic Sciences (CCRAS) is actively engaged in the documentation and validation of Local Health traditions (LHT)/Folklore practices in Maharashtra State, through Tribal Health Care Research Programme (THCRP).

In Maharashtra State, during the last 5 years, a total of 55 LHT claims have been documented under Tribal Health Care Research Programme (THCRP) and total 297 Local Health Traditions/ Folklore claims have been documented under Medico Ethno Botanical Survey in tribal areas (MEBS) from Nagpur and Wardha forest divisions. These Folklore claims are being documented systematically through a structured format and systematic approach and they are validated for their uniqueness for further scientific exploration.

**State/UT-wise list of institutes involved in Tribal Health Care Research Programme
(THCRP)**

Sl. No.	Name of State	Names of the CCRAS Peripheral Institutes
1.	Odisha	Central Ayurveda Research Institute, Bhubaneswar
2.	Rajasthan	M.S. Regional Ayurveda Research Institute, Jaipur
3.	Madhya Pradesh	Regional Ayurveda Research Institute, Gwalior
4.	Andhra Pradesh	Regional Ayurveda Research Institute, Vijayawada
5.	Maharashtra	Regional Ayurveda Research Institute, Nagpur
6.	Karnataka	Central Ayurveda Research Institute, Bengaluru
7.	Bihar	Regional Ayurveda Research Institute, Patna
8.	Tamil Nadu	Dr. Achanta Lakshmiapati Regional Ayurveda Research Institute, Chennai
9.	Assam	Central Ayurveda Research Institute, Guwahati
10.	Sikkim	Regional Ayurveda Research Institute, Gangtok
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	Regional Ayurveda Research Institute, Jammu
12.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands.	Regional Ayurveda Research Institute, Port Blair
13.	Gujarat	Regional Ayurveda Research Institute, Ahmedabad
14.	Tripura	Regional Ayurveda Research Centre, Agartala

Details of THCRP beneficiaries in Maharashtra during last five years

Name of the Institute	Year	Villages covered	Name of the Villages	ST Population Surveyed	ST Patient treated	Total Patient treated	LHT
RARI, Nagpur	2018-19	20	1. Lakhmapur 2. Ambazari 3. Yerangaon 4. Bhansoli 5. Bid-Borgaon 6. Mowada 7. Asala 8. Alphara Satara 9. Gunjala 10. Borgaon- Bhosle 11. Dadapur 12. Khemjai 13. Arjini 14. Susa 15. Pichdura 16. Chinora 17. Bodakha 18. Sumthana 19. Mangali Devtale 20. Bandra	9620	5252	8445	15
	2019-20	09	1. Tekari Alias Vaneri 2. Nachanbhatti 3. Mohadi 4. Jamsala 5. Yergaon 6. Lonkhairi Tukum 7. Murmadi 8. Kalamgaon 9. Virwha	8208	8095	11634	15

	2020-21	13	1. Heti 2. Japtalai 3. Godalwahi 4. Murumgaon 5. Gatta 6. Sode 7. Yerkad 8. Chingali 9. Girola 10. Chavela 11. Mowad 12. Katezari 13. Gujanwadi	9094	4614	6225	16
	2021-22	16	1. Devsara 2. Kanhalgaon 3. Mangewada 4. Sursundi 5. Murmadi 6. Tukum 7. Pauni 8. Sawargaon 9. Moholi 10. Kulbhatti 11. Nimgaon 12. Muska 13. Kotgul 14. Sakhera 15. Pannemara 16. Mendha	5959	3356	4834	9
	2022-23	10	1. Amirza 2. Dhunde-Shivani 3. Rangi 4. Fulbodi 5. Narchuli 6. Potegaon 7. Maregaon 8. Chambarda-Sawela 9. Chatgaon 10. Swargaon	6455	4118	8280	0
	TOTAL	68		39,336	25,435	39,418	55