GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE

RAJYA SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 17 TO BE ANSWERED ON 02/02/2024

SCHEMES FOR WELFARE OF FARMERS

17. SHRI NEERAJ SHEKHAR

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE be pleased to State?

- (a) the details of schemes being run by Government for welfare/increasing incomes of farmers; and
- (b) the achievements made therein, scheme-wise?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE (SHRI ARJUN MUNDA)

(a) & (b) Details of schemes being run by Department of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare for welfare/increasing incomes of farmers and the achievements made therein, scheme-wise are attached as Annexure.

Brief of major schemes implemented by the Department of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare

S	Name of the	Purpose
No I.	Scheme Central Sector Sche	mes
1.	Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi (PM-KISAN)	PM-KISAN is a central sector scheme launched on 24th February 2019 to supplement financial needs of land holding farmers, subject to exclusions. Under the scheme, financial benefit of Rs. 6000/- per year is transferred in three equal four-monthly installments into the bank accounts of farmers' families across the country, through Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) mode. Till now, Rs. 2.81 lakh crores have been transferred through Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) to more than 11 crores beneficiaries (Farmers) through various instalments.
2.	Pradhan Mantri	Pradhan Mantri Kisan Maandhan Yojna (PMKMY) is a central
	Kisan MaanDhan Yojana (PM-KMY)	sector scheme launched on 12th September 2019 to provide security to the most vulnerable farmer families. PM-KMY is contributory scheme, small and marginal farmers (SMFs), subject to exclusion criteria, can opt to become member of the scheme by paying monthly subscription to the Pension Fund. Similar, amount will be contributed by the Central Government. The applicants between the age group of 18 to 40 years will have to contribute between Rs. 55 to Rs. 200 per month till they attain the age of 60. PMKMY is taking care of the farmers during their old age and provides Rs. 3,000 monthly pension to the enrolled farmers once they attain 60 years of age, subject to exclusion criteria. Life Insurance Corporation (LIC) is pension fund manager and registration of beneficiaries is done through CSC and State Govts. So far 23.38 lakh farmers have enrolled under the scheme.
3.	Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana (PMFBY)	PMFBY was launched in 2016 in order to provide a simple and affordable crop insurance product to ensure comprehensive risk cover for crops to farmers against all non-preventable natural risks from pre-sowing to post-harvest and to provide adequate claim amount. The scheme is demand driven and available for all farmers A total of 5549.40 lakh farmer applications were insured under the scheme since 2016-17 and Rs 150589.10 crore has been paid as claim.
4.	Modified Interest Subvention Scheme (MISS)	The Interest Subvention Scheme (ISS) provides concessional short term agri-loans to the farmers practicing crop husbandry and other allied activities like animal husbandry, dairying and fisheries. ISS is available to farmers availing short term crop loans up to Rs.3.00 lakh at an interest rate of 7% per annum for one year. Additional 3% subvention is also given to the farmers for prompt and

		timely repayment of loans thus reducing the effective rate of interest
		to 4% per annum. The benefit of ISS is also available for post-harvest
		loans against Negotiable Warehouse Receipts (NWRs) on crop loans
		for a further period of six months post-harvest to small and marginal
		farmers having Kisan Credit Cards (KCCs), on occurrence of natural
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		calamities and severe natural calamities. As on 05-01-2024, 465.42
		lakh new KCC applications have been sanctioned with a sanctioned
		credit limit of Rs. 5,69,974 crore as part of the drive.
5.	Agriculture	In order to address the existing infrastructure gaps and mobilize
	Infrastructure Fund	investment in agriculture infrastructure, Agri Infra Fund was
	(AIF)	launched under Aatmanirbhar Bharat Package. AIF was introduced
		with a vision to transform the agriculture infrastructure landscape of
		the country. The Agriculture Infrastructure Fund is a medium - long
		term debt financing facility for investment in viable projects for post-
		harvest management infrastructure and community farming assets
		through interest subvention and credit guarantee support. The Fund
		of Rs. 1 lakh crore under the scheme will be disbursed from FY
		2020-21 to FY2025-26 and the support under the scheme will be
		provided for the duration of FY2020-21 to FY2032-33.
		Under the scheme, Rs. 1 Lakh Crore will be provided by banks
		and financial institutions as loans with interest subvention of 3% per
		annum and credit guarantee coverage under CGTMSE for loans up
		to Rs. 2 Crores. Further, each entity is eligible to get the benefit of
		the scheme for up to 25 projects located in different LGD codes.
		Eligible beneficiaries include Farmers, Agri-entrepreneurs,
		Start-ups, Primary Agricultural Credit Societies (PACS), Marketing
		Cooperative Societies, Farmer Producers Organizations(FPOs), Self
		Help Group (SHG), Joint Liability Groups (JLG), Multipurpose
		Cooperative Societies, Central/State agency or Local Body
		sponsored Public Private Partnership Projects, State Agencies,
		Agricultural Produce Market Committees (Mandis), National &
		State Federations of Cooperatives, Federations of FPOs (Farmer
		Produce Organizations) and Federations of Self Help Groups
		(SHGs).
		As on 31-12-2023, Rs.33.209 Crores have been sanctioned for
		44,912 projects under AIF, out of this total sanctioned amount, Rs
		25,504 Crores is covered under scheme benefits. These sanctioned
		projects have mobilized an investment of Rs 56.471 Crores in
		agriculture sector.
6.	Formation &	The Government of India launched the Central Sector Scheme
	Promotion of new	(CSS) for "Formation and Promotion of 10,000 Farmer Producer
	10,000 FPOs	Organizations (FPOs)" in the year 2020. The scheme has a total
	,	budgetary outlay of Rs.6865 crores. Formation & promotion of
		FPOs are to be done through Implementing Agencies (IAs), which
		further engage Cluster Based Business Organizations (CBBOs) to
		form & provide professional handholding support to FPOs for a
		period of 5 years.
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for a period of 03 years. In addition to this, provision has for matching equity grant upto Rs. 2,000 per farmer mer with a limit of Rs. 15.00 lakh per FPO and a credit guara upto Rs. 2 crore of project loan per FPO from eliginstitution to ensure institutional credit accessibility Suitable provisions have been made for training development of FPOs. Further, FPOs are onboarded on National Agricult (e-NAM) platform which facilitate online trading agricultural commodities through transparent price method to enable FPOs to realize better remunerative their produce. As on 31.12.2023, total 7,774 FPOs were registere scheme in the country. 7. National Keeping in view the importance of beekeeping, a Sector Scheme entitled National Beekeeping & Hon	mber of FPO antee facility ible lending y to FPOs. g and skill ture Market g of their discovery e prices for ed under the
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	new Central
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Honey Mission (NBHM) was launched in 2020 under Atma Nirbhar Bha	-
(NBHM) for its implementation in the field for overall pro	
development of scientific beekeeping & to achieve	
"Sweet Revolution". Some of the achievements include	
Honeybees/ beekeeping have been approved as 5	5 th Input for
Agriculture.	
4 World Class State of the Art Honey Testing Labs	
Honey Testing Labs have been sanctioned und	
Beekeeping & Honey Mission (NBHM) for testing of	-
Madhukranti portal has been launched for online re	gistration of
Beekeepers/ Honey Societies/ Firms/ Companies.	
• Till date 23 lakhs bee colonies registered on Portal.	
• 100 Honey FPOs targeted under 10,000 FPOs scl	
country. 88 FPOs have been registered by NAFED), NDDB &
TRIFED.	1 10/17
• 25 States/UTs have been covered under NBHM und	ier MM-I, II
& III.	S.D. 202.00
• 160 Projects sanctioned under MM- I, II & III of	Rs. 202.00
crores.	-4- 41- D.:
8. Market Intervention Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare implement Scheme and Price Support Scheme (PSS) for procurement of pulses, or	
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nature and are not covered under the Price Support (PSS). The objective of intervention is to protect the grow	
commodities from making distress sale in the event of a l	
during the peak arrival period when the prices tend to	
economic levels and cost of production.	J Tall Delow
9. Namo Drone Didi The Government has recently approved a Central Sector	r Scheme for
9. Namo Drone Didi The Government has recently approved a Central Sector providing drones to the Women Self Help Group (SE	
providing drones to the women sent neith Group (Sr.	10s) for the

		period from 2024-25 to 2025-26 with an outlay of Rs. 1261 Crores. The scheme aims to provide drones to 15000 selected Women Self Help Group (SHGs) for providing rental services to farmers for agriculture purpose (application of fertilizers and pesticides). Under this Scheme, Central Financial Assistance @ 80% of the cost of drone and accessories/ancillary charges upto a maximum of Rs. 8.0 Lakhs will be provided to the women SHGs for purchase of drones. The Cluster Level Federations (CLFs) of SHGs may raise the balance amount (total cost of procurement minus subsidy) as loan under National Agriculture Infra Financing Facility (AIF). Interest subvention @ 3% on the AIF loan will be provided to the CLFs. The scheme will also provide sustainable business and livelihood support to SHGs and they would be able to earn additional income of at least of Rs. 1.0 lakh per annum.
II. (i	Centrally Sponsored i) Rashtriya Krishi Vil	
10.	Rastriya Krishi Vikas Yojana- Detailed Project Report based schemes (RKVY- DPR)	The scheme focuses on creation of pre & post-harvest infrastructure in agriculture and allied sectors that help in supply of quality inputs, market facilities, etc to farmers. It provides flexibility and autonomy to states to implement projects as per the local farmers' needs and priorities from a bouquet of activities in agriculture and allied sectors. The scheme aims to fill the resources gap of agriculture and allied sectors by providing financial support to states for undertaking various activities to increase in overall growth of agriculture and allied sectors and farmers' income. Under RKVY Agri-startup Programme, since 2019-20, 1524 Start-ups have been selected and Rs. Rs. 106.25 crore released as grants-in-aid for funding the Start-ups.
11.	Soil Health Card (SHC)	Soil health card provides information to farmers on nutrient status of their soil along with recommendation on appropriate dosage of nutrients to be applied for improving soil health and its fertility. The indicators are typically based on farmers' practical experience and knowledge of local natural resources. The card lists soil health indicators that can be assessed without the aid of technical or laboratory equipment. The Scheme rolls out a decentralized system of soil testing which will help in developing a nationwide soil fertility map on a GIS platform that can easily be integrated with the real time decision support systems being developed. In order to develop the soil fertility map, Government of India has decided to conduct 5 Crore Soil Samples across the country during year 2023-24 to 2025-26.
12.	Rainfed Area Development (RAD)	RAD is being implemented since 2014-15. RAD adopts an area based approach in cluster mode for promoting Integrated Farming System (IFS) which focuses on multi-cropping, rotational cropping, inter-cropping, mixed cropping practices with allied activities like horticulture, livestock, fishery, apiculture etc. to

13.	Per Drop More Crop (PDMC)	enable farmers not only in maximizing the farm returns for sustaining livelihood, but also to mitigate the impacts of drought, flood or other extremes weather events. An amount of Rs. 1673.58 crores has been released and an area of 7.13 lakh hectare has been covered under RAD programme from the year 2014-15 to till date. In order to increase water use efficiency at the farm level through Micro Irrigation technologies i.e. drip and sprinkler irrigation systems, Per Drop More Crop (PDMC) scheme was launched during 2015-16. The Micro Irrigation helps in water saving
		as well as reduced fertilizer usage through fertigation, labour expenses, other input costs and overall income enhancement of farmers. It also supports micro level water harvesting, storage, management etc. activities as Other Interventions (OI) to supplement source creation for Micro Irrigation. OI activities allowed on need
		basis up to 40% of the total allocation for North East States, Himalayan States, Jammu & Kashmir, Ladakh and up to 20% for other States. An area of 78 lakh hectare has been covered under Micro irrigation through the PDMC scheme from 2015-16 to 2022-23.
14.	Micro Irrigation Fund (MIF)	A Micro Irrigation Fund (MIF) of initial corpus Rs 5000 crore has been created with NABARD with major objective to facilitate
15.		the States in mobilizing the resources for expanding coverage of Micro Irrigation. Under the funding arrangement, NABARD lends to the States/UTs at 3% lower interest rate than the corresponding cost of fund mobilized by NABARD from the market. The interest subvention on the loan under MIF is borne by Centre under PDMC. Projects with loans under MIF worth Rs 4710.96 crore have been approved so far. Loans amounting Rs.2812.24 crore has been disbursed to States of Andhra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Gujarat, Punjab, Haryana and Rajasthan. The Ministry provides interest subvention on the loan availed by the States which is met from PDMC Scheme. As per the Budget 2021-22, the corpus of the fund is to be doubled to Rs.10000 crores. MIF is now merged with PDMC.
15.	Paramparagat Krishi Vikas	Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana (PKVY) aims to increase soil fertility and thereby helps in production of healthy food through
	Yojana (PKVY)	organic practices without the use of agro-chemicals. The scheme is implemented in a cluster mode with unit cluster size of 20 hectares. A group shall comprise minimum 20 farmers (may be more if individual holdings are less). Farmers in a group can avail benefit of maximum of 2 ha as per provision of PKVY. 25 such clusters are converted into one large cluster of about 500 ha area to facilitate marketing of organic produce. The scheme provides for an assistance of Rs. 31,500 per ha to states, out of which i.e., Rs. 15,000 is given as incentives to a farmer directly through DBT.

16.	Sub-Mission on	Sub Mission on Agricultural Mechanization (SMAM) is being
10.	Agriculture	implemented w.e.f April, 2014 which aims at catalyzing an
	Mechanization	accelerated but inclusive growth of agricultural mechanization in
	(SMAM)	India with the objectives of Increasing the reach of farm
		mechanization to small and marginal farmers and to the regions
		where availability of farm power is low, promoting 'Custom Hiring
		Centres' to offset the adverse economies of scale arising due to small
		landholding and high cost of individual ownership, creating hubs for
		hi-tech& high value farm equipments, creating awareness among
		stakeholders through demonstration and capacity building activities
		and Ensuring performance testing and certification at designated
		testing centers located all over the country. Till date Rs. 6748.78
		Crore have been released to State Governments, distributed more
		than 15,75,719 agricultural machinery & equipment's including
		Tractors, Power Tillers, Self-Propelled Machineries and Plant
		=
		Protection Equipment and established 23472 nos of Custom Hiring
		Centres, 504 nos of Hi-Tech Hubs and 20597 nos. of Farm
		Machinery Banks.
		Promotion of Drone Technology under SMAM
		Looking into the unique advantages of Drone technologies in
		agriculture, a Standard Crop Specific Operating Procedures (SOPs)
		released the for use of drones in pesticide and nutrient application in
		public domain on 20.04.2023, which provides concise instructions
		for effective and safe operations of drones.
		From within the funds of SMAM, so far an amount of Rs.
		138.82 crores have been released towards Kisan drone promotion,
		which include purchase of 317 Drones for their demonstration in
		79070 hectares of land and supply of 461 drones to the farmers on
		subsidy and also supply of 1595 drones to the CHCs for providing
		drone services to the farmers on rental basis.
17.	Crop Residue	Crop Residue Management was implemented from 2018-19 in
	Management	Punjab, Haryana, Uttar Pradesh and NCT of Delhi. Its objectives
	1vianagement	include protecting environment from air pollution and preventing
		loss of nutrients and soil micro-organisms caused by burning of
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		crop residue through promoting in-situ management of crop
		residue. In this regard, it proposes to set up Farm Machinery Banks
		for custom hiring of in-situ crop residue management machinery.
		It also aims to creating awareness among stakeholders through
		demonstration, capacity building activities and differentiated
		information, education and communication strategies for effective
		utilization and management of crop residue. Rs. 3333.17 crore has
		been released under the scheme since inception and distributed
		more than 2,95,845 CRM machinery. CRM is now merged with
		SMAM.
18.	Agro-forestry	Agro-forestry was conceived on the recommendation of the National
		Agro-forestry Policy 2014 to promote plantation on farmlands. The
		restructured agro-forestry under RKVY is aimed to provide Quality

		Planting Materials (QPM) and the certification in order to promote planting of trees on farm land for improving the livelihood of farmers.
II (i	i). Krishonnati Yojan	a
19.	National Food Security (NFSM) National Food Mission (NFSM)	The Mission aims at increasing production of rice, wheat, pulses, coarse cereals (Maize and Barley) and Nutri-Cereals through area expansion and productivity enhancement in a sustainable manner in the identified districts of 28 States and 2 UTs (i.e., J&K and Ladakh). Other objectives include restoring Soil fertility and productivity at the individual farm level, enhancing farm level economy to restore confidence amongst the farmers and post harvest value addition at farm gate. Since the declaration of the International Year of Millets (IYM) 2023 by the UNGA in 2021, Government has taken a proactive multi stakeholder engagement approach to achieve the aim of IYM 2023 and taking Indian millets globally. 25 seed-hubs have been established to ensure availability of quality seed of latest improved varieties of Nutri cereals in the country. Millet missions have been launched across 13 states including Odisha, Tamil Nadu, Chhattisgarh, Assam, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Himachal Pradesh, Gujarat and Rajasthan. More than 500 start-ups and 350 FPOs have been
20.	Sub-Mission on Seed and Planting Material (SMSP)	established and are operational in the millet ecosystem as of now. SMSP covers the entire gamut of seed production chain, from production of nucleus seed to supply of certified seeds to the farmers, to provide support for creation of infrastructure conducive for development of the seed sector, support to the public seed producing organisations for improving their capacity and quality of seed production, create dedicated seed bank to meet unforeseen circumstances of natural calamities, etc. For effective monitoring, efficiency and transparency covering Seed chain from Nucleus-Breeder-Foundation-Certified Seed, first phase of Seed Authentication, Traceability & Holistic Inventory (SATHI) portal
21.	National Mission on Edible Oils (NMEO)-Oil Palm	was launched on 19 th April, 2023. SMSP is now merged with NFSM. A new Centrally Sponsored Scheme namely, National Mission on Edible Oil (NMEO)-Oil Palm (NMEO-OP) has been launched by Government of India in 2021 in order to promote oil palm cultivation for making the country Aatamnirbhar in edible oils with special focus on North-Eastern States and A&N Islands. The Mission will bring additional area of 6.5 lakh ha under Oil Palm plantation with 3.28 lakh ha in north-eastern states and 3.22 in rest of India in next 5 years from 2021-22 to 2025-26.
22	Mission for Integrated Development of Horticulture (MIDH)	Mission for Integrated Development of Horticulture (MIDH), a Centrally Sponsored Scheme was launched during 2014-15 for holistic growth of the horticulture sector covering fruits, vegetables, root and tuber crops, mushrooms, spices, flowers, aromatic plants, coconut, cashew, cocoa and Bamboo. Major components include

		plantation infrastructure development, establishment of new orchards and gardens for fruits, vegetables, spices and flowers,
		rejuvenation of unproductive, old, and senile orchards, protected cultivation, promotion of organic farming, pollination support
		through bee keeping, horticulture mechanization, post-harvest management (phm) and marketing infrastructure etc.
		Under MIDH since 2014-15 to 2023-24 (as on 31.10.2023)
		an additional area of 12.95 lakh ha. of identified horticulture crops has been covered, 872 nurseries established for production of quality
		planting material, 1.41 lakh ha. of old and senile orchards has been rejuvenated, 52069 ha. been covered under organic practices and
		3.07 lakh ha. has been covered under Protected Cultivation.
23	National Bamboo Mission (NBM)	The Scheme is implemented in 23 States and 1 UT (J&K) through the State Bamboo Missions (SBM)/ State Bamboo
		Development Agency (SBDA).NBM mainly focus on the
		development of complete value chain of the bamboo sector. It is envisaged to link growers with consumers with a cluster approach
		mode. Under NBM, 367 Bamboo Nurseries established, 212 bamboo
		Nurseries Accredited by the State Level Accreditation Committees,
		46000 ha bamboo plantations established in non-forest Government & private lands, 81 units for bamboo primary processing established,
		416 units established for value addition and product development,
		and capacity building for 15000 persons including farmers, artisans and entrepreneurs. NBM is now merged with MIDH.
24	Integrated Scheme for Agriculture	ISAM supports state governments in governing the agricultural produce marketing through creation and improvement of
	Marketing (ISAM)	market structures, capacity building and generating access to market
		information. During 2017-18, National Agriculture Market Scheme popularly known as e-NAM scheme has also been made part of the
		same. National Agriculture Market (e-NAM) is a pan-India
		electronic trading portal which networks the existing APMC mandis to create a unified national market for agricultural commodities.
		1389 mandis of 23 States and 04 UTs have been integrated to e- NAM platform and more than 1.76 Crore Farmers & 2.5 Lakh traders
		have been registered on e-NAM portal.
25	Mission Organic Value Chain	The MOVCDNER aims at development of commodity specific, concentrated, certified organic production clusters in value
	Development for	chain mode to link growers with consumers and to support the
	North Eastern Region	development of entire value chain starting from inputs, seeds, certification, to the creation of facilities for collection, aggregation,
		processing, marketing and brand building initiative in Northeast
		Region (Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim, and Tripura). Since 2015-16 (as on 06.12.2023),
		Rs 1035.17 crore has been released, 379 FPO/FPCs created covering
		189039 farmers and 172966 ha area.

26	Sub-Mission on	The scheme aims at making the extension system farmer
20	Agriculture on	driven and farmer accountable by disseminating technology to
	Extension (SMAE)	farmers through new institutional arrangements viz. Agricultural
	Extension (SIVII 12)	Technology Management Agency (ATMA) at district level to
		operationalize extension reforms in a participatory mode. Digital
		initiatives taken up in agricultural extension include;
		VISTAAR - Virtually integrated Systems To Access
		Agricultural Resourcs being developed as a DPI for Agriculture
		Extension
		Apurva AI- Capturing farmer innovations- Acts as a peer to peer
		learning Platform and provide content for advisory retrieval
		through VISTAAR Bot and also for impact Assessment of
		schemes (AIF completed)
		Wadhwani- Krishi 24X7 for Realtime News monitoring, Tamil
		language and image-based cotton pest identification to be
		plugged in with FLEW/farmer profile mapping
		Kisan Call Centre - Integration with VISTAAR and other IT
		applications and with Kisan Sarathi (ICAR) for direct contact
		with Agri experts
		RAWE- Integration of Agri students for behavioral interaction
		through VISTAAR Bot and Feedback system
		IMD- Weather forecast integrated through DAMU along with
		advisory delivery through VISTAAR
		NRLM- Decentralised Extension Mechanism (Krishi Sakhi,
		Pashu Sakhi, Matsya Sakhi etc) - Capacity building on Digital
		Extension -VISTAAR
27	Digital Agriculture	The scheme aims to improve the existing National e-
		Governance Plan in Agriculture (NeGPA) by developing a digital
		public infrastructure for agriculture that will be built as an open
		source, open standard and interoperable public good to enable
		inclusive, farmer-centric solutions through relevant information
		services for crop planning and health, improved access to farm
		inputs, credit and insurance, help for crop estimation, market
		intelligence, and support for the growth of Agri Techs industry and
		start-ups.
		AgriStack architecture has the following foundational layers: -
		Core registries
		Base databases
		Farmers Database: Farmers ID linked with land records
		Geo-referencing of plots
		Crop Survey, Crop planning and
		Soil Mapping, Soil Fertility
		Unified Farmers Service Interface for state, Pvt. Players
		Data Exchange