GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS RAJYA SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 852 TO BE ANSWERED ON DECEMBER 11, 2023

GARBAGE FREE CITIES UNDER SWACHH BHARAT MISSION-URBAN

NO. 852. SHRI DHANANJAY BHIMRAO MAHADIK:

Will the Minister for HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) the measures being taken by Government to make cities in Maharashtra garbage free;
- (b) the aim of launching the National Capacity Building Framework for achieving garbage free cities under Swachh Bharat Mission-Urban (SBM-U 2.0);
- (c) the present status of the scheme to make cities garbage free under Swachh Bharat Mission-Urban 2.0;
- (d) the details of funds allocated and utilised in the State of Maharashtra under SBM-U 2.0 to make the cities garbage free during the last three years, district-wise; and
- (e) the details of the schemes being run by Government for making the cities garbage free in the country, particularly in Maharashtra?

ANSWER THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS (SHRI KAUSHAL KISHORE)

- (a) & (e): Government of India launched the Swachh Bharat Mission-Urban (SBM-U) on October 2, 2014 with the objective Open Defecation Free (ODF) and for scientific processing of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) generated in the urban areas of the country. To carry forward the progress made, Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM-U) 2.0 has been launched on October 1, 2021 for a period of five years with a vision of achieving Garbage Free Status for all cities through 100% source segregation, door to door collection and scientific management of all fractions of waste including safe disposal in scientific landfills, remediation of all legacy dumpsites and safe sanitation. Various measures have been taken and are being taken by the Union Government to support States including Maharashtra for making cities garbage free interalia,
 - (i) Additional Central Assistance (ACA) at varying rates of 25%, 33% and 50% for different population category of cities for setting up of waste processing facilities such as compost, bio-methanation, waste-to-energy, Material Recovery Facility (MRF), Construction & Demolition Waste processing, dumpsite remediation, etc to increase the waste processing rates.
 - (ii) Technical support is being provided by way of manuals, advisories, designs, protocols covering all aspects of planning, designing and operation and maintenance of waste management.
 - (iii) Funds for Capacity Building (CB) are provided to State and cities to create institutional capacity to effectively implement programmatic interventions to achieve mission objectives.
 - (iv) Funds for IEC is also provided to State and cities to ensure awareness creation alongwith large scale citizen outreach to intensify 'Jan Andolan' and institutionalize swachh behavior and related set of actions, towards achieving the vision of Garbage Free cities.
 - (v) The 'Swachh Survekshan' launched by Government has encouraged a spirit of healthy competition between cities to compete for achieving improved cleanliness in cities. In addition, annual certification of ODF, ODF+, ODF++ and Water+ is done to prevent sanitation slippages. Similarly, for assessment of waste management, Star Rating Assessment is also done annually.
 - (vi) All the cities have been encouraged to identify their gaps and prepare City Sanitation Action Plans, City Solid Waste Action Plans, Used Water Management Plans and IEC and Capacity Building Plans.

(b): Government of India launched the Swachh Bharat Mission-Urban (SBM-U) on October 2, 2014 with National Capacity Building Framework for Garbage Free Cities has been launched by Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs (MoHUA) under Swachh Bharat Mission-Urban 2.0 to address a comprehensive approach for capacity building in urban sanitation and solid waste management sectors to achieve the vision of SBM-U 2.0.

Centre of Excellence at IIM Indore has been set up to train city stakeholders for waste management. Experienced institutions have been empanelled as Swachhata Knowledge Partners (SKPs) to provide support to States and cities in planning and implementation of SBM-U 2.0. In addition, the Capacity Building Framework also provides for peer-to-peer learning inter-city exposure visits, promoting Start-Ups to fuel innovation, promoting SHGs and informal sector into scientific waste management, various training, etc.

- (c): The present status of the scheme to make cities garbage free under Swachh Bharat Mission Urban 2.O is given below:
 - (i) All Urban Local Bodies (ULB) of all 35 states were achieved 100% Open Defection Free (ODF) status. Out of total ULBs, 3547 ULBs have achieved the ODF+ status, 1191 cities have obtained the ODF++ certification, and 14 cities have been certified as Water Plus.
 - (ii) So far 63.06 lakh Individual Household Latrine (IHHL) units were constructed and 4.09 lakh IHHL unit are under construction out of the mission target 58.99 lakhs, which 113.82% of target and not only exceeding the targets set by the mission but also surpassing the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Similarly, 6.36 lakhs community and public toilets have been constructed against the targeted 5.07 lakhs, which is almost 128%.
 - (iii) Regarding door-to door solid waste collection and segregation, 95.55% wards have 100% door-to-door-collection and 88.70% wards have 100% segregation of municipal solid waste. The management and processing of Municipal Solid Waste have undergone a remarkable transformation, increasing from a mere 16% in 2014 to an impressive 76.49% presently.
 - (iv) Out of a total of 2261 dumpsites having legacy waste around 24.7 crore tons, 332 dumpsites have been completely remediated accounting for 4.27 crore tons. 1785 dumpsites having 17.60 crore tons of legacy waste are being remediated. By 2026 all dumpsites will be remediation 100%.
- (d): Under Swachh Bharat Mission-Urban (SBM-U), the Central financial assistance as Central Share (CS) are sanctioned/ released to the State as a whole on the basis of demand made by the State/UT in the form of complete proposals duly approved by State Committees and States further release to their Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) as per the State Action Plan. Hence, the District-wise data is not maintained by the Ministry. The Funds sanctioned and released to the State Govt. of Maharashtra during the last three financial years is given below:

(₹ in crores)

Fund Allocation		Fund released/utilized		
SBM-U (2014-2021)	SBM-U 2.0 (2021-2026)	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
1677.80	3758.50	153.60	245.21	83.75