GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

RAJYA SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2045

ANSWERED ON 20.12.2023

Setting up of Skill Development Centres

2045. Shri Ravichandra Vaddiraju:

Will the Minister of SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP be pleased to state:

- a. whether Government is aware of the need to set up more Skill Development Centres (SDCs) in various States to give training and to make persons self-oriented for their livelihood and to tap their talent;
- b. if so, the details of steps taken by Government in this direction to update technology, and funds sanctioned/spent therefore, year-wise; and
- c. the details of steps being taken by Government in providing skill development, especially to women in the country, till now?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP (SHRI DHARMENDRA PRADHAN)

- (a) Under the Government of India's Skill India Mission (SIM), the Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship (MSDE) delivers skill, re-skill and up-skill training through an extensive network of skill development centres/ institutes under various schemes, viz. Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY), Jan Sikshan Sansthan (JSS), National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme (NAPS) and Craftsman Training Scheme (CTS) through Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs), to all the sections of the society across the country. The SIM aims at enabling youth of India to get future ready & industry ready skills. Under these schemes, Training Centres (TCs) are set up by private/public organizations on need base to impart the training across the country.
- (b) In order to meet skilling requirement for future workforce, improve the quality of skilling and align the training programs with the changes in the economy and technology to meet the needs of the industry, following steps have been taken by Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship (MSDE):
 - i. The training programmes offered under the schemes of MSDE are developed in collaboration with industries, keeping in view market demands. 36 Sector Skill Councils (SSCs), led by industry leaders in the respective sectors, have been set up by National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC).
 - ii. Future ready job-roles addressing the requirement of Industry 4.0, emerging sectors like Drone, Artificial Intelligence (AI), Robotics, Mechatronics, etc., have been prioritized.

- iii. The National Council of Vocational Education and Training (NCVET) has been set up as an overarching regulator establishing regulations and standards to ensure quality in the Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) space.
- iv. The Awarding Bodies recognised by NCVET are expected to develop the qualifications as per the industry demand and map them with the identified occupations as per the National Classification of Occupation, 2015, of Ministry of Labour and Employment and obtain industry validations.
- v. DGT has also signed MoU with IT Tech companies like IBM, CISCO, Future Skill Rights Network (erstwhile Quest Alliance), Amazon Web Services (AWS) and Microsoft to ensure industry linkages for the institutes at the state and regional levels under Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) initiatives.

Details of year-wise fund released under the schemes of MSDE are as under:

(Rs. in Crores)

Scheme	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	Total
NAPS	41.62	47.60	107.64	241.60	335.67	774.13
PMKVY	1490.09	1857.89	1240.45	696.05	291.78	5576.26
JSS	68.06	111.98	107.67	137.63	154.65	580.01

Day-to-day administration as well as financial control in respect of ITIs lies with the respective State Government/Union Territory Administration.

(c) As stated above, training under the skill development programmes is provided to all the sections of the society including women, with specific provisions for encouraging participation of women. In order to increase the participation of women under PMKVY, conveyance cost and boarding & lodging facilities are being provided to them. Further, there are 313 women ITIs & National Skill Training Institutes for women. In addition to this, under the JSS scheme, focus is being given to women and other vulnerable sections. Since July 2018, coverage of women beneficiaries under the scheme has been about 82% of the total beneficiaries.
