GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

RAJYA SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1165

TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 13TH DECEMBER, 2023/ AGRAHAYANA 22, 1945 (SAKA)

DRUG ABUSE BY WOMEN, CHILDREN AND YOUTH

1165 SHRI C. VE. SHANMUGAM:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the incidence of use of drugs is rising rapidly among women, children and youth in the country;
- (b) if so, the details thereof;
- (c) the steps taken by Government to control and prevent it;
- (d) the number of cases of drug abuse registered and the number of persons arrested or booked for trading in drugs and psychotropic substance during the last three years, year-wise, State-wise; and
- (e) the number of women and children detained for selling/using drugs during each of the last three years and the current year?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI NITYANAND RAI)

(a) & (b) As per the National Survey on Extent and Pattern of Substance
Use in India conducted during 2018, the details of drug abuse among
children and women are as under:

| Substance | Prevalence of current use | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Estimated no. of children | Estimated no. of women | | | |
| | (10-17 years) | (18-75 years) | | | |
| Cannabis | 20,00,000 | 34,80,000 | | | |
| Opioids | 40,00,000 | 8,53,000 | | | |
| Sedatives | 20,00,000 | 5,67,000 | | | |
| Cocaine | 2,00,000 | 91,000 | | | |
| ATS | 4,00,000 | 2,68,000 | | | |

(Source: Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment)

- (c) To address the problem of Drug Abuse among children and women,
 Government has formulated and implemented National Action Plan for
 Drug Demand Reduction (NAPDDR) under which the Government is taking
 a sustained and coordinated action for arresting the problem of substance
 abuse among the youth and women. This includes:
 - a. Launching of Nasha Mukt Bharat Abhiyaan (NMBA) in 272 most vulnerable districts, later on extended to all districts of the country under which a massive community outreach is being done through more than 8000 youth volunteers. So far NMBA has reached out to more-than 10.72 crore people including 3.38 crore youth and 2.27 crore women.
 - b. 340 Integrated Rehabilitation Centers for Addicts (IRCAs) are supported by the Government. These IRCAs not only provide treatment for the drug victims, but also give services of preventive education, awareness generation, motivational counseling, detoxification/de-addiction, after care and re-integration into the social mainstream. Government also provided support to special deaddiction center for women and children.
 - c. 46 Community based Peer led Intervention (CPLI) Centers are supported by the Government. These CPLIs focus on vulnerable and at risk children and adolescents. Under this, peer educators engage children for awareness generation and life skill activities.

- d. 73 Outreach and Drop In Centers (ODICs) are supported by the Government. These ODICs provide safe and secure space for treatment and rehabilitation for substance users, with provision of screening, assessment and counseling and thereafter provide referral and linkage for treatment and rehabilitation services for substance dependence.
- e. Government also supports setting up of Addiction Treatment Facilities (ATFs) in some Government hospitals, which is being implemented through AIIMS, New Delhi. So far, 60 ATFs have been established in Government hospital across the country.
- f. 44 District De-addiction Centres (DDACs) which provides all three facilities provided by IRCA, ODIC and CPLI under one roof have been set up so far.
- g. A Toll-free Helpline for de-addiction, 14446 is being maintained by the Government for providing primary counseling and immediate assistance to persons seeking help.
- h. Government through its autonomous body National Institute of Social Defense (NISD) and other collaborating agencies like State Counsel of Educational Research and Training (SCERTs), Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan etc. provides for regular awareness generation and sensitization sessions for all stakeholders including students, teachers, parents.

- (d) As per latest data published by National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB) pertaining to the year 2022, the state-wise number of Cases Registered (CR) for possession for drugs for personal use/consumption and Persons Arrested (PAR) for possession of drugs for trafficking under the Narcotic Drugs & Psychotropic Substances Act during 2020-2022 is as at Annexure-I.
- (e) As per latest data published by National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB) pertaining to the year 2022, State/UT-wise Children (below 18 Yrs) apprehended and women (above 18 Yrs) arrested under the Narcotic Drugs & Psychotropic Substances Act During 2020-2022 is as at Annexure-II.

State-wise number of Cases Registered (CR) for possession for drugs for personal use/consumption and Persons Arrested (PAR) for possession of drugs for trafficking under the Narcotic Drugs & Psychotropic Substances Act during 2020-2022

| SL | State/UT | Cases Registered (CR) for possession for drugs for personal use/consumption | | | Persons Arrested (PAR) for possession of drugs for trafficking | | |
|----|-------------------------------|---|-------|-------|--|-------|-------|
| | | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
| 1 | Andhra Pradesh | 264 | 550 | 521 | 910 | 1469 | 2687 |
| 2 | Arunachal Pradesh | 96 | 219 | 235 | 86 | 95 | 118 |
| 3 | Assam | 482 | 1265 | 1393 | 1149 | 1887 | 2404 |
| 4 | Bihar | 881 | 1214 | 1642 | 122 | 280 | 226 |
| 5 | Chhattisgarh | 60 | 31 | 70 | 1248 | 1627 | 1729 |
| 6 | Goa | 77 | 57 | 62 | 90 | 74 | 108 |
| 7 | Gujarat | 117 | 200 | 211 | 343 | 479 | 528 |
| 8 | Haryana | 1783 | 1598 | 2203 | 2499 | 2001 | 2906 |
| 9 | Himachal Pradesh | 390 | 448 | 415 | 1565 | 1910 | 1537 |
| 10 | Jharkhand | 243 | 329 | 204 | 124 | 281 | 422 |
| 11 | Karnataka | 3098 | 4588 | 5170 | 1833 | 2410 | 2236 |
| 12 | Kerala | 4582 | 5098 | 24959 | 639 | 1032 | 2260 |
| 13 | Madhya Pradesh | 1511 | 2109 | 2642 | 2574 | 3159 | 2834 |
| 14 | Maharashtra | 4067 | 8583 | 12286 | 1201 | 2382 | 2595 |
| 15 | Manipur | 101 | 125 | 132 | 236 | 192 | 422 |
| 16 | Meghalaya | 23 | 33 | 68 | 107 | 48 | 134 |
| 17 | Mizoram | 47 | 57 | 96 | 71 | 93 | 214 |
| 18 | Nagaland# | 63 | 74 | 148 | 79 | 144 | 150 |
| 19 | Odisha | 148 | 183 | 64 | 1704 | 2327 | 2617 |
| 20 | Punjab | 2870 | 4206 | 5009 | 6812 | 8577 | 11091 |
| 21 | Rajasthan | 1008 | 1018 | 1393 | 3132 | 4149 | 4705 |
| 22 | Sikkim | 8 | 26 | 22 | 21 | 55 | 29 |
| 23 | Tamil Nadu | 4151 | 4943 | 7795 | 2012 | 2911 | 2788 |
| 24 | Telangana | 264 | 722 | 755 | 623 | 1421 | 1374 |
| 25 | Tripura | 34 | 26 | 41 | 613 | 748 | 1030 |
| 26 | Uttar Pradesh | 4963 | 5613 | 6621 | 6356 | 5815 | 5665 |
| 27 | Uttarakhand | 675 | 1482 | 1234 | 643 | 531 | 257 |
| 28 | West Bengal | 409 | 514 | 434 | 2019 | 2128 | 1904 |
| | TOTAL STATE(S) | 32415 | 45311 | 75825 | 38811 | 48225 | 54970 |
| 29 | A&N Islands | 44 | 25 | 20 | 30 | 9 | 49 |
| 30 | Chandigarh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 119 | 100 | 193 |
| 31 | D&N Haveli and Daman & Diu | 4 | 6 | 11 | 1 | 0 | C |
| 32 | Delhi | 458 | 272 | 796 | 475 | 616 | 716 |
| 33 | Jammu & Kashmir | 289 | 357 | 394 | 1138 | 1838 | 2762 |
| 34 | Ladakh | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 6 |
| 35 | Lakshadweep | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 2 |
| 36 | Puducherry | 30 | 54 | 121 | 20 | 55 | 74 |
| | TOTAL UT(S) | 831 | 718 | 1347 | 1783 | 2626 | 3802 |
| | TOTAL (ALL INDIA) | 33246 | 46029 | 77172 | 40594 | 50851 | 58772 |

Source: Crime in India, NCRB

#Clarifications are pending from Nagaland for the year 2022

State/UT-wise Children (below 18 Yrs) apprehended and women (above 18 Yrs) arrested under the Narcotic Drugs & Psychotropic Substances Act During 2020-2022

| SL | State/UT | Children (Below 18 Yrs) | | | Women (Above 18 Yrs) | | |
|----|--------------------------------|-------------------------|------|------|----------------------|------|------|
| | | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
| 1 | Andhra Pradesh | 27 | 51 | 64 | 62 | 109 | 165 |
| 2 | Arunachal Pradesh | 0 | 19 | 4 | 4 | 31 | 59 |
| 3 | Assam | 3 | 7 | 17 | 57 | 210 | 197 |
| 4 | Bihar | 0 | 1 | 22 | 0 | 3 | 6 |
| 5 | Chhattisgarh | 11 | 8 | 31 | 34 | 38 | 65 |
| 6 | Goa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 11 |
| 7 | Gujarat | 1 | 2 | 3 | 19 | 28 | 32 |
| 8 | Haryana | 28 | 13 | 14 | 243 | 174 | 337 |
| 9 | Himachal Pradesh | 12 | 19 | 12 | 93 | 108 | 83 |
| 10 | Jharkhand | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| 11 | Karnataka | 8 | 10 | 10 | 43 | 38 | 49 |
| 12 | Kerala | 7 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 14 | 65 |
| 13 | Madhya Pradesh | 16 | 61 | 12 | 71 | 101 | 87 |
| 14 | Maharashtra | 8 | 16 | 16 | 99 | 164 | 155 |
| 15 | Manipur | 3 | 2 | 0 | 56 | 53 | 97 |
| 16 | Meghalaya | 1 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 14 | 13 |
| 17 | Mizoram | 0 | 0 | 2 | 22 | 28 | 80 |
| 18 | Nagaland | 0 | 2 | 0 | 16 | 43 | 44 |
| 19 | Odisha | 0 | 5 | 0 | 46 | 95 | 102 |
| 20 | Punjab | 16 | 25 | 37 | 788 | 928 | 1448 |
| 21 | Rajasthan | 24 | 38 | 36 | 68 | 144 | 165 |
| 22 | Sikkim | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| 23 | Tamil Nadu | 45 | 48 | 101 | 540 | 562 | 490 |
| 24 | Telangana | 15 | 34 | 18 | 50 | 94 | 80 |
| 25 | Tripura | 1 | 1 | 7 | 13 | 15 | 36 |
| 26 | Uttar Pradesh | 12 | 7 | 2 | 50 | 23 | 18 |
| 27 | Uttarakhand | 3 | 2 | 2 | 19 | 24 | 24 |
| 28 | West Bengal | 23 | 20 | 13 | 108 | 54 | 89 |
| | TOTAL STATE(S) | 264 | 397 | 430 | 2527 | 3104 | 4000 |
| 29 | A&N Islands | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 4 | 2 |
| 30 | Chandigarh | 0 | 0 | 1 | 15 | 8 | 10 |
| 31 | D&N Haveli and Daman & Diu+ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 32 | Delhi | 1 | 3 | 10 | 50 | 82 | 75 |
| 33 | Jammu & Kashmir* | 5 | 9 | 14 | 14 | 38 | 57 |
| 34 | Ladakh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 35 | Lakshadweep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 36 | Puducherry | 2 | 2 | 9 | 2 | 6 | 1 |
| | TOTAL UT(S) | 8 | 14 | 34 | 93 | 138 | 146 |
| | TOTAL (ALL INDIA) | 272 | 411 | 464 | 2620 | 3242 | 4146 |

Source : Crime in India, NCRB