GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF MINES RAJYA SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 151 ANSWERED ON 18.12.2023

DISCOVERY OF NEW MINERAL DEPOSITS

*151. SHRI SATISH CHANDRA DUBEY:

Will the Minister of MINES be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of new mineral deposits found, if any, in the last three years; and
- (b) the manner in which Government is overcoming the challenges and taking up the opportunities for mineral exploration in the country?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF MINES, COAL AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI PRALHAD JOSHI)

(a) and (b): A Statement is laid on the table of the House.

STATEMENT REFERRED IN REPLY TO PARTS (a) AND (b) OF RAJYA SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO.151 ANSWERED ON 18.12.2023 ASKED BY SHRI SATISH CHANDRA DUBEY REGARDING 'DISCOVERY OF NEW MINERAL DEPOSITS'

(a): Geological Survey of India, an attached office of Ministry of Mines has been carrying out mineral exploration in the country with an aim to augment resource for various mineral commodities like Iron ore, Manganese, Chromite, Gold, PGE, Base metals, Rare Earth Elements, Molybdenum, Nickel, Tungsten, Lithium, Limestone, Bauxite, Graphite, Potash, Phosphorite etc. The details of mineral exploration projects undertaken by GSI different parts of the country during the last three years and current year are given in Annexure-I. Further, the details of the resources augmented by GSI in different parts of the country since amendment of Mines and Minerals Development and Regulation Act, 2015, are given in Annexure-II.

Further, National Mineral Exploration Trust of Ministry of Mines has also funded 270 of mineral exploration projects in the country out of which 162 projects have been completed. Out of completed 162 projects, in 88 projects mineral deposits have been found and the details are at Annexure-III.

The Central Government has undertaken several initiatives to promote mineral exploration. This has resulted in the increase of Obvious Geological Potential (OGP) and area under exploration. India's OGP has increased from 5.71 Lakh Sq Km to 6.88 Lakh Sq. Km. Area under exploration is almost touching 2 Lakh Sq. Km out of 4.5 Lakh Sq. Km, thus achieving more than 30% exploration.

Over the years, several amendments have been made to the MMDR Act that has led to a more competitive mining sector. So far, a total of 335 mineral blocks have been auctioned by States (since MMDR Act 2015), out of which 227 (68%) have been auctioned since 2021-22 (since MMDR Amendment Act 2021).

- (b): The following measures have been taken by the Central Government to overcome the challenges and taking up opportunities for mineral exploration in the country:
- (i) Amendment in the Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Act, 1957 (MMDR Act) in 2021 has empowered the Central Government to notify private sector entities to undertake prospecting operations. The notified agencies are eligible for funding from National Mineral Exploration Trust (NMET). So far, a total of 16 private agencies have been notified to take up mineral exploration in the country. These agencies can submit proposals of critical minerals and deepseated mineral projects directly to NMET and through State Government for other minerals. Further, an Exploration Incentive (EI) of 25% of the approved cost of the project for G4 items in Greenfield areas for gold, base metals, other precious minerals, strategic/ critical minerals, and fertilizer minerals have been introduced by NMET. Exploration Incentive will be paid if the block is successfully auctioned or upgraded from G4 to G3 Stage.
- (ii) Given the importance of critical and strategic minerals including Rare Earth Elements, the MMDR Act has been further amended in 2023 empowering the Central Government to conduct auction for grant of mining lease or composite license in respect of 24 minerals listed in Part D of First Schedule. The amendment also introduced provision of Exploration Licence (EL), to undertake reconnaissance and prospecting operations for critical and deep-seated minerals for 29 minerals listed in the Seventh Schedule of the Act.

- (iii) Moreover, GSI is generating baseline geoscience data e.g. geological mapping, geochemical mapping, geophysical mapping and aero-geophysical survey pan India which are of paramount importance for effective planning of mineral exploration. GSI has targeted to complete National Geochemical and Geophysical mapping of the accessible part of the country on priority. GSI is also executing "National Aero-Geophysical Mapping Programme (NAGMP)" to acquire uniform aero-geophysical data over the pre-identified Obvious Geological Potential areas (7.78 lakh sq km) and other areas.
- (iv) A National Geoscience Data Repository is being established for the benefit of all stakeholders wherein all geoscientific data will be made available at one platform.

The details of mineral exploration (G2/G3/G4) by GSI during last 3 years and current year 2023-24 A. Non Energy Mineral:

| | No. of exploration Projects | | niects | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|---|--|
| State | taken up | | Jeeus | Commodity | | |
| | 2020- 21 | 2021- 22 | 2022- | 2023- 24 | | |
| Meghalaya | 5 | 4 | 6 | 9 | Bauxite, Limestone, REE, Phosphate, Lithium-REE & RM, Tungsten, Molybdenum, Sillimanite, Phosphate, Basemetal. | |
| Assam | 3 | 2 | 6 | 5 | REE, Limestone, Molybdenum, Gold | |
| Arunachal Pradesh | 7 | 8 | 5 | 6 | Graphite, Gold, Basemetal, Vanadium, REE & Associated Precious And Basemetal, Lithium, Tantalum, Phosphorite | |
| Nagaland | 1 | 0 | 3 | 3 | Iron, Nickel, Gold, Lithium & REE, Nickel-Chromite & PGE, Limestone | |
| Sikkim | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Graphite, Basemetal, Gold | |
| Manipur | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | Copper-Nickel & PGE, Chromium | |
| Chhattisgarh | 5 | 15 | 20 | 23 | Bauxite, Limestone, Iron, REE, Glauconitic Shale/Sandstone, Graphite, Gold, REE & RM, Lithium, Molybdenum, Tungsten, Basemetal, Phosphorite, Diamond, Potash, Copper, Barium, Manganese | |
| Maharashtra | 8 | 8 | 13 | 13 | Copper, Basemetal, REE & RM, Vanadium, Chromite-Nickel & PGE, Bauxite, Tungsten, Lead-Zinc, Gold, Pyrophyllite | |
| Madhya Pradesh | 14 | 20 | 28 | 24 | Copper, Basemetal, Barite & Basemetal, Scandium & Lithium, Phosphorite, Nickel-Chromite & PGE, Laterite & Bauxite, Gold, Graphite, Ree, Molybdenum, PGE, Silica & Basemetal, Hafnium-Niobium-Yttrium & Ree, Tungsten, Gold, Diamond, Rm, Vanadium, Iron, Bauxite, Limestone, Phyrophyllite, Diaspore, Potash, Manganese, Nickel | |
| Haryana | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | Copper, REE, RM, Tin, Basemetal | |
| Himachal Pradesh | 1 | 2 | 6 | 2 | Phosphorite, Gypsum, Vanadium, Tungsten, REE, Lead-Zinc | |
| Uttar Pradesh | 5 | 4 | 7 | 11 | Bauxite, Gold, Potash, Basemetal, Tin-Tungsten, REE & R Diamond, Iron, Limestone, Potash, Heavy Minerals, Nick Molybdenum, Vanadium, Titanium | |
| Uttarakhand | 2 | 6 | 4 | 4 | Tungsten-Tin, RM & REE, Basemetal, Molybdenum, Gold, Vanadium, Phosphorite, Potash | |
| Ladakh UT | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | Chromite, Nickel, Lithium, PGE | |
| Jammu and Kashmir UT | 2 | 5 | 2 | 4 | Graphite, Bauxite, REE, Lithium, Tin, Tungsten, Chromium, Nickel, PGE, Gold, Basemetal, Sapphire, Limestone | |
| Punjab | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Potash | |
| Andhra Pradesh | 13 | 16 | 24 | 26 | Copper, Manganese, Diamond, Silver, Gold, Tungsten, Barite, Molybdenum, Lead-Zinc, Graphite, Phosphorite, REE, Lithium, Rm, Basemetals, Nickel & Cobalt, | |
| Karnataka | 13 | 14 | 17 | 24 | Gold, Copper, REE, Chromium-Nickel & PGE, RM, Cobalt, Manganese, Molybdenum, Tungsten, Basemetal, Lead-Zinc, Silver, Iron, Manganese, Phosphorite, Limestone, Bauxite, Diamond, Lithium | |
| Telangana | 3 | 4 | 7 | 11 | REE, Basemetal, Chromite, PGE, Gold, Bauxite, Rm, Limestone, Copper, Diamond | |
| Tamil Nadu | 1 | 8 | 10 | 15 | Molybdenum, Diamond, Graphite, Phosphorite, REE & RM, PGE-Nickel-Chromium, Gold, Limestone, Iron, Dunite, Basemetal | |
| Goa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Nickel | |
| Kerala | 3 | 3 | 4 | 7 | Gold, Bauxite, REE, REE & RM, Molybdenum, Vanadium, PGE & Graphite, Chromium- Vanadium- Nickel & PGE, REE- Molybdenum- Rare metals. | |

| Jharkhand | 12 | 20 | 18 | 18 | Tungsten, Gold, Copper, Manganese, Lithium, Ceasium, REE & RM, Bauxite, Titanium, Vanadium, Gallium, Zinc, Graphite, Rock Phosphate, Basemetals, Diamond, Chromite, Iron |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|
| Odisha | 13 | 15 | 22 | 26 | Iron, Manganese, Copper, Graphite, RM, Phosphorite, Diamond, Bauxite, Nickel-Cobalt-Chromium |
| Bihar | 6 | 8 | 6 | 5 | Gold, REE & RM, Lithium, Potash, Fireclay, Alluminus Laterite, Iron (Magnetite), Basemetal |
| West Bengal | 6 | 3 | 6 | 9 | Tin, Tungsten, Gold, Basemetal, REE, Manganese, Copper, Niobium, RM |
| Rajasthan | 39 | 51 | 64 | 67 | Basemetal, Copper, Gold, Iron, REE & RM, Potash, Manganese, Phosphorite, Tungsten, Lithium, Limestone, Niobium, Barilium, Neodymium, Dysprosoum, Silver, Graphite, Vanadium, Emerald, Tellurium, Scandium, Nickel-Chromium& PGE, Ceasium, Strontium |
| Gujarat | 4 | 6 | 5 | 6 | REE & RM, Tin, Tungsten, Tantallum, Niobium, Baemetals, Gold, PGE, Nickel, Chromium, Lithium, Ceasium, Graphite |
| Total | 170 | 226 | 289 | 325 | |

B. Energy Minerals

| State | | Commodity | | | |
|----------------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|
| | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | 2022-23 | 2023-24 | |
| Assam | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Coal |
| Nagaland | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Coal |
| Andhra Pradesh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Coal |
| Telangana | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Coal |
| Chhattisgarh | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | Coal |
| Madhya Pradesh | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | Coal |
| Maharashtra | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | Coal |
| Bihar | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | Coal |
| Odisha | 5 | 2 | 3 | 4 | Coal |
| West Bengal | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | Coal |
| Jharkhand | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Coal |
| Rajasthan | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Lignite |
| Tamil Nadu | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Lignite |
| Total | 24 | 11 | 13 | 17 | |

Annexure-II The details of resource augmented by GSI since MMDR Amendment Act, 2015

| Sl. No. | Commodity | Resource | Sl. No. | Commodity | Resource |
|---------|---------------|---------------------|---------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | | (in million tonnes) | | | (in million tonnes) |
| 1 | Iron ore | 1833 | 10 | REE ore* | 136 |
| 2 | Manganese ore | 25 | 11 | Lithium* | 5.9 |
| 3 | Gold ore | 11 | 12 | Glauconitic ore/Potash* | 812 |
| 4 | Copper ore | 202 | 13 | Gallium ore* | 45 |
| 5 | Lead-Zinc Ore | 8 | 14 | Graphite ore* | 21 |
| 6 | Bauxite ore | 93 | 15 | Niobium* | 200 |
| 7 | Limestone | 16640 | 16 | Vanadium* | 35 |
| 8 | Coal | 23011 | 17 | Cobalt* | 275 tonnes |
| 9 | Lignite | 1912 | | | |

^{*} critical and strategic minerals

Details of successful NMET funded projects where mineral deposits have been found

| Sl.no. | State | No. of Project Successful | Remarks/Commodities | | |
|--------|----------------|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 1 | Andhra Pradesh | 8 | Basemetal, Coal, Diamond, Limestone, | | |
| 2 | Chhattisgarh | 11 | Nickle, Copper, Gold, Coal, Limestone, Bauxite & Associated minerals | | |
| 3 | Jharkhand | 2 | Bauxite, Copper, Limestone, Iron Ore, Gold & Basemetal, Andalusite, Tin, Lead, Zinc | | |
| 4 | Karnataka | 4 | Basemetal, Kyanite, Limestone, Iron Ore, Gold, Copper, Lead, Zinc, Nickle, Graphite | | |
| 5 | Madhya Pradesh | 7 | Limestone, Basemetals, Gold, Manganese Phosphorite, Graphite, Coal | | |
| 6 | Maharashtra | 1 | Manganese, Iron Ore Nickel Chromium & Gold, PGE Mineralization, Barium Gold Lead Copper & Tungsten | | |
| 7 | Nagaland | 2 | Limestone, Magnetite/Ni-Co-Cr | | |
| 8 | Odisha | 21 | Iron, Copper, Manganese, Limestone, Bauxite, Graphite | | |
| 9 | Rajasthan | 8 | Manganese,Iron, Copper, Basemetal & Silver, Potash, Magnesite, Molybdenum, Emerald,Gold & REE | | |
| 10 | Tamilnadu | 10 | Lignite, Dunite, Nickle, Chromium&PGE, Limestone, Magnesite | | |
| 11 | Telangana | 11 | Limestone, Molybdenum, Manganese, Copper | | |
| 12 | Uttar Pradesh | 2 | Phosphorite, Copper, Lead-Zinc | | |
| 13 | West Bengal | 1 | Coal | | |
| | Total | 88 | | | |