## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

## RAJYA SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 576 TO BE ANSWERED ON 25<sup>th</sup> July, 2023

### **DEATHS DUE TO DIABETES**

#### 576. SHRI G.C. CHANDRASHEKHAR:

Will the **Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that around 7 lakh people die every year due to diabetes and if so, the details thereof; and
- (b) the annual expenditure and investment on treatment of diabetes in the country including hospital beds and other supporting infrastructure?

#### **ANSWER**

# THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILYWELFARE (PROF. SATYA PAL SINGH BAGHEL)

(a) to (b); According to the ICMR study Report "India: Health of the Nation's States", crude death rate was 23.1% in 2016 as compared to 10% in 1990. The detailed report is available at the following link-

https://www.healthdata.org/sites/default/files/files/policy\_report/2017/India\_Health\_of\_the\_Nation% 27s\_States\_Report\_2017.pdf

The Department of Health & Family Welfare, Government of India provides technical and financial support to the States/UTs under the National Programme for Prevention and Control of Non Communicable Diseases (NP-NCD), as part of National Health Mission (NHM), based on the proposals received from the States/UTs and subject to the resource envelope. Diabetes is an integral part of the programme. The programme focusses on strengthening infrastructure, human resource development, health promotion & awareness generation for prevention, early diagnosis, management and referral to an appropriate level of healthcare facility for treatment of the Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs). Under NPCDCS, 724 District NCD Clinics, 210 District Cardiac Care Units, 326 District Day Care Centres and 6110 Community Health Centre NCD Clinics have been set up.

Diabetes patients are getting treatment at various health facilities in the health care delivery system including District Hospitals, Medical Colleges, Central Institutes like AIIMS, Central Government hospitals, and private sector hospitals. The treatment in Government Hospitals is either free or highly subsidized for the poor and needy.

Under NP-NCD, glucometer and drugs for diabetes are provided as per the proposals received from the states. Under Free Drugs Service Initiative of NHM, financial support is provided to States/UTs for provision of free essential medicines including insulin for poor and needy people. Furthermore,

quality generic medicines including insulin are made available at affordable prices to all, under 'Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Janaushadhi Pariyojana (PMBJP), in collaboration with the State Governments.

A population-based initiative for prevention, control and screening for common Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs) i.e., diabetes, hypertension and common cancers has been rolled out in the country under NHM and also as a part of Comprehensive Primary Health Care. Under the initiative, persons more than 30 years of age are targeted for their screening for common NCDs. Screening of these common NCDs is an integral part of service delivery under Ayushman Bharat – Health and Wellness Centres.

Preventive aspect of Cardiovascular Diseases is strengthened under Comprehensive Primary Health Care through Ayushman Bharat Health Wellness Centre scheme, by promotion of wellness activities and targeted communication at the community level. In addition, NPCDCS gives financial support under NHM for awareness generation (IEC) activities for Diabetes to be undertaken by the States/UTs as per their Programme Implementation Plans (PIPs). Other initiatives for increasing public awareness about Diabetes and for promotion of healthy lifestyle includes observation of World Diabetes Day and use of print, electronic and social media for continued community awareness. Furthermore, healthy eating is also promoted through FSSAI. Fit India movement is implemented by Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports, and various Yoga related activities are carried out by Ministry of AYUSH.

State/UT-wise expenditure for National Programme for Prevention and Control of Non Communicable Diseases (NP-NCD)) under National Health Mission (NHM) from Financial Year 2020-21 to Financial Year 2022-23 is given at Annexure

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State/UT wise details of Expenditure for National Programme for Prevention and Control of Non Communicable Diseases (NP-NCD) under NHM during the period of F.Y. 2020-21 to 2022-23

(Rs. In lakhs)

			(Rs. In lakhs)		
S.No.	State/UT	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	
		Expenditure	Expenditure	Expenditure	
1	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	24.23	19.61	9.14	
2	Andhra Pradesh	1,193.22	4,206.67	3,054.33	
3	Arunachal Pradesh	151.06	825.60	533.96	
4	Assam	238.50	736.35	793.10	
5	Bihar	818.86	453.73	3,149.22	
6	Chandigarh	0.41	7.35	0.31	
7	Chhattisgarh	703.69	1,686.65	2,359.05	
8	Dadra & Nagar Haveli & Daman & Diu	45.16	55.18	14.53	
9	Delhi	3.65	26.92	21.97	
10	Goa	24.50	96.54	156.05	
11	Gujarat	375.67	926.67	1,711.46	
12	Haryana	181.62	353.18	592.62	
13	Himachal Pradesh	64.67	190.19	440.72	
14	Jammu and Kashmir	42.49	890.34	202.20	
15	Jharkhand	238.12	1,273.15	903.13	
16	Karnataka	604.32	2,186.39	2,625.00	
17	Kerala	1,035.71	734.43	2,372.94	
18	Ladakh	10.39	150.91	146.40	
19	Lakshadweep	2.85	3.07	2.03	
20	Madhya Pradesh	694.32	1,262.50	1,470.14	
21	Maharashtra	486.75	3,474.90	2,018.00	
22	Manipur	20.14	95.41	277.29	
23	Meghalaya	330.26	401.94	219.42	
24	Mizoram	15.80	230.86	22.60	
25	Nagaland	37.86	610.04	41.62	
26	Odisha	1,021.54	1,944.10	3,539.82	
27	Puducherry	1.46	24.81	47.94	
28	Punjab	83.17	160.83	559.97	
29	Rajasthan	882.62	3,301.67	2,700.62	
30	Sikkim	9.20	45.79	56.33	
31	Tamil Nadu	371.00	2,985.56	1,814.00	
32	Telangana	351.54	2,657.83	5,305.20	
33	Tripura	104.05	247.35	203.4	
34	Uttar Pradesh	1,888.30	5,237.37	4,787.92	
35	Uttarakhand	-	327.57	436.72	
36	West Bengal	916.39	3,517.71	4,765.29	

#### Note:

- 1. The above data is as per the available Financial Management Reports (FMRs) reported by the States/UTs.
- 2. Expenditure includes Expenditure against Central Release, State release & unspent balances at the beginning of the year and are provisional.