GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF PLANNING

## RAJYA SABHA <br> UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2070

TO BE ANSWERED ON 07.08.2023

## STANDARD OF LIVING OF THE POOR

## 2070 \# SHRI HARNATH SINGH YADAV:

Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:
(a) whether there has been a decline in the number of people living below the poverty line in the country after the year 2014;
(b) if so, the details thereof, State-wise;
(c) the measures taken by Government to raise the standard of living of the poor; and
(d) whether any norms have been fixed by Government to collect data regarding the number of people who have been brought above the poverty line, if so, the details thereof?


#### Abstract

ANSWER MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION; MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS


## (RAO INDERJIT SINGH)

(a) to (d) Sir, as per NITI Aayog's Report 'National Multidimensional Poverty Index: A Progress Review 2023' 13.5 crore people escaped "Multidimensional Poverty" between 2015-16 and 201921. A Steep decline has been reported in number of multidimensionally poor from $24.85 \%$ to 14.96\% between 2015-16 and 2019-21. An overview of State/UTs: Headcount ratio, Intensity and Multi-Dimensional Poverty Index (MPI) is given at Annexure I and the number who are estimated to have escaped multidimensional poverty is at Annexure II.

Government of India is implementing several schemes, both Central sector and Centrally Sponsored Schemes, for reducing poverty in the country. Some of the schemes aim to directly benefit the citizens through Direct Benefit transfer of resources/ money while others intend to
create enabling infrastructural provisions. These include Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (Mahatma Gandhi NREGS), Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana Gramin (PMAY-G), Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY), Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana - National Rural Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NRLM), Deendayal Antyodaya YojanaNational Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM), Deen Dayal Upadhayay - Gramin Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY), Rural Self Employment Training Institutes (RSETIs), National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP), Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Anna Yojna (PMGKAY), Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana (PMUY), Saansad Adarsh Gram Yojana (SAGY), etc.

ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PART (a) TO (d) OF RAJYA SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2070 FOR 07.08.2023 BY SHRI HARNATH SINGH YADAV:REGARDING STANDARD OF LIVING OF THE POOR
Overview of States and UTs: Headcount Ratio, Intensity and MPI

| Admin Type | State | NFHS 4 (2015-16) |  |  | NFHS 5 (2019-21) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Headcount Ratio (H) | Intensity <br> (A) | MPI | Headcount Ratio (H) | Intensity <br> (A) | MPI |
| State | Andhra Pradesh | 11.77\% | 43.28\% | 0.051 | 6.06\% | 41.12\% | 0.025 |
|  | Arunachal Pradesh | 24.23\% | 47.25\% | 0.115 | 13.76\% | 43.04\% | 0.059 |
|  | Assam | 32.65\% | 47.88\% | 0.156 | 19.35\% | 44.41\% | 0.086 |
|  | Bihar | 51.89\% | 51.01\% | 0.265 | 33.76\% | 47.40\% | 0.160 |
|  | Chhattisgarh | 29.90\% | 44.64\% | 0.133 | 16.37\% | 42.61\% | 0.070 |
|  | Goa | 3.76\% | 40.13\% | 0.015 | 0.84\% | 38.69\% | 0.003 |
|  | Gujarat | 18.47\% | 44.97\% | 0.083 | 11.66\% | 43.25\% | 0.050 |
|  | Haryana | 11.88\% | 44.40\% | 0.053 | 7.07\% | 43.34\% | 0.031 |
|  | Himachal Pradesh | 7.59\% | 39.44\% | 0.030 | 4.93\% | 40.22\% | 0.020 |
|  | Jharkhand | 42.10\% | 47.92\% | 0.202 | 28.81\% | 45.59\% | 0.131 |
|  | Karnataka | 12.77\% | 42.76\% | 0.055 | 7.58\% | 41.21\% | 0.031 |
|  | Kerala | 0.70\% | 38.99\% | 0.003 | 0.55\% | 36.92\% | 0.002 |
|  | Madhya Pradesh | 36.57\% | 47.25\% | 0.173 | 20.63\% | 43.70\% | 0.090 |
|  | Maharashtra | 14.80\% | 43.76\% | 0.065 | 7.81\% | 41.77\% | 0.033 |
|  | Manipur | 16.96\% | 44.61\% | 0.076 | 8.10\% | 41.91\% | 0.034 |
|  | Meghalaya | 32.54\% | 48.08\% | 0.156 | 27.79\% | 48.01\% | 0.133 |
|  | Mizoram | 9.78\% | 47.42\% | 0.046 | 5.30\% | 45.62\% | 0.024 |
|  | Nagaland | 25.16\% | 46.29\% | 0.116 | 15.43\% | 42.61\% | 0.066 |
|  | Odisha | 29.34\% | 46.42\% | 0.136 | 15.68\% | 44.50\% | 0.070 |
|  | Punjab | 5.57\% | 43.74\% | 0.024 | 4.75\% | 41.22\% | 0.020 |
|  | Rajasthan | 28.86\% | 47.34\% | 0.137 | 15.31\% | 42.70\% | 0.065 |
|  | Sikkim | 3.82\% | 41.20\% | 0.016 | 2.60\% | 41.02\% | 0.011 |
|  | Tamil Nadu | 4.76\% | 39.97\% | 0.019 | 2.20\% | 38.70\% | 0.009 |
|  | Telangana | 13.18\% | 43.29\% | 0.057 | 5.88\% | 40.85\% | 0.024 |
|  | Tripura | 16.62\% | 45.03\% | 0.075 | 13.11\% | 42.68\% | 0.056 |
|  | Uttar Pradesh | 37.68\% | 47.60\% | 0.179 | 22.93\% | 44.83\% | 0.103 |
|  | Uttarakhand | 17.67\% | 44.35\% | 0.078 | 9.67\% | 41.99\% | 0.041 |
|  | West Bengal | 21.29\% | 45.50\% | 0.097 | 11.89\% | 42.35\% | 0.050 |
| UT | Andaman \& Nicobar Islands | 4.29\% | 40.50\% | 0.017 | 2.30\% | 40.62\% | 0.009 |
|  | Chandigarh | 5.97\% | 43.39\% | 0.026 | 3.52\% | 47.41\% | 0.017 |
|  | Dadra \& Nagar Haveli \& Daman \& Diu | 19.58\% | 44.23\% | 0.087 | 9.21\% | 42.15\% | 0.039 |
|  | Delhi | 4.44\% | 43.92\% | 0.020 | 3.43\% | 41.99\% | 0.014 |
|  | Jammu \& Kashmir | 12.56\% | 44.17\% | 0.055 | 4.80\% | 42.11\% | 0.020 |
|  | Ladakh | 12.70\% | 40.37\% | 0.051 | 3.53\% | 41.20\% | 0.015 |
|  | Lakshadweep | 1.82\% | 35.80\% | 0.007 | 1.11\% | 36.47\% | 0.004 |
|  | Puducherry | 1.71\% | 38.55\% | 0.007 | 0.85\% | 38.03\% | 0.003 |

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Number of people who have escaped multidimensional poverty during 2015-16 and 2019-21

| Admin Type | Region | $\begin{gathered} \text { Headcount } \\ \text { Ratio (2015-16) } \end{gathered}$ | Headcount Ratio (201921) | Number of people who escaped multidimensional poverty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | Andhra Pradesh | 11.77\% | 6.06\% | 30,19,718 |
|  | Arunachal Pradesh | 24.23\% | 13.76\% | 1,61,358 |
|  | Assam | 32.65\% | 19.35\% | 46,87,541 |
|  | Bihar | 51.89\% | 33.76\% | 2,25,11,679 |
|  | Chhattisgarh | 29.90\% | 16.37\% | 40,18,328 |
|  | Goa | 3.76\% | 0.84\% | 45,564 |
|  | Gujarat | 18.47\% | 11.66\% | 47,84,122 |
|  | Haryana | 11.88\% | 7.07\% | 14,29,341 |
|  | Himachal Pradesh | 7.59\% | 4.93\% | 1,96,579 |
|  | Jharkhand | 42.10\% | 28.81\% | 51,52,626 |
|  | Karnataka | 12.77\% | 7.58\% | 34,87,223 |
|  | Kerala | 0.70\% | 0.55\% | 53,239 |
|  | Madhya Pradesh | 36.57\% | 20.63\% | 1,35,69,242 |
|  | Maharashtra | 14.80\% | 7.81\% | 87,37,064 |
|  | Manipur | 16.96\% | 8.10\% | 2,81,803 |
|  | Meghalaya | 32.54\% | 27.79\% | 1,56,738 |
|  | Mizoram | 9.78\% | 5.30\% | 54,665 |
|  | Nagaland | 25.16\% | 15.43\% | 2,14,354 |
|  | Odisha | 29.34\% | 15.68\% | 62,62,852 |
|  | Punjab | 5.57\% | 4.75\% | 2,50,586 |
|  | Rajasthan | 28.86\% | 15.31\% | 1,08,16,230 |
|  | Sikkim | 3.82\% | 2.60\% | 8,236 |
|  | Tamil Nadu | 4.76\% | 2.20\% | 19,58,454 |
|  | Telangana | 13.18\% | 5.88\% | 27,61,201 |
|  | Tripura | 16.62\% | 13.11\% | 1,43,237 |
|  | Uttar Pradesh | 37.68\% | 22.93\% | 3,42,72,484 |
|  | Uttarakhand | 17.67\% | 9.67\% | 9,17,299 |
|  | West Bengal | 21.29\% | 11.89\% | 92,58,462 |
| UT | Andaman \& Nicobar Islands | 4.29\% | 2.30\% | 7,999 |
|  | Chandigarh | 5.97\% | 3.52\% | 29,845 |
|  | Dadra \& Nagar Haveli and Daman \& Diu | 19.58\% | 9.21\% | 1,17,484 |
|  | Delhi | 4.44\% | 3.43\% | 2,11,163 |
|  | Jammu \& Kashmir | 12.56\% | 4.80\% | 10,44,860 |
|  | Ladakh | 12.70\% | 3.53\% | 27,315 |
|  | Lakshadweep | 1.82\% | 1.11\% | 484 |
|  | Puducherry | 1.71\% | 0.85\% | 13,804 |
|  | INDIA | 24.85\% | 14.96\% | 13,54,61,035 |

