

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI  
DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER & SANITATION  
**RAJYA SABHA**  
**UNSTARRED QUESTION NO-1220**  
ANSWERED ON-31/07/2023.

**PROGRESS UNDER 'HAR GHAR JAL' INITIATIVE**

1220. DR. AMAR PATNAIK:

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:-

- (a) the State-wise data towards providing all rural households with potable water connections by March 2024, under the 'Har Ghar Jal initiative';
- (b) whether Government is likely to fall short of achieving the said target within the expected timeline, if so, the reasons therefor, and measures taken to expedite the process;
- (c) the per centage of households out of total rural households in Odisha, which are yet to receive potable water connections, as on date; and
- (d) the targets set for Odisha under the initiative for Financial Year 2023-24, and the progress made till date, along with the quantum of funds utilized for the same?

**ANSWER**

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF JAL SHAKTI

(SHRI PRAHLAD SINGH PATEL)

(a) & (b) Since August 2019, Government of India in partnership with States, is implementing Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM)-Har Ghar Jal to enable every rural household in the country to have assured potable water through tap connection, by 2024.

At the time of announcement of Jal Jeevan Mission, 3.23 Crore (17%) rural households were reported to have tap water connections. So far, as reported by States/ UTs as on 26.07.2023, around 9.42 Crore additional rural households have been provided with tap water connections. Thus, as on 26.07.2023, out of 19.47 Crore rural households in the country, around 12.65 Crore (65%) households are reported to have tap water supply in their homes. State/ UT-wise details of tap connections, are **annexed**.

To achieve the goal of JJM in the whole country with speed and scale, Government of India is handholding the States, to expedite the implementation of the mission through number of steps inter alia, which includes joint discussion and finalization of annual action plan (AAP) of States/ UTs, regular review of implementation, workshops/ conferences/ webinars for capacity building and knowledge sharing, field visits by multi-disciplinary team to provide technical support, etc.

A detailed Operational Guideline for the implementation of JJM; Margdarshika for Gram Panchayats & VWSCs to provide safe drinking water in rural households and Guidelines on a special campaign to provide piped water supply in anganwadi centres, ashramshalas and schools have been shared with States/ UTs to facilitate planning and implementation of Jal Jeevan Mission. For online monitoring, JJM–Integrated Management Information System (IMIS) and JJM–Dashboard has been put in place. Provision has also been made for transparent online financial management through Public Financial Management System (PFMS).

(c) & (d) In the State of Odisha, at the time of announcement of Jal Jeevan Mission, 3.11 lakh (3.5%) rural households were reported to have tap water connections. So far, as reported by the State as on 26.07.2023, around 52.25 lakh additional rural households have been provided with tap water connections. Thus, as on 26.07.2023, out of 88.64 lakh rural households in the State, around 55.36 lakh (62.5%) households are reported to have tap water supply in their homes.

Odisha has planned to cover 30.17 lakh rural household and has reported so far coverage of 2.72 lakh households with tap water connections in 2023-24. Further, in the year as on 26.7.2023, State has reported utilization of Rs. 965 Crore under JJM.

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**Annex referred to in Rajya Sabha Unstarred Question No. 1220 answered on 31.07.2023**  
**State/ UT-wise status of tap water connections in rural households**  
 (as on 26.07.2023)

(Number in lakhs)

S. No.	State/ UT	Total rural HHs as on date	Rural HHs with tap water supply	
			No.	In%
1.	A & N Islands	0.62	0.62	100.00
2.	Andhra Pr.	95.55	66.96	70.08
3.	Arunachal Pr.	2.30	1.97	85.64
4.	Assam	68.26	35.95	52.67
5.	Bihar	166.30	160.29	96.38
6.	Chhattisgarh	50.09	27.11	54.13
7.	DNH and DD	0.85	0.85	100.00
8.	Goa	2.63	2.63	100.00
9.	Gujarat	91.18	91.18	100.00
10.	Haryana	30.41	30.41	100.00
11.	Himachal Pr.	17.09	17.09	100.00
12.	J&K	18.66	12.45	66.71
13.	Jharkhand	61.28	23.95	39.08
14.	Karnataka	101.17	69.63	68.83
15.	Kerala	70.82	35.33	49.89
16.	Ladakh	0.42	0.33	78.05
17.	Lakshadweep	0.13	0.00	0.42
18.	Madhya Pr.	119.63	61.26	51.21
19.	Maharashtra	146.73	114.01	77.70
20.	Manipur	4.52	3.46	76.72
21.	Meghalaya	6.52	3.51	53.89
22.	Mizoram	1.33	1.21	90.69
23.	Nagaland	3.69	2.74	74.17
24.	Odisha	88.64	55.36	62.45
25.	Puducherry	1.15	1.15	100.00
26.	Punjab	34.26	34.26	100.00
27.	Rajasthan	108.01	44.61	41.30
28.	Sikkim	1.32	1.14	86.40
29.	Tamil Nadu	125.53	88.68	70.65
30.	Telangana	53.98	53.98	100.00
31.	Tripura	7.44	4.93	66.27
32.	Uttar Pr.	266.56	142.95	53.63
33.	Uttarakhand	14.94	11.77	78.79
34.	West Bengal	184.57	63.53	34.42
	<b>Total</b>	<b>19,46.59</b>	<b>12,65.31</b>	<b>65.00</b>

Delhi &amp; Chandigarh have no rural population. HH: Household

Source: JJM – IMIS