GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT RAJYA SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 89 TO BE ANSWERED ON 02ND FEBRUARY, 2023

DETAILS OF UNEMPLOYMENT

89. DR. SASMIT PATRA:

Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) the total number of unemployed persons in the country, year-wise and State-wise for the last five years;
- (b) the unemployment rate in the country, year-wise and State-wise for the last five years; and
- (c) the steps Government has undertaken to reduce this unemployment in the country and in various States?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE FOR LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI RAMESWAR TELI)

(a)to (c): The official data on Employment and Unemployment is collected through Periodic Labour Force Survey (PLFS) conducted by the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI) since 2017-18. The survey period is July to June of next year. As per the latest available Annual PLFS reports, the State/UT-wise estimated Unemployment Rate (UR) on usual status for persons of age 15 years & above during 2017-18 to 2020-21 are at Annexure.

Employment generation coupled with improving employability is the priority of the Government. Accordingly, the Government of India has taken various steps for generating employment in the country. The Government of India has announced Aatmanirbhar Bharat package to provide stimulus to business and to mitigate the adverse impact of Covid-19. Under this package, the Government is providing fiscal stimulus of more than Rupees Twenty Seven lakh crore. This package comprises of various long term schemes/programmes/policies for making the country self-reliant and to create employment opportunities.

The Aatmanirbhar Bharat Rojgar Yojana (ABRY) was launched with effect from 1st October, 2020 to incentivize employers for creation of new employment and restoration of loss of employment during Covid-19 pandemic. The terminal date for registration of beneficiaries was 31.03.2022. Since inception of the scheme, till 08.01.2023, benefits of Rs. 8212.74 Crore have been provided to 60.20 lakhs beneficiaries under the scheme.

Government is implementing Prime Minister Street Vendor's AtmaNirbhar Nidhi (PM SVANidhi Scheme) since June 01, 2020 to facilitate collateral free working capital loan to street vendors to restart their businesses, which were adversely impacted during the Covid-19 pandemic. As on 17.01.2023, 37.84 lakh loans amounting to Rs. 4,379 Crore have been disbursed under the scheme.

Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana (PMMY) was launched by the Government for facilitating self-employment. Under PMMY, collateral free loans upto Rs. 10 lakh, are extended to micro/small business enterprises and to individuals to enable them to setup or expand their business activities. During 2022-23 (till 20.01.2023), an amount of Rs 2.66 lakh crore was disbursed in 3.60 crore loan accounts sanctioned under the scheme.

The Production Linked Incentive (PLI) schemes is being implemented by the Government with an outlay of Rs. 1.97 lakh crore, for a period of 5 years starting from 2021-22 which have potential for creating 60 lakh new jobs. PM GatiShakti is a transformative approach for economic growth and sustainable development. The approach is driven by seven engines, namely, Roads, Railways, Airports, Ports, Mass Transport, Waterways and Logistics Infrastructure. This approach is powered by Clean Energy and Sabka Prayas leading to huge job and entrepreneurial opportunities for all.

The Government of India is encouraging various projects involving substantial investment and public expenditure on schemes like Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP), Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS), Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY) and Deen Dayal Antodaya Yojana-National Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM) etc. for employment generation.

Besides these initiatives, various flagship programmes of the Government such as Make in India, Start-up India, Stand-up India, Digital India, Housing for All etc. are also oriented towards generating employment opportunities.

All these initiatives are collectively generate employment in the medium to long term through multiplier-effects.

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Annexure referred to in reply of part (a) to (c) of the Rajya Sabha Unstarred Question No. 89 due for reply on 02.02.2023

State/UT-wise details of Unemployment Rate (UR) on usual status for persons of age 15 years and above for the period 2017-18 to 2020-21

S. No.	States/UTs	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
1	Andhra Pradesh	4.5	5.3	4.7	4.1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	5.8	7.7	6.7	5.7
3	Assam	7.9	6.7	7.9	4.1
4	Bihar	7.0	9.8	5.1	4.6
5	Chhattisgarh	3.3	2.4	3.3	2.5
6	Delhi	9.4	10.4	8.6	6.3
7	Goa	13.9	8.7	8.1	10.5
8	Gujarat	4.8	3.2	2.0	2.2
9	Haryana	8.4	9.3	6.4	6.3
10	Himachal Pradesh	5.5	5.1	3.7	3.3
11	Jharkhand	7.5	5.2	4.2	3.1
12	Karnataka	4.8	3.6	4.2	2.7
13	Kerala	11.4	9.0	10.0	10.1
14	Madhya Pradesh	4.3	3.5	3.0	1.9
15	Maharashtra	4.8	5.0	3.2	3.7
16	Manipur	11.5	9.4	9.5	5.6
17	Meghalaya	1.6	2.7	2.7	1.7
18	Mizoram	10.1	7.0	5.7	3.5
19	Nagaland	21.4	17.4	25.7	19.2
20	Odisha	7.1	7.0	6.2	5.3
21	Punjab	7.7	7.4	7.3	6.2
22	Rajasthan	5.0	5.7	4.5	4.7
23	Sikkim	3.5	3.1	2.2	1.1
24	Tamil Nadu	7.5	6.6	5.3	5.2
25	Telangana	7.6	8.3	7.0	4.9
26	Tripura	6.8	10.0	3.2	3.2
27	Uttarakhand	7.6	8.9	7.1	6.9
28	Uttar Pradesh	6.2	5.7	4.4	4.2
29	West Bengal	4.6	3.8	4.6	3.5
30	Andaman & N. Island	15.8	13.5	12.6	9.1
31	Chandigarh	9.0	7.3	6.3	7.1
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0.4	1.5	3.0	
33	Daman & Diu	3.1	0.0	2.9	4.2
34	Jammu & Kashmir	5.4	5.1	6.7	5.9
35	Ladakh	-	-	0.1	2.9
36	Lakshadweep	21.3	31.6	13.7	13.4
37	Puducherry	10.3	8.3	7.6	6.7
All India		6.0	5.8	4.8	4.2

Source: PLFS, MoSPI