

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION

RAJYA SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 3030
TO BE ANSWERED ON 27.03.2023

ACHIEVEMENTS AGAINST SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

3030. DR. RADHA MOHAN DAS AGRAWAL:

Will the Minister of Statistics and Programme Implementation be pleased to state:

- (a) the achievement against various goals, targets, and national indicators on Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in different States of the country;
- (b) the reasons responsible for certain States remaining under the category of 'aspirant States till date and the reasons therefor; and
- (c) the action being taken by Government for better performance thereof?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION, MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS [RAO INDERJIT SINGH]

(a): Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI), in consultation with subject matter Ministries of the Government of India and other stakeholders, has developed a National Indicator Framework (NIF) on Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) for facilitating the monitoring of progress of SDGs at national level. To measure the progress at the national and sub-national levels in the journey towards achieving the SDGs, NITI Aayog has developed the SDG India Index mainly based on the NIF. As per SDG India Index, India's composite score on SDGs was 57 in 2018-19, 60 in 2019-20 and 66 in 2020-21. A statement indicating State wise achievement as per SDG India Index 2020-21 is given in the Annexure.

(b) & (c): As per SDG India Index all the States/UTs are classified into four categories namely, Achiever (score of 100), Front Runner (score between 65 to 99), Performer (score between 50 to 64) and Aspirant (score below 50) based on their achievement. As per the SDG India Index 2020-21, no State/UT belongs to Aspirant category.

The Government of India has been focusing on inclusive growth and has taken various steps to promote welfare of the people of the country. In this direction, various schemes such as Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme for employment, Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana for housing in both rural and urban areas, Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana to provide connectivity to unconnected Habitations, National Health Mission to provide health

services, Ayushman Bharat Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (AB PMJAY) to provide health cover, Swachh Bharat Mission to provide access to toilets in households, Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojna (PMJDY) to provide access to financial services, National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP) to provide financial assistance to the elderly, widows and persons with disabilities in the form of social pensions etc. are being implemented.

Annexure

Annexure referred to in reply to part (a) of Rajya Sabha Unstarred Question No. 3030
for 27th March 2023

State	SDG India Index (2020-21)	
	Composite Score	Rank
Andhra Pradesh	72	4
Arunachal Pradesh	60	22
Assam	57	26
Bihar	52	28
Chhattisgarh	61	19
Goa	72	4
Gujarat	69	10
Haryana	67	14
Himachal Pradesh	74	2
Jharkhand	56	27
Karnataka	72	4
Kerala	75	1
Madhya Pradesh	62	17
Maharashtra	70	9
Manipur	64	16
Meghalaya	60	22
Mizoram	68	12
Nagaland	61	19
Odisha	61	19
Punjab	68	12
Rajasthan	60	22
Sikkim	71	8
Tamil Nadu	74	2
Telangana	69	10
Tripura	65	15
Uttar Pradesh	60	22
Uttarakhand	72	4
West Bengal	62	17
UT		
Andaman and Nicobar Islands	67	5
Chandigarh	79	1
Dadra and Nagar Haveli	62	8
Daman and Diu	62	8
Delhi	68	2
Jammu and Kashmir	66	6
Ladakh	66	6
Lakshadweep	68	2
Puducherry	68	2
All India	66	-