

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI
DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER & SANITATION

RAJYA SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1370
ANSWERED ON 13/03/2023.

FUND ALLOCATION TO JAL JEEVAN MISSION

1370 SMT. PRIYANKA CHATURVEDI:

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that there is a discrepancy in allocation of funds as per the Union Budget 2022-23 and those reported under Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM);
- (b) if so, the actual allocations made as on 1st January, 2023;
- (c) the status of total functional taps of the 7.56 crore rural households provided with new Functional Household Tap Connections (FHTCs);
- (d) whether it is a fact that as per 55 litre water per capita per day (lpcd) norms of the scheme, only four States (Bihar, Gujarat, Haryana and Telangana) have at least 80 percent of households that meet this norm; and
- (e) if so, reasons therefor and steps taken to ensure regional parity in the scheme?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI
(SHRI PRAHLAD SINGH PATEL)

(a) & (b) To enable every rural household in the country to have potable tap water supply by 2024, through tap water connection at a service level of 55 litre per capita per day (lpcd), of prescribed quality (BIS:10500), on regular and long-term basis, Government of India, in partnership with States, is implementing Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) – Har Ghar Jal, since Aug., 2019.

The estimated outlay of the mission is Rs. 3.60 lakh Crore out of which Central share is Rs. 2.08 lakh Crore. In 2022-23, an amount of Rs. 55,000 Crore has been approved for implementation of Jal Jeevan Mission at Revised Estimates (RE) stage and as on 09.03.2023 an amount of Rs.34,765.77 Crore released to eligible States/ UTs. State/ UT-wise details of Central fund allocated under Jal Jeevan Mission in 2022-23 which *inter alia* includes fund allocation as on 1st January, 2023 is **annexed**.

(c) to (e) At the time of announcement of Jal Jeevan Mission in August 2019, 3.23 Crore (17%) rural households were reported to have tap water connections. So far, as reported by States/ UTs

as on 09.03.2023, additional 8.15 Crore rural households have been provided with tap water connections in last three and half years under JJM. Thus, as on 09.03.2023, out of 19.42 Crore rural households in the country, more than 11.38 Crore (58%) households are reported to have tap water supply in their homes. The State/ UT, district & village-wise status of tap water connection in rural households, indicating their status of coverage, etc. as reported by States/ UTs is in public domain and available on JJM dashboard at:

<https://ejalshakti.gov.in/jjmreport/JJMIndia.aspx>

JJM follows a universal coverage approach with a strong focus on service delivery to ensure parity in coverage. Various states are presently at different levels of coverage. As on 09.03.2023, 5 States viz. Goa, Gujarat, Haryana, Punjab & Telangana and 3 UTs Viz. Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Dadra Nagar Haveli & Daman Diu, and Puducherry have reported 100% coverage. As such there is no regional disparity.

Annex

Annex referred in the reply to Rajya Sabha Unstarred Question No. 1370 due for reply on 13.03.2023

Jal Jeevan Mission: Central fund allocated in 2022-23

S. No.	State/ UT	Allocation (in Rs. Crore)
1.	A & N Islands	9.15
2.	Andhra Pr.	3,458.20
3.	Arunachal Pr.	1,116.35
4.	Assam	6,117.61
5.	Bihar	4,766.90
6.	Chhattisgarh	2,223.98
7.	Goa	49.98
8.	Gujarat	3,590.16
9.	Haryana	1,157.44
10.	Himachal Pr.	1,344.94
11.	J&K	3,039.11
12.	Jharkhand	2,825.52
13.	Karnataka	5,451.85
14.	Kerala	2,206.54
15.	Ladakh	1,555.77
16.	Lakshadweep	36.99
17.	Madhya Pr.	5,641.02
18.	Maharashtra	7,831.25
19.	Manipur	512.05
20.	Meghalaya	747.76
21.	Mizoram	333.91
22.	Nagaland	484.28
23.	Odisha	3,608.62
24.	Puducherry	17.83
25.	Punjab	2,403.46
26.	Rajasthan	13,328.60
27.	Sikkim	136.17
28.	Tamil Nadu	4,015.00
29.	Telangana	1,657.56
30.	Tripura	666.97
31.	Uttar Pr.	12,662.05
32.	Uttarakhand	1,612.50
33.	West Bengal	6,180.25