GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

RAJYA SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 54 TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 7TH FEBRUARY, 2023

HOSPITALS IN RURAL AND UNDERDEVELOPED AREAS

54 # SHRI DEEPAK PRAKASH:

Will the Minister of Health and Family Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) the number of fully functional Government hospitals per 100 square kilometres, especially in rural and underdeveloped areas that are equipped with doctors and infrastructure; and

(b) the targets set for the country, particularly in the State of Jharkhand for further improvement in the said figures?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR MANSUKH MANDAVIYA)

(a) & (b) A Statement is laid on the Table of the House

STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO RAJYA SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 54* FOR 7TH FEBRUARY, 2023

(a) & (b): National Health Mission (NHM) envisages achievement of universal access to equitable, affordable & quality health care services that are accountable and responsive to people's needs. The healthcare system of the country involves a three-tier system with Sub Health Centre (Rural), Primary Health Centre (Urban and Rural) and Community Health Centre (Urban and Rural) as the three pillars of Primary Health Care System in India.

As per established norms, in rural areas a Sub Health Centre for a population of 5,000 (in plain) and 3000 (in hilly and tribal area), a Primary Health Centre for a population of 30,000 (in plains) and 20,000 (in hilly and tribal areas) and Community Health Centre for a population of 1,20,000 (in plain) and 80,000 (in hilly and tribal area) is suggested. Further, for urban area one Urban Health Wellness Centre is recommended for a urban population of 15,000 to 20,000, one U-PHC for a urban population of 30,000 to 50,000, one U-CHC for every 2.5 lakh population in non-metro cities (above 5 lakh population) and one U-CHC for every 5 lakh population in the metro cities. Further, District Hospital (DH), Sub-District Hospital (SDH) and First Referral Unit provide secondary care services for rural & urban area.

Rural Health Statistics (RHS) is an annual publication which reflect public sector health care facilities, based on Health care administrative data reported by States/UTs. As per RHS 2020-21, State/UT-wise number of Sub-Centres, PHCs, CHCs functioning in rural & urban areas is at Annexure-I and the number of Sub-Divisional Hospital, District Hospital & Medical Colleges functioning in States/UTs is at Annexure-II.

The Ministry of Health and Family Welfare provides technical and financial support to the States/UTs to strengthen the public healthcare system, based on the proposals received in the form of Programme Implementation Plans (PIPs) under National Health Mission. Government of India provides approval for the proposals in the form of Record of Proceedings (RoPs) as per norms & available resources.

The details of RoPs issued to States/UTs wise including the Jharkhand are available at website of National Health Mission i.e. <u>https://nhm.gov.in</u>.

NUMBER OF SUB-CENTRES, PHCs, CHCs FUNCTIONING IN RURAL & URBAN AREAS								
S.		(As on 31st March 2022)						
S. No.	State/UT	Sub centres		PHCs		CHCs		
		Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	
1	Andhra Pradesh	11073	407	1142	547	139	42	
2	Arunachal Pradesh	355	12	126	5	57	0	
3	Assam	4667	34	920	90	172	29	
4	Bihar	9375	1024	1492	268	269	32	
5	Chhattisgarh	5124	370	770	52	167	3	
6	Goa	219	0	24	4	6	0	
7	Gujarat	9132	0	1474	330	344	17	
8	Haryana	2653	0	394	103	129	2	
9	Himachal Pradesh	2114	1	553	17	93	4	
10	Jharkhand	3848	0	291	70	171	7	
11	Karnataka	8757	515	2138	383	182	30	
12	Kerala	4933	479	780	164	211	19	
13	Madhya Pradesh	10287	0	1266	306	332	24	
14	Maharashtra	10673	0	1853	686	256	142	
15	Manipur	393	23	74	21	8	9	
16	Meghalaya	459	0	122	25	28	0	
17	Mizoram	300	73	57	9	9	0	
18	Nagaland	434	18	129	7	23	0	
19	Odisha	6688	0	1288	105	377	7	
20	Punjab	2951	0	422	100	150	10	
21	Rajasthan	13523	66	2133	276	616	69	
22	Sikkim	147	6	24	2	2	0	
23	Tamil Nadu	8713	0	1422	464	385	15	
24	Telangana	4229	681	578	256	28	54	
25	Tripura	956	44	108	9	21	2	
26	Uttarakhand	1785	66	531	76	52	28	
27	Uttar Pradesh	20781	0	2919	594	829	12	
28	West Bengal	10357	0	915	456	348	0	
29	Andaman & Nicobar	124	0	22	5	4	0	
	Islands							
30	Chandigarh	0	0	0	43	0	2	
31	Dadra & Nagar Haveli and	94	3	12	2	3	1	
	Daman & Diu							
32	Delhi	12	2	5	545	0	0	
33	Jammu & Kashmir	2429	42	891	82	56	23	
34	Ladakh	288	0	32	1	7	0	
35	Lakshadweep	9	0	4	0	3	0	
36	Puducherry	53	28	24	15	3	1	

Note:

Chandigarh has no Rural area Delhi has no CHCs

Annexure-II

	State/UT		(As on 31st March 2022)	
S. No.		Sub Divisional Hospital (SDH)District Hospital (DH)		Medical Colleges
1	Andhra Pradesh	51	17	12
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	19	1
3	Assam	14	25	8
4	Bihar	45	36	11
5	Chhattisgarh	12	27	8
6	Goa	2	2	1
7	Gujarat	54	20	20
8	Haryana	24	22	5
9	Himachal Pradesh	84	9	6
10	Jharkhand	13	21	7
11	Karnataka	147	16	19
12	Kerala	87	48	8
13	Madhya Pradesh	119	52	13
14	Maharashtra	93	23	23
15	Manipur	1	7	2
16	Meghalaya	2	11	1
17	Mizoram	2	12	1
18	Nagaland	0	12	0
19	Odisha	33	32	7
20	Punjab	41	23	3
21	Rajasthan	22	30	40
22	Sikkim	1	4	0
23	Tamil Nadu	282	20	41
24	Telangana	41	5	9
25	Tripura	12	7	1
26	Uttarakhand	19	13	3
27	Uttar Pradesh	0	169	20
28	West Bengal	60	18	18
29	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0	2	1
30	Chandigarh	1	1	2
31	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	2	1
	and Daman & Diu			
32	Delhi	10	40	13
33	Jammu & Kashmir	0	15	8
34	Ladakh	0	2	0
35	Lakshadweep	2	1	0
36	Puducherry	0	4	2
