

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE

RAJYA SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO- 363
TO BE ANSWERED ON 09/12/2022

SUICIDE BY FARMERS

363. SHRI SANDOSH KUMAR P:
SHRI JOSE K. MANI:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government is aware of the alarming rate of farmers' suicides reported from different parts of the country;
- (b) if so, the details of total number of farmers who committed suicide during the last five years, State-wise and year-wise;
- (c) the reasons behind the mass suicide of farmers across the country as identified by Government;
- (d) whether Government has taken any specific policy initiative to address this problem; and
- (e) if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE
(SHRI NARENDRA SINGH TOMAR)

(a) to (e): The National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB) under the Ministry of Home Affairs compiles and disseminates information on suicides in its publication titled 'Accidental Deaths and Suicides in India' (ADSI). NCRB has published reports upto 2021 which are available on its website. As per NCRB reports, the number of farmers who committed suicide during 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021, state-wise, is enclosed at **Annexure**.

In the ADSI Report 2021, separate reasons for farmers' suicide have not been given.

Government has adopted and implemented several policies, reforms, developmental programmes and schemes for the welfare of farmers which are as under:

1. Unprecedented enhancement in budget allocation

In the year 2013-14, the Budget allocation for Ministry of Agriculture & FW was only Rs. **21,933.50** crore. This has increased by more than **5.65** times to **Rs. 1,24,000 crore** in 2022-23.

2. Income support to farmers through PM KISAN

Launch of PM-KISAN in 2019 -an income support scheme providing Rs. 6000 per year in 3 equal installments. More than Rs. **2 lakh crore** has been released so far to approximately **11.3 crore** eligible farmer families as of now.

3. Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana (PMFBY)

Six year - PMFBY was launched in 2016 addressing problems of high premium rates for farmers and reduction in sum insured due to capping. In past 6 Years of implementation – 38 crore farmer applications enrolled and over 11.73 crore (Provisional) farmer applicants have received claims of over Rs. 1,24,223 crore. During this period nearly Rs. 25,185 crore were paid by farmers as their share of premium against which claims of over Rs. 1,24,223 crore (Provisional) have been paid to them. Thus for every 100 rupees of premium paid by farmers, they have received about Rs. 493 as claims.

4. Institutional credit for agriculture sector

- Increased from Rs. 7.3 lakh crore in 2013-14 with a target to reach Rs. 18.5 lakh crore in 2022-23.
- Benefit of concessional institutional credit through KCC at 4% interest per annum has also now been extended to Animal Husbandry and Fisheries farmers for meeting their short-term working capital needs.
- A special drive has been undertaken since February 2020 to provide concessional institutional credit with focus on covering all PM-KISAN beneficiaries through Kisan Credit Cards (KCC). As on 11.11.2022, 376.97 lakh new KCC applications have been sanctioned with a sanctioned credit limit of Rs. 4,33,426 crore as part of the drive.

5. Fixing of Minimum Support Price (MSP) at one-and-a half times the cost of production

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- Government has increased the MSP for all mandated Kharif, Rabi and other commercial crops with a return of at least 50 per cent over all India weighted average cost of production from 2018-19.
- MSP for Paddy (common) has increased to Rs. 2040 per quintal in 2022-23 from Rs. 1310 per quintal in 2013-14.
- MSP for Wheat increased from Rs. 1400 per quintal in 2013-14 to Rs. 2125 per quintal in 2022-23.

6. Promotion of organic farming in the country

- Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana (PKVY) was initiated in 2015-16 to promote organic farming in the country. 32384 clusters have been formed and an area of 6.53 lakh hectare has been covered benefitting 16.19 lakh farmers. In addition, Under Namami Gange Programme 123620 hectare area covered and under natural farming 4.09 lakh hectare area covered. Farmers in

Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Bihar and Jharkhand have taken-up organic farming on either side of the river Ganga to control river water pollution as well as to fetch additional income to farmers.

- Government also proposes to promote sustainable natural farming systems through the scheme BhartiyaPrakratik Krishi Padhati (BPKP). The proposed scheme aims at cutting down cost of cultivation, enhancing farmer's income and ensuring resource conservation and, safe and healthy soils, environment and food.
- Mission Organic Value Chain Development in North East Region (MOVCDNER) has been launched. 379 Farmer Producer Companies have been formed comprising of 189039 farmers and covering 172966 ha area.

7. Per Drop More Crop

Per Drop More Crop (PDMC) scheme launched during 2015-16 which aims to increase water use efficiency, reducing cost of inputs and increasing productivity at the farm level through Micro Irrigation technologies i.e. drip and sprinkler irrigation systems. An area of 69.55 lakh hectare has been covered under Micro irrigation through the PDMC scheme from the year 2015-16 to so far.

8. Micro Irrigation Fund

A Micro Irrigation Fund of initial corpus Rs 5000 crore has been created with NABARD. In the Budget Announcement for 2021-22, the corpus of the fund is to be increased to Rs10000 crores. Projects worth Rs 4710.96 crore covering 17.09 lakh hectares have been approved.

9. Promotion of Farmer Producer Organisations(FPOs)

- a) A new Central Sector Scheme for Formation & Promotion of new 10,000 FPOs launched by Hon'ble Prime Minister on **29th February, 2020** with budget outlay of Rs 6865 Crore till 2027-28.
- b) As on 31.10.2022, 3855 no. of FPOshave beenregistered under new FPO scheme.

10. A National Beekeeping and Honey Mission (NBHM) has been launched in 2020 as part of the Atma Nirbhar Bharat Abhiyanto increase productivity of crops through pollination and increase in honey production as an additional source of income. Rs. 500 crore for the period 2020-2021 to 2022-2023 has been allocated for beekeeping sector. **114 projects** for assistance of about **Rs. 139.23 crores**, approved/ sanctioned for funding under NBHM during 2020-21 & 2021-22 till date.

11. Agricultural Mechanization

- Agricultural mechanization is extremely vital to modernize agriculture and reduce drudgery of farming operations. During the period from 2014-15 to March, 2022 an amount of Rs.5490.82 crore have been allocated for agricultural mechanization. 13,88,314 numbers of machines and equipments have been provided to farmers on subsidy basis. 18,824 custom hiring centers, 403 high-tech hubs and 16,791 farm machinery banks have been established to make available agricultural machines and equipments to the farmers on rental basis. During the current year i.e. 2022-23, so far an amount of Rs. 504.43 Crores have been released for distribution of around 65302 machines on subsidy, establishment of 2804 CHCs, 12 Hi-tech hubs and 1260 Village Level Farm Machinery Banks.

12. Providing Soil Health Cards to farmers

Soil Health Card Scheme was introduced in the year 2014-15 to optimize usage of nutrients. The following number of cards have been issued to farmers.

- i.Cycle-I (2015 to 2017) – 10.74 crore
- ii.Cycle-II (2017 to 2019)- 11.97 crore
- iii.Model Village Programme (2019-20)- 19.64 lakh

Regulations for promotion of biostimulants is issued. Nano urea is included under fertilizer control order.

13. Setting up of E-National Agriculture Marketing (E-NAM) extension Platform

- (i) 1260 mandis of 22 States and 03 UTs have been integrated to e-NAM platform.
- (ii) As on 31.10.2022, more than 1.74 Crore Farmers & 2.36 Lakh traders have been registered on e-NAM portal.
- (iii) Total volume of 6.5 crore MT & 19.24 crore numbers (bamboo, betel leaves, coconut, lemon & sweet corn) collectively worth approximately Rs. 2.22 lakh crore of trade has been recorded on e-NAM platform as on 31.10.2022.

14. Launch of the National Mission for Edible Oils – Oil Palm - NMEO has been approved with a total outlay of Rs 11,040 crore. This will bring an additional area of 6.5 lakh hectare under Oil Palm plantation with 3.28 lakh hectare in the north-eastern states and 3.22 lakh hectare in the rest of India in the next 5 years. The major focus of the Mission is to provide Viability Prices of fresh fruit bunches (FFBs) to the farmers linked with assured procurement by industry with a simpler price fixing formula. The Central Government will compensate farmers through a viability gap payment if price paid by industry is below the viability price upto October, 2037.

15. Agri Infrastructure Fund

Since the inception of AIF in the year 2020, the scheme has sanctioned Rs.13,681 Crore worth agriculture infrastructure in the country for more than 18133 projects. With the support of the scheme, various agriculture infrastructure are created and some of the infrastructure is at the final stage of completion. These infrastructures include 8076 warehouses, 2788 primary processing units, 1860 custom hiring centres, 937 sorting & grading units, 696 cold store projects, 163 assaying units and around 3613 other kinds of post-harvest management projects and community farming assets.

16. Improvement in farm produce logistics, Introduction of Kisan Rail.

Kisan Rail has been launched by Ministry of Railways to exclusively cater to movement of perishable agrihorti commodities. First Kisan Rail was started in July 2020. Till 31st October, 2022, 2359 services on 167 routes have been operated.

17. MIDH - Cluster Development Programme:

The Cluster Development Programme (CDP) is designed to leverage geographical specialisation of horticulture clusters and promote integrated and market-led development of pre-production, production, post-harvest, logistics, branding, and marketing activities. DA&FW has identified 55 horticulture clusters, of which 12 have been selected for the pilot phase of the CDP.

18. Creation of a Start-up Eco system in agriculture and allied sector

So far, 1055 Startups during FY 2019-20 to 2022-23 has been finally selected by different by knowledge partners and agribusiness incubators of DA & FW and a total of Rs. 6317.91 lakhs grants-in-aid has been released in installments out of Rs. 10932.24 lakhs fund sanctioned for funding to these 1055 Startups to the respective Knowledge Partners (KPs) & RKVY RAFTAAR Agri Business Incubator (R-ABIs) as grants-in-aid support by DA & FW.

19. Achievement in Export of Agri and Allied Agri- Commodities

The country has witnessed emphatic growth in export of agri and allied commodities. As compared to previous year 2020-21, the Agri and allied export has increased from **41.86** billion USD in 2020-21 to **50.24** billion USD in 2021-22 i.e. an increase of **19.99%**.

The export of Agri and allied commodities during April-October, 2022 was 30.21 billion USD to 26.98 billion USD in the same period of 2021-22 i.e. an increase of 11%.

State/UT wise Suicides by farmers during 2017-2021

SL	State/UT	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
		Farmers/ Cultivators	Farmers/ Cultivators	Farmers/ Cultivators	Farmers/ Cultivators	Farmers/ Cultivators
1	Andhra Pradesh	375	365	628	564	481
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	1	0
3	Assam	3	5	26	12	153
4	Bihar	0	0	0	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	285	182	233	227	71
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	4	21	3	5	0
8	Haryana	0	0	0	0	13
9	Himachal Pradesh	4	5	12	6	13
10	Jharkhand	0	0	0	0	0
11	Karnataka	1157	1365	1331	1072	1170
12	Kerala	42	25	22	57	34
13	Madhya Pradesh	429	303	142	235	117
14	Maharashtra	2426	2239	2680	2567	2640
15	Manipur	0	2	0	1	0
16	Meghalaya	0	0	0	4	3
17	Mizoram	0	17	22	4	0
18	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	1
19	Odisha	0	0	0	0	0
20	Punjab	243	229	239	174	171
21	Rajasthan	3	2	2	0	0
22	Sikkim	7	1	0	6	8
23	Tamil Nadu	19	6	6	79	61
24	Telangana	846	900	491	466	352
25	Tripura	0	0	0	0	0
26	Uttar Pradesh	110	80	108	87	13
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0
28	West Bengal	0	0	0	0	0
29	A & N Islands	2	4	5	6	2
30	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
31	D&N Haveli and Daman&Diu	0 ⁺	7 ⁺	7 ⁺	6 [@]	14 [@]
32	Delhi UT	0	0	0	0	0
33	Jammu & Kashmir	0 [*]	5 [*]	0 [*]	0 [@]	1 [@]
34	Ladakh @	-	-	-	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL (ALL INDIA)	5955	5763	5957	5579	5318

As per data provided by states/UTs

⁺ Combined data of erstwhile D & N HAVELI AND DAMAN & DIU UT during 2018 & 2019^{*} Data of erstwhile JAMMU & KASHMIR State Including LADAKH during 2018 & 2019[@] Data of newly created Union territory
