

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE**

**RAJYA SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 3756
TO BE ANSWERED ON 05TH APRIL, 2022**

STATUS OF PRADHAN MANTRI JAN AROGYA YOJANA

3756. DR. SASMIT PATRA:

Will the Minister of **HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- (a) the status of the Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana which is also known as Ayushman Bharat Yojana;
- (b) the details of beneficiaries since its inception, year-wise and State-wise;
- (c) the details of the States which have withdrawn from it and the reasons therefor; and
- (d) the degree of success felt in this programme and room for improvement?

**ANSWER
THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND
FAMILY WELFARE
(DR. BHARATI PRAVIN PAWAR)**

(a) to (d): As of 31st March, 2022, a total of 17.9 crore individuals are provided with Ayushman cards under Ayushman Bharat - Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (AB-PMJAY). This includes 4.68 crore cards issued by States using their own IT systems. More than 3.28 crore hospital admissions worth Rs. 37,606 crore are authorized under the scheme through a network of over 25,800 Empanelled Healthcare Providers. State/UT-wise and year-wise details thereof are at Annexure. State/UT of Odisha and Delhi have not joined the scheme. The State of West Bengal withdrew from the scheme in January, 2019. If these healthcare services were availed by the beneficiaries on their own, it would have resulted in out-of-pocket expenditure to the tune of 1.5 to 2 times the expenditure incurred under the scheme. The scheme has successfully contributed in reducing out-of-pocket expenditure in the country.

State/UT-wise & Year-wise details of authorized hospital admissions under AB-PMJAY

State / UT	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
Andaman And Nicobar Islands	14	153	342	840
Andhra Pradesh	1,39,942	6,55,036	6,92,455	9,77,765
Arunachal Pradesh	378	1,353	75	30
Assam	32,713	90,194	93,007	1,76,633
Bihar	19,727	1,60,064	89,146	1,16,770
Chandigarh	358	3,515	5,378	8,357
Chhattisgarh	2,31,191	6,36,578	4,97,637	9,02,690
DNH and DD	8,484	33,993	18,943	20,628
Goa	9,723	374	139	167
Gujarat	3,14,251	11,40,661	8,25,742	5,67,937
Haryana	11,224	97,508	1,38,805	1,85,480
Himachal Pradesh	8,646	48,212	29,274	47,695
Ladakh	-	-	391	1,632
Jammu and Kashmir	6,317	67,337	67,856	2,50,416
Jharkhand	1,08,036	4,09,737	2,98,179	3,27,601
Karnataka	1,19,435	5,93,650	6,82,779	11,44,871
Kerala	-	9,75,300	10,43,975	17,00,986
Lakshadweep	-	1	-	69
Madhya Pradesh	45,219	2,78,348	3,84,190	7,17,904
Maharashtra	1,08,247	2,14,921	1,36,699	87,741
Manipur	1,503	12,803	16,362	24,075
Meghalaya	1,146	1,24,716	1,23,736	1,45,423
Mizoram	7,097	27,716	16,990	13,891
Nagaland	269	10,226	7,357	5,658
Puducherry	-	1,370	2,587	11,942
Punjab	-	1,96,693	4,22,817	5,37,747
Rajasthan	1	9,25,684	4,39,168	9,86,969
Sikkim	9	1,215	2,023	2,911
Tamil Nadu	4,01,435	8,57,530	16,22,905	49,62,036
Telangana	-	-	-	3,21,826
Tripura	7,800	51,139	30,196	46,530
Uttar Pradesh	68,120	2,89,065	3,18,901	5,02,928
Uttarakhand	20,594	1,30,229	1,21,795	1,83,326
West Bengal	17,636	-	-	-

Note:

1. UT of Ladakh and UT of Jammu and Kashmir were formed from erstwhile State of Jammu and Kashmir in the middle of financial year 2019-20. Therefore, bifurcated data for the UTs is provided from FY 2020-21 onwards.

2. AB-PMJAY was initially implemented in West Bengal from 23rd September 2018. However, on 10th January 2019, the State Government decided to withdraw from the scheme.
