

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE**

**RAJYA SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1714
TO BE ANSWERED ON 03RD AUGUST,2021**

FUND ALLOCATION TO JANANI SURAKSHA YOJANA

1714: SHRI MALLIKARJUN KHARGE:

Will the Minister of **HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- (a) The details of budgetary allocation and expenditure on the Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) from 2009-10 to 2019-20, year-wise;
- (b) Whether the Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) achieved the objective of increasing institutional deliveries;
- (c) if so, the details thereof, year-wise, State-wise and
- (d) if not, the reasons therefor?

ANSWER

**THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND
FAMILY WELFARE
(DR.BHARATI PRAVIN PAWAR)**

- (a) Allocation of funds for Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) is done under National Health Mission (NHM) as a part of RCH Flexible Pool. Approvals given for JSY from FY 2009-10 to 2019-20 are as under:

Year	State Program Implementation Plan (SPIP) Approvals (Rs. in Crore)
2009-10	1515.40
2010-11	1680.51
2011-12	1741.06
2012-13	1809.67

2013-14	2018.97
2014-15	2039.81
2015-16	1982.95
2016-17	1957.04
2017-18	1994.36
2018-19	1976.23
2019-20	2032.25

The expenditure reported by the States/UTs under JSY from FY 2009-10 to 2019-20 are as under:

Year	Expenditure (Rs. in Crore)
2009-10	1473.76
2010-11	1619.33
2011-12	1606.19
2012-13	1672.42
2013-14	1764.33
2014-15	1777.04
2015-16	1708.72
2016-17	1788.10
2017-18	1835.06
2018-19	1786.69
2019-20	1773.89

(b)to(d) JSY has made significant impact in last one decade by increasing institutional delivery from 38.7% in NHFS-3 to 78.9% in NFHS-4. In comparison to NFHS-4 data, first phase of NFHS-5 (2019-20) data released for 22 States/UTs shows that there has been a rise in institutional births in all 22 States/UTs and percentage of institutional births is more than 90% in 14 States/UTs. State-wise details are given at **ANNEXURE**.

Annexure

INSTITUTIONAL DELIVERY

No	State/UTs	Institutional births (%)		
		NFHS-3	NFHS-4	NFHS-5 *
	India	38.7	78.9	NA
1	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	NA	96.4	99.0
2	Andhra Pradesh	NA	91.5	96.5
3	Arunachal Pradesh	28.5	52.2	NA
4	Assam	22.4	70.6	84.1
5	Bihar	19.9	63.8	76.2
6	Chandigarh	NA	91.6	NA
7	Chhattisgarh	14.3	70.2	NA
8	<i>Dadra and Nagar Haveli</i>	NA	88.0	NA
	<i>Daman and Diu</i>	NA	90.1	NA
	Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu	NA	88.5	96.5
9	Delhi	59.0	84.4	NA
10	Goa	92.3	96.9	99.7
11	Gujarat	52.7	88.5	94.3
12	Haryana	35.7	80.5	NA
13	Himachal Pradesh	43.1	76.4	88.2
14	Jammu & Kashmir	50.2	85.6	92.4
15	Jharkhand	18.3	61.9	NA
16	Karnataka	64.7	94.0	97.0
17	Kerala	99.3	99.8	99.8
18	Lakshadweep	NA	99.3	99.6
19	Ladakh	NA	90.8	95.1
20	Madhya Pradesh	26.2	80.8	NA
21	Maharashtra	64.6	90.3	94.7
22	Manipur	45.9	69.1	79.9
23	Meghalaya	29.0	51.4	58.1
24	Mizoram	59.8	79.7	85.8
25	Nagaland	11.6	32.8	45.7
26	Odisha	35.6	85.3	NA
27	Puducherry	NA	99.9	NA
28	Punjab	51.3	90.5	NA
29	Rajasthan	29.6	84.0	NA
30	Sikkim	47.2	94.7	94.7
31	Tamil Nadu	87.8	99.0	NA
32	Telangana	NA	91.5	97.0
33	Tripura	46.9	79.9	89.2
34	Uttar Pradesh	20.6	67.8	NA
35	Uttarakhand	32.6	68.6	NA
36	West Bengal	42.0	75.2	91.7

* First phase of NFHS-5 (2019-20) data released for 22 States/UTs only.