O.I.H.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT
DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT

RAJYA SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2859
ANSWERED ON 19.03.2021

RURAL DEVELOPMENT IN RAJASTHAN

2859 SHRI NEERAJ DANGI:

Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the details of the schemes/projects being run for economic-rural development and infrastructure in Rajasthan by Government;
(b) the total amount spent so far on these schemes;
(c) the details of satisfactory results achieved from the rural development programme; and
(d) whether Government is considering to have a special programme for rural development, keeping in view the needs of the local people of Rajasthan, if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER
MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT
(SADHVI NIRANJAN JYOTI)

(a) to (c): The Ministry of Rural Development is implementing various schemes/programmes to bring about overall improvement in the quality of life of the people in rural areas of the country including the State of Rajasthan through employment generation, strengthening of livelihood opportunities, promoting self-employment, skilling of rural youths, provision of social assistance and other basic amenities. The details of the schemes/programmes implemented by the Ministry of Rural Development along with the physical and financial progress in the State of Rajasthan are given below:-

(i) Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme: The principal objective of the scheme is to provide for the enhancement of livelihood security of the households by providing at least one hundred days of guaranteed wage employment in every financial year to every rural household whose adult members volunteer to do unskilled manual work. It stresses on creation of durable and sustainable assets to make the beneficiaries self-dependant.

In the State of Rajasthan, as on 16.03.2021 more than 43 crore person-days have been generated and an amount of Rs. 7916 crore has been released in the current FY 2020-21 under Mahatma Gandhi NREGS. Around 1200575 numbers of permitted works have been taken up under the scheme in the State as on 16.03.2021 in the FY 2020-21.

(ii) Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana – National Rural Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NRLM): The Ministry is implementing DAY-NRLM across the country since 2011 in a mission mode with the objective of organizing the rural poor women into Self Help Groups (SHGs) and continuously nurturing and supporting them to take economic activities till they attain appreciable increase in income over a period of time to improve their quality of life and come out of abject poverty. Besides, Start-up Village Entrepreneurship Programme (SVEP), a sub-scheme under DAY-NRLM, has the objective of helping Self Help Group (SHG) and their family members to set-up small enterprises at the village level in the non-farm sector.

During the current FY 2020-21(as on 28.02.2020), a total of Rs.132.19 crore has been release under NRLM in the State of Rajasthan. As on 31st January 2021, DAY-NRLM is being implemented in 295 blocks of 33 districts of Rajasthan. A total of 21.70 lakh rural households have been mobilised into 1.87 lakh Self Help Groups (SHGs) and further federated into 14400 Village Organisations (VOs) and 469 Cluster Level Federations (CLFs). A total of Rs. 931 crore of capitalisation support (Revolving Funds and Community Investment Funds) has been provided to SHGs and their federations towards extending the credit to SHG Members so far. As on 31st January, 2021, under SVEP, Enterprise formation has started in 5 blocks and 5448 enterprises have been formed so far.

(iii) Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen KaushalyaYojana (DDU-GKY) and Rural Self Employment and Training Institutes (RSETIs): Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY) is the placement linked skill development programme for rural poor youth under NRLM being in operation since September, 2014**.** Skill development through Rural Self Employment and Training Institutes (RSETIs) is also being undertaken to enable a trainee to take bank credit and start his/her own Micro-enterprise. Some of such trainees may also seek regular salaried jobs. Both the above mentioned schemes are aimed at increasing employability of rural poor youth either for wage or self employment leading to economic and social development of youth of rural area of the country by removing the hurdles of the rural livelihooods and by strengthening rural economy and rural income.

During the current FY 2020-21(as on 28.02.2021), a total expenditure (including State share) of Rs. 48.39 crore has been incurred and 359 candidates have been trained and 1374 candidates have been placed under DDU-GKY in the State of Rajasthan. Under RSETI, during the current FY 2020-21 (as on 28.02.2021), a total fund of Rs. 4.37 crore has been release and a total of 16547 candidates have been trained and 8387 candidates have been settled under RSETI in the State of Rajasthan.

(iv) Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana-Gramin (PMAY-G): PMAY-G aims to provide a pucca house with basic amenities to all houseless households and households living in kutcha and dilapidated house by 2022. To achieve the objective of "Housing for All", the target number of houses to be constructed by the year 2021-22, is 2.95 Crore. In the State of Rajasthan, during the current FY 2020-21, as on 16.03.2021, a total of Rs.1108.58 crore has been spent (as per Expenditure Control Register in Rajasthan), and 433306 houses are targeted for construction and 57740 houses have been completed under the scheme.

(v) Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY): PMGSY was started in the year 2000 with the objective to provide all-weather road connectivity to eligible unconnected habitations. The mandate of the scheme was subsequently widened and new interventions viz. PMGSY-II and PMGSY-III were added for upgradation of the existing rural road

network which connect habitations to the various facilities and services. The implementation of the ongoing PMGSY has helped immensely in lifting the socio–economic conditions of rural masses by providing them access to the various services and facilities, market place and employment opportunities in various forms.

A total of 75,332 km of road length has been sanctioned to the State of Rajasthan under various interventions/verticals of the scheme, of which 68,197 km of road length has been completed and an expenditure of Rs.13,306 crore has been incurred.

(vi) Shyama Prasad Mukherjee Rurban Mission (SPMRM): The Shyama Prasad Mukherji Rurban Mission (SPMRM) launched in February 2016, is a scheme with the objective to stimulate local economic development, enhance basic services, and create well planned Rurban clusters. The mission takes cluster as a unit for development. 300 Clusters from all the States/ UTs are selected in the first phase of the Mission in Tribal and Non-Tribal categories. SPMRM provides the Critical Gap Funding to the projects which directly or indirectly bring economic growth. SPMRM aims to provide amenities in four categories viz Basic, Economic, Social and Digital and promotes economic growth through integrated and balanced investments with social inclusion. The programme is under implementation stage.

For the State of Rajasthan, out of 16 clusters, approval of the Ministry for Integrated Cluster Action Plan (ICAP) has been given for 15 clusters, planning notification has been done for 15 clusters and Detailed Project Report (DPR) approval by State Level Empowered Committee (SLEC) has been done for 15 clusters. Out of the proposed 6542 number of works, 1027 works have been completed and 198 works are ongoing. A total of Rs.1373.37 crore investment has been approved for Rajasthan and an expenditure of Rs.705.63 crore has been made including convergence and Critical Gap Fund (CGF).

(vii) Saansad Adarsh Gram Yojana (SAGY): Saansad Adarsh Gram Yojana (SAGY) was launched on 11 October 2014. Under the SAGY framework, the development of Gram Panchayats is envisaged through effective convergence and implementation of existing development Schemes of Government under the administrative control of respective Ministries without allocation of any additional fund.

(d) There is no proposal under consideration to launch special programme under the Schemes of MoRD in the State of Rajasthan. However, this Ministry had implemented National Rural Livelihoods Project (NRLP) from July 2011 to June 2018, which facilitated in establishing DAY-NRLM's "proof-of-concept" in 13 high poverty states including Rajasthan (Assam, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Odisha, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh, Rajasthan**,** Tamil Nadu and West Bengal) by helping in development of implementation architecture, initiating social mobilization and capacity building, providing capitalization support and establishing credit linkage with Banks. Considering the emerging priorities of the Mission, the Ministry of Rural Development initiated the implementation of the next phase of the project, viz. National Rural Economic Transformation Project (NRETP) in the same 13 States with focus on strengthening federations of women Self Help Groups, forming livelihoods collectives under farm and non-farm sectors and focus on digital finance and risk coverage. The fund released under NRETP to Rajasthan for the year 2020-21 (upto February 2021) is Rs.3.93crore.

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