

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT
DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT

RAJYA SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1548
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01.01.2018

BPL FAMILIES

1548. SHRI AMAR SINGH:

Will the Minister of **RURAL DEVELOPMENT** be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of families Below Poverty Line (BPL) in each State;
- (b) whether it is a fact that the number of such families has increased during the last two years and if so, the reasons therefor; and
- (c) whether Government has chalked out any programme to reduce the number of such families and if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER
MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT
(SHRI RAM KRIPAL YADAV)

(a): The poverty lines for 2011-12 were computed by the erstwhile Planning Commission following the Tendulkar methodology. The State wise number of people living below Poverty line in rural and urban areas as per the Tendulkar methodology is given at **Annexure**.

(b) & (c): A combined Socio Economic and Caste Census (SECC), 2011 was conducted by the State Government and Union Territory Administration with the financial and technical support of the Ministry of Rural Development to generate information on a large number of socio-economic indicators for ranking of households across the country both in rural and urban areas. The SECC data are being used in the implementation of rural development programmes viz., Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme, Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana- National Rural Livelihoods Mission, Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana- Gramin and Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana, which are implemented with an objective of bringing about overall improvement in the quality of life in rural areas through employment generation, development of rural infrastructure and provision of other basic amenities. These programmes have direct and indirect bearing on reduction in poverty. Various independent studies conducted to assess the impact of these programmes suggest their positive impact on poverty reduction.

**Annexure referred to in reply to part (a) of Rajya Sabha Unstarred Question No. 1548
due for answer on 01.01.2018**

**Number and Percentage of Population Below Poverty Line By States - 2011-12
(Tendulkar Methodology)**

S. No.	States	Rural		Urban		Total	
		%age of Persons	No. of Persons (lakhs)	%age of Persons	No. of Persons (lakhs)	%age of Persons	No. of Persons (lakhs)
1	Andhra Pradesh	11	61.8	5.8	17	9.2	78.8
2	Arunachal Pradesh	38.9	4.2	20.3	0.7	34.7	4.9
3	Assam	33.9	92.1	20.5	9.2	32	101.3
4	Bihar	34.1	320.4	31.2	37.8	33.7	358.2
5	Chhattisgarh	44.6	88.9	24.8	15.2	39.9	104.1
6	Delhi	12.9	0.5	9.8	16.5	9.9	17
7	Goa	6.8	0.4	4.1	0.4	5.1	0.8
8	Gujarat	21.5	75.4	10.1	26.9	16.6	102.2
9	Haryana	11.6	19.4	10.3	9.4	11.2	28.8
10	Himachal Pradesh	8.5	5.3	4.3	0.3	8.1	5.6
11	Jammu & Kashmir	11.5	10.7	7.2	2.5	10.3	13.3
12	Jharkhand	40.8	104.1	24.8	20.2	37	124.3
13	Karnataka	24.5	92.8	15.3	37	20.9	129.8
14	Kerala	9.1	15.5	5	8.5	7.1	23.9
15	Madhya Pradesh	35.7	191	21	43.1	31.6	234.1
16	Maharashtra	24.2	150.6	9.1	47.4	17.4	197.9
17	Manipur	38.8	7.4	32.6	2.8	36.9	10.2
18	Meghalaya	12.5	3	9.3	0.6	11.9	3.6
19	Mizoram	35.4	1.9	6.4	0.4	20.4	2.3
20	Nagaland	19.9	2.8	16.5	1	18.9	3.8
21	Orissa	35.7	126.1	17.3	12.4	32.6	138.5
22	Punjab	7.7	13.4	9.2	9.8	8.3	23.2
23	Rajasthan	16.1	84.2	10.7	18.7	14.7	102.9
24	Sikkim	9.9	0.4	3.7	0.1	8.2	0.5
25	Tamil Nadu	15.8	59.2	6.5	23.4	11.3	82.6
26	Tripura	16.5	4.5	7.4	0.8	14	5.2
27	Uttar Pradesh	30.4	479.4	26.1	118.8	29.4	598.2
28	Uttarakhand	11.6	8.2	10.5	3.4	11.3	11.6
29	West Bengal	22.5	141.1	14.7	43.8	20	185
30	Puducherry	17.1	0.7	6.3	0.6	9.7	1.2
31	A & N Islands	1.6	0.04	0	0	1	0.04
32	Chandigarh	1.6	0.004	22.3	2.3	21.8	2.3
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	62.6	1.2	15.4	0.3	39.3	1.4
34	Daman & Diu	0	0	12.6	0.3	9.9	0.3
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	3.4	0.02	2.8	0.02
	All India	25.7	2166.6	13.7	531.2	21.9	2697.8