

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA**  
**MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT**  
**RAJYA SABHA**  
**QUESTION NO 12.11.2010**  
**ANSWERED ON**  
**IMPLEMENTATION OF RESERVATION FOR OBC STUDENTS IN JNU .**

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SHRIMATI BRINDA KARAT

Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :-

- (a) the status of implementation of 27 per cent reservation for OBC students and 54 per cent seat-increase in Jawaharlal Nehru University (JNU) for the Academic Sessions 2008-09 and 2009-10;
- (b) how has this affected the number of OBC students getting admissions into universities after the legislation for OBC reservation was brought by Government;
- (c) whether there has been decline in the proportion of OBC students getting admissions in JNU compared to earlier times; and
- (d) if so, the reasons therefor and the steps taken by Government to redress the situation?

**ANSWER**

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

(SMT. D. PURANDESWARI)

(a) According to the information furnished by Jawaharlal Nehru University, the year-wise implementation of reservation for OBC students and the resultant increase in the total number of seats for admission is as follows:-

Year reservation seats	% of OBC increase in	% of resultant no. of
2008-09	12%	18%
2009-10	18%	30%
2010-11	27%	54%

(b) to (d) Before implementation of the OBC reservation, JNU was following an affirmative admission policy by providing deprivation points to the OBC candidates and the University was able to admit more than 23% OBC candidates every year, including those who were admitted on merit without award of deprivation points. Subsequent to implementation of 27% OBC reservation in admission, in the year 2010-11 the University has been able to admit 25% OBC students, including those admitted on merit. As such, there is no decline in the proportion of OBC students as compared to earlier times. The year-wise details are as under:-

Year reservation implemented	OBC admitted under Quota	OBC students students admitted	Total OBC
2008 - 09	12%	09.93%	20.26%
2009 - 10	18%	13.54%	23.51%
2010 - 11	27%	17.16%	25.00%